

THE  
TEMPLE.  
SACRED POEMS,  
And Private  
EJACULATIONS.

BY  
Mr. *George Herbert*  
Late ORATOR of the  
University of  
CAMBRIDGE.

*The Ninth Edition, with an Alphabetical  
Table for ready finding out chief places.*

PSAL. 29.  
*In his Temple doth every man speak of his honour.*

LONDON,  
Printed by J.M. for Philemon Stephens,  
at the Kings-Arms in Chancery-Lane,  
and J. Stephens at the Black-Prince  
in Duck-Lane. 1667.

11626.aa.13  
1.2

THE  
TEMPLE  
OF  
SACRED FORMS  
AND  
EXPLANATIONS

BY  
MR. GEORGE HAYDON  
LIEUTENANT OF THE ROYAL ARTILLERY  
CAMBRIDGE



THE NEW EDITION  
WITH ADDITIONAL PLATES

IN TWO VOLUMES  
TO BE HAD OF THE PUBLISHERS

JOHN BOWNE  
PRINTED BY J. BOWNE, ST. MARTIN'S LANE  
AND SOLD BY ALL BOOKSELLERS  
IN GREAT BRITAIN





## *The Printer to the Reader.*

**T**He Dedication of this *Work* having been made by the Author to the Divine Majesty only, how should we now presume to interest any mortal man in the patronage of it? Much less think we it meet to seek the recommendation of the *Muses*, for that which himself was confident to have been inspired by a diviner breath than flows from *Helicon*. The world therefore shall receive it in that naked simplicity, with which he left it, without any addition either of support or ornament, more than is included in it self. We leave it free and unforestalled to every mans judgment, and to the benefit that he shall finde by perusal. Onely for the clearing of some passages, we have thought it not unfit to make the common Reader privy to some few particularities of the condition and disposition of the Person.

Being nobly born, and as eminently endued with gifts of the minde, and having by industry and happy education perfected them to that great height of excellency, whereof his

[\* 2]

Fellow-

*Fellowship of Trinity Colledge in Cambrige, and his Oratorship in the University, together with that knowledge which the Kings Court had taken of him, could make relation far above ordinary. Quitting both his deserts and all the opportunities that he had for worldly preferment, he betook himself to the Sanctuary and Temple of God, chusing rather to serve at Gods Altar, than to seek the honour of State-employments. As for those inward enforcements to this course (for outward there was none) which many of these ensuing Verses bear witness of, they detract not from the freedome, but add to the honour of this resolution in him. As God had enabled him, so he accounted him meet not onely to be called, but to be compelled to this service: Wherein his faithful discharge was such, as may make him justly a companion to the primitive Saints, and a Pattern or more for the Age he lived in.*

*To testifie his independency upon all others, and to quicken his diligence in this kind, he used in his ordinary speech, when he made mention of the blessed Name of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, to add, My Master.*

*Next God, he loved that which God himself bath magnified above all things, that is, his*

his Word: so as he hath been heard to make solemn protestation, that he would not part with one leaf thereof for the whole world, if it were offered him in exchange.

His obedience and conformity to the Church and the Discipline thereof, was singularly remarkable: Though he abounded in private Devotions, yet went he every Morning and Evening with his Family to the Church; and by his example, exhortations, and encouragements drew the greater part of his Parishioners to accompany him daily in the publick celebration of Divine Service.

As for worldly matters, his love and esteem to them was so little, as no man can more ambitionly seek, than he did earnestly endeavour the resignation of an Ecclesiastical Dignity, which he was possessor of. But God permitted not the accomplishment of this desire, having ordained him his instrument for re-edifying of the Church belonging therunto, that had lain ruinated almost twenty years. The reparation whereof, having been uneffectually attempted by publick Collections, was in the end by his own and some few others private free-will-offerings successfully effected. With the remembrance whereof, as of an especial good work, when a Friend went about to comfort him on his death-bed, he

[\* 3]

made

*made answer, It is a good work, if it be sprinkled with the blood of CHRIST: Otherwise then in this respect he could finde nothing to glory or comfort himself with, neither in this nor in any other thing.*

*And these are but a few of many that might be said, which we have chosen to premise as a glance to some parts of the ensuing Book, and for an example to the Reader.*

*We conclude all with his own Motto, with which he used to conclude all things that might seem to tend any way to his own honour;*

Less than the least of Gods mercies.

---

¶ The

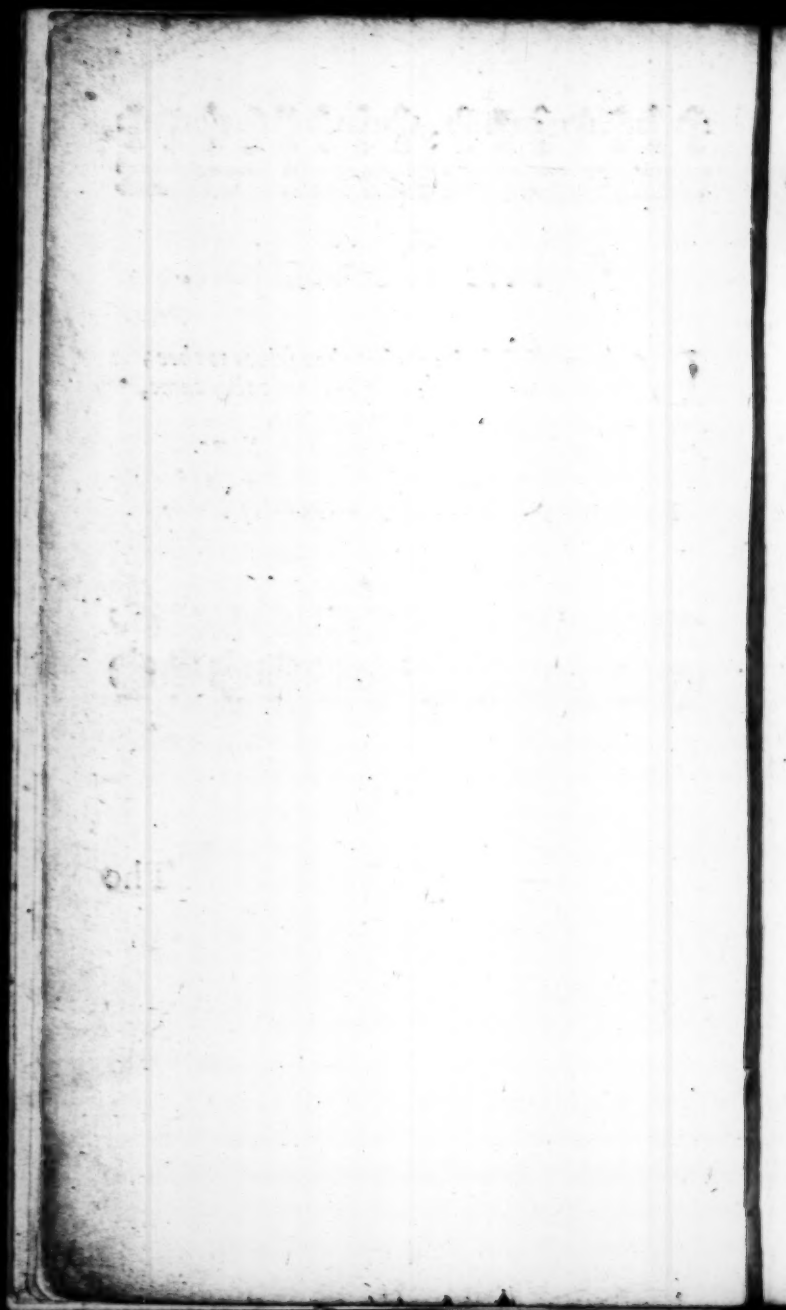
---



## ¶ The Dedication.

**L**ord, my first fruits present themselves to thee;  
Yet not mine neither: for from thee they came,  
And must return. Accept of them and me,  
And make us strive, who shall sing best thy Name.  
Turn their eyes hither, who shall make a gain:  
Theirs, who shall hurt themselves or me, refrains.







# The Titles of the several Poems contained in this Book.

A		C	
<p><b>A</b> Aron. 168  <i>Affliction.</i> 38, 53, 64,  82, 89  <i>The Agony.</i> 29  <i>The Altar.</i> 18  <i>Anagram of the Virgin Ma-  ry.</i> 69  <i>To all Angels and Saints,</i>  <i>ibid.</i>  <i>The Answer.</i> 163  <i>A Dialogue-Anthem.</i> 164  <i>Antiphone.</i> 45, 85  <i>Artillery.</i> 132  <i>Assurance.</i> 149  <i>Avarice.</i> 69</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>B</b></p> <p><b>T</b> <i>He Bag.</i> 145  <i>The Banquet.</i> 175  <i>H. Baptisme.</i> 36  <i>Bitter-sweet.</i> 165  <i>The Brittish Church.</i> 102  <i>The bunch of Grapes.</i> 120  <i>Businefs.</i> 105</p>	<p><b>T</b> <i>He Call.</i> 150  <i>Charms and knots,</i> 88  <i>Christmas.</i> 72  <i>Church-floor.</i> 58  <i>Church Lock and Key.</i> 57  <i>Church Militant.</i> 184  <i>Church-Monuments.</i> 56  <i>Church-Musick.</i> 57  <i>Church Porch.</i> 1  <i>Church-Rents and Schisms</i>  134  <i>Church-windows.</i> 59  <i>Clasping of hands.</i> 151  <i>The Collar.</i> 147  <i>Coloss. 3. 3. Our Life, &amp;c.</i>  77  <i>H. Communion.</i> 43  <i>Complaining.</i> 137  <i>Self-condemnation.</i> 164  <i>Confession.</i> 118  <i>Conscience.</i> 98  <i>Constancy.</i> 63  <i>Content.</i> 60  <i>The Cross.</i> 158  [* 5]  <i>The</i></p>	<p style="text-align: right;">The</p>

## D

**T** He Dawning. 104  
Death. 180

Decay. 91  
Denial. 71  
Dialogue. 107  
The Discharge. 138  
Discipline. 173  
Divinity. 127  
Dooms-day. 181  
Dotage. 161  
Dulness. 108

## E

**E** After. 33  
Easter-wings. 34, 35  
The Elixir. 178  
Employment. 49, 70  
L' Envoy. 192  
Ephes. 4. 30. Grieve not. 128  
Eve. 55  
Even-song. 55

## F

**F** Air. 41  
The Family. 130  
The Flower. 160  
The Foil. 170  
The Fore-runners. ibid.  
Frailty. 62

## G

**G** Iddiness. 119  
The Glance. 166  
The Glimpse. 148  
Good-Friday. 30  
Grace. 52  
Gratefulness. 116  
Grief. 158

## H

**H** Heaven. 182  
The Hold-fast 137

Home. 99  
Hope. 114  
Humility. 61  
A true Hymn. 162

## I

**J** ESU. 145  
The Jews. 146  
The Invitation. 174  
Jordan. 48, 95  
Joseph's coat. 153  
Judgement. 182  
Justice. 88, 135

## L

**L** Ent. 78  
Life. 87  
Longing. 142  
Love. 45, 46, 183  
Love-joy. 179  
Love unknown. 121

## M

**M** An. 83  
Mans medley. 123  
S. Mary Magdalen. 168  
Matiens. 54  
The method. 126  
Misery. 92  
Mortification. 90

## N

Nature. 37

## O

**O** Bedience. 96  
The Odour. 169  
An Offering. 141

Paradise



P

<b>P</b> <i>Paradise.</i>	125
<i>A Parody.</i>	177
<i>Peace.</i>	117
<i>The Pearl, Matth. 13.</i>	81.
<i>Perirrhanterium.</i>	1
<i>The Pilgrimage.</i>	135
<i>The Posie.</i>	177
<i>Praise.</i>	53, 140, 151
<i>Prayer.</i>	43 95
<i>The Priesthood.</i>	154
<i>Providence.</i>	109
<i>The 23. Psalm.</i>	167
<i>The Pulley.</i>	153

Q

<b>T</b> <i>He Quiddity.</i>	61
<i>The Quip.</i>	103

R

<b>R</b> <i>Edemption.</i>	31
<i>Repentance.</i>	40
<i>The Reprisal.</i>	28
<i>The Rose.</i>	172

S

<b>T</b> <i>He Sacrifice.</i>	19
<i>Saints, vide Angels.</i>	
<i>Schismes, vide</i>	
<i>Church-rents.</i>	
<i>H. Scripture.</i>	50
<i>The Search.</i>	156

S

<i>Sepulchre.</i>	32
<i>Sighs and groans.</i>	75
<i>Sin,</i>	37, 55
<i>Sins round.</i>	114
<i>The Sinner,</i>	30
<i>Sion.</i>	99
<i>The Size.</i>	131
<i>The Son.</i>	162
<i>The Star.</i>	65
<i>The Storm.</i>	125
<i>Submission.</i>	87
<i>Sunday.</i>	66
<i>Superliminare.</i>	17

T

<b>T</b> <i>He Temper</i>	46, 47
<i>The Thanksgiving.</i>	27
<i>Time.</i>	115
<i>Trinity-Sunday.</i>	59

V

<b>V</b> <i>Anity.</i>	77, 104
<i>Virtue.</i>	18
<i>Ungratefulness.</i>	74
<i>Unkindness.</i>	86

W

<b>T</b> <i>He Watercouse.</i>	164
<i>Whitsunday.</i>	51
<i>The World.</i>	76
<i>A Wreath.</i>	179

The

20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32  
33  
34  
35  
36  
37  
38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47  
48  
49  
50  
51  
52  
53  
54  
55  
56  
57  
58  
59  
60  
61  
62  
63  
64  
65  
66  
67  
68  
69  
70  
71  
72  
73  
74  
75  
76  
77  
78  
79  
80  
81  
82  
83  
84  
85  
86  
87  
88  
89  
90  
91  
92  
93  
94  
95  
96  
97  
98  
99  
100

101  
102  
103  
104  
105  
106  
107  
108  
109  
110  
111  
112  
113  
114  
115  
116  
117  
118  
119  
120  
121  
122  
123  
124  
125  
126  
127  
128  
129  
130  
131  
132  
133  
134  
135  
136  
137  
138  
139  
140  
141  
142  
143  
144  
145  
146  
147  
148  
149  
150  
151  
152  
153  
154  
155  
156  
157  
158  
159  
160  
161  
162  
163  
164  
165  
166  
167  
168  
169  
170  
171  
172  
173  
174  
175  
176  
177  
178  
179  
180  
181  
182  
183  
184  
185  
186  
187  
188  
189  
190  
191  
192  
193  
194  
195  
196  
197  
198  
199  
200

201

5  
1  
15  
20

THE  
CHURCH-PORCH.

*Perirrhanterium.*



Hou, whose sweet youth and early  
hopes inhance  
Thy rate and price, and mark thee for  
a treasure ; ( chance  
Hearken unto a Verser, who may  
Rhyme thee to good, and make a bait  
( of pleasure.

5 A Verse may find him, who a Sermon flies,  
And turn delight into a Sacrifice.

Beware of lust, it doth pollute and foul  
Whom God in Baptism washt with his own blood.  
It blots the lesson written in thy soul ;

10 The holy lines cannot be understood.  
How dare those eyes upon a Bible look, (book ?  
Much less towards God, whose lust is all their

Wholly abstain, or wed. Thy bounteous Lord  
Allows thee choice of paths : take no by-ways ;  
15 But gladly welcom what he doth afford ;  
Not grudging that thy lust hath bounds and stays.  
Continence hath his joy : weigh both, and so  
If rottenness have more, let heaven go.

If God had laid all common, certainly  
20 Man would have been th' incloser : but since now  
God hath impal'd us, on the contrary  
Man breaks the fence, and every grief will plow.  
O what were man, might he himself misplace !  
Sure to be crois, he would shift feet and face.

Drink not the third glass, which thou canst not tame,  
When once it is within thee; but before  
Mayst rule it, as thou list: and pour the shame,  
Which it would poure on thee, upon the floor.

It is most just to throw that on the ground,  
Which would throw me there, if I keep the round.

He that is drunken, may his mother kill  
Big with his sister: he hath lost the reins,  
Is outlaw'd by himself: all kind of ill  
Did with his liquor slide into his veins.

The drunkard forfeits Man, and doth deuest  
All worldly right, save what he hath by beast.

Shall I, to please anothers wine-sprung mind,  
Lose all mine own? God hath giv'n me a measure  
Short of his canne and body: must I find  
A pain in that, wherein he finds a pleasure?

Stay at the third glass: if thou lose thy hold,  
Then thou art modest, and the wine grows bold.

If reason move not Gallants, quit the room,  
(All in a supwrack shift their several way)  
Let not a common ruine thee intomb:

Be not a beast in courtesie; but stay,

Stay at the third cup, or forgo the place.

Wine above all things doth Gods stamp deface.

Yet, if thou sin in wine or wantonness,  
Boast not thereof, nor make thy shame thy glory.  
Frailty gets pardon by submissiveness;  
But he that boasts, shuts that out of his story:

He makes flat war with God, and doth defie  
With his poor clod of earth the spacious sky.

Take not his name, who made thy mouth, in vain :  
It gets thee nothing, and hath no excuse.

Lust and wine plead a pleasure, avarice gain :  
But the cheap swearer through his open sluice  
5 Lets his soul run for nought, as little fearing :  
Were I an Epicure, I could bate swearing.

When thou dost tell anothers jest, therein  
Omit the oaths, which true wit cannot need :  
Pick out of tales the mirth, but not the sin.  
10 He pares his apple, that will cleanly feed.  
Play not away the vertue of that name,  
Which is the best stake, when griefs make thee tame.

The cheapest sins most dearly punisht are ;  
Because to shun them also is so cheap :  
15 For we have wit to mark them, and to spare.  
O crumble not away the souls fair heap.  
If thou wilt die, the gates of hell are broad :  
Pride and full sins have made the way a road.

Lie not ; but let thy heart be true to God,  
20 Thy mouth to it, thy actions to them both :  
Cowards tell lies, and those that fear the rod ;  
The stormy working soul spits lies and froth.  
Dare to be true. Nothing can need a lie :  
A fault, which needs it most, grows two thereby.

25 Fly idleness, which yet thou canst not fly  
By dressing, mistreッシング, and complement.  
If those take up thy day, the Sun will cry  
Against thee : for his light was only lent. (chers  
God gave thy soul brave wings ; put not those fea-  
30 Into a bed, to sleep out all ill weathers.

Art thou a Magistrate? then be severe:  
 If studious, copy fair what time hath blurr'd;  
 Redeem truth from his jaws: if souldier,  
 Chase brave employments with a naked sword  
 Throughout the world. Fool not; for all may have,<sup>s</sup>  
 If they dare try, a glorious life, or grave.

O England full of sin, but most of sloth!  
 Spit out thy flegme, and fill thy breast with glory:  
 Thy Gentry bleats, as if thy native cloth  
 Transfus'd a sheepishnesse into thy story:  
 Not that they all are so; but that the most  
 Are gone to grasse, and in the pasture lost.

This losse springs chiefly from our education.  
 Some till their ground, but let weeds choke their son:  
 Some mark a partridge, never their child's fashion:<sup>15</sup>  
 Some ship them over, and the thing is done.  
 Study this art, make it thy great design;  
 And if Gods image move thee not, let thine.

Some great estates provide, but do not breed  
 A mast'ring mind; so both are lost thereby:<sup>20</sup>  
 Or else they breed them tender, make them need  
 All that they leave: this is flat poverty.  
 For he that needs five thousand pound to live,  
 Is full as poor as he that needs but five.

The way to make thy son rich, is to fill  
 His mind with rest, before his trunk with riches:<sup>25</sup>  
 For wealth without contentment, climbs a hill  
 To feel those tempests which fly over ditches.  
 But if thy son can make ten pound his measure,  
 Then all thou addest may be call'd his treasure.<sup>30</sup>  
 When

*The Church-Porch.*

5

When thou dost purpose ought (within thy power)

Be sure to do it, though it be but small,

Constancy knits the bones, and makes us stowre,

When wanton pleasures becken us to thrall.

Who breaks his own bond, forfeiteth himself:

What nature made a ship, he makes a shelf.

Do all things like a man, not sneakingly :

Think the king sees thee still ; for his King does.

Simpring is but a lay-hypocrisie :

Give it a corner, and the chue undoes.

Who fears to do ill, sets himself to task :

Who fears to do well, sure should wear a mask.

Look to thy mouth : diseases enter there.

Thou hast two sconses, if thy stomach call ;

Carve, or discourse ; do not a famine fear.

Who carves, is kind to two ; who talks, to all.

Look on meat, think it dirt, then eat a bit ;

And say withall, *Earth to earth I commit.*

Slight those who say amidst their sickly healths,

Thou liv'st by rule. What doth not sobut man?

Houses are built by rule, and common-wealths.

Entice the trusty sun, if that you can,

From his Ecliptick line ; becken the sky.

Who lives by rule then, keeps good company.

Who keeps no guard upon himself, is slack,

And rots to nothing at the next great thaw.

Man is a shop of rules, a well-truss'd pack,

Whose every pareel under-writes a law.

Lose not thy self, nor give thy humours way :

God gave them to thee under lock and key.

By all means use sometimes to be alone.  
 Salute thy self: see what thy soul doth wear.  
 Dare to look in thy chest; for 'tis thine own:  
 And tumble up and down what thou find'st there.  
 Who cannot rest till he good fellows find,  
 He breaks up house, turns out of doors his mind.

Be thrifty, but not covetous: therefore give  
 Thy need, thine honour, and thy friend his due.  
 Never was scraper brave man. Get to live;  
 Then live, and use it: else, it is not true  
 That thou hast gotten. Surely use alone  
 Makes money not a contemptible stone.

Never exceed thy income. Youth may make  
 Ev'n with the year: but age, if it will hit,  
 Shoots a bow short, and lessens still his stake,  
 As the day lessens, and his life with it.  
 Thy children, kindred, friends upon thee call;  
 Before thy journey fairly part with all.

Yet in thy thriving, still misdoubt some evil;  
 Lest gaining gain on thee, and make thee dim  
 To all things else. Wealth is the conjurers devil;  
 Whom when he thinks he hath, the devil hath him.  
 Gold thou maist safely touch; but if it stick  
 Unto thy hands, it woundeth to the quick.

What skills it, if a bag of stones or gold  
 About thy neck do drown thee? raise thy head;  
 Take stars for money; stars not to be told  
 By any art, yet to be purchased.

None is so wastful as the scraping dame;  
 She loseth three for one; her soul, rest, fame.



By no means run in debt : take thine own measure.  
Who cannot live on twenty pound a year,  
Cannot on forty : he's a man of pleasure,  
A kind of thing that's for it self too dear.

5 The curious unthrif makes his clothes too wide,  
And spares himself, but would his taylor chide.

Spend not on hopes. They that by pleading clothes  
Do fortunes seek, when worth and service fail,  
Would have their tale believed for their oaths,  
10 And are like empty vessels under sail.

Old courtiers know this : therefore set out so,  
As all the day thou maist hold out to go.

In cloths, cheap handfomness doth bear the bell.  
Wisdom's a trimmer thing than shop e're gave.

15 Say not then, This with that lace will do well ;  
But, This with my discretion will be brave.

Much curiosity is a perpetual wooing  
Nothing with labour, folly long a doing.

Play not for gain, but sport: Who plays for more  
20 Than he can lose with pleasure, stakes his heart :  
Perhaps his wives too, and whom she hath bore :  
Servants and churches also play their part.

Only a herald, who that way doth pass,  
Finds his crackt name at length in the Church-glass.

25 If yet thou love game at so dear a rate,  
Learn this, that hath old gamesters dearly cost :  
Dost lose ? rise up : dost win ? rise in that state.  
Who strive to sit out losing hands, are lost.

Game is a civil gunpowder, in peace  
30 Blowing up houses with their whole encrease.

In Conveſſation boldneſſe now bears ſway.  
 But know that nothing can ſo fooliſh be,  
 As empty boldneſſe : therefore firſt aſſay  
 To ſtuff thy mind with ſolid bravery ;  
 Then march on gallant : get ſubſtantial worth, 5  
 Boldneſſe gilds finely, and will ſet it forth.

Be ſweet to all. Is thy complexion ſowr ?  
 Then keep ſuch company ; make them thy aſſay :  
 Get a ſharp wiſe, a ſervant that will lowr.  
 A ſtumbler ſtumbles leaſt in rugged way. 10  
 Command thy ſelf in chief. He liſes war knows,  
 Whom all his paſſions follow as he goes.

Catch nor at quarrels. He that dares not ſpeak  
 Plainly and home, is coward of the two.  
 Think not thy fame at ev'ry twitch will break : 15  
 By great deeds ſhew, that thou canſt little do ;  
 And do them not : that ſhall thy wiſdom be ;  
 And change thy temperance into bravery.

If that thy fame with ev'ry toy be poſ'd,  
 'Tis a thin web, which poiſonous fancies make ; 20  
 But the great ſouldiers honour was compos'd  
 Of thicker ſtuff, which would endure a ſhake.  
 Wiſdom picks friends ; civility plays the reſt.  
 A toy ſhunn'd cleanly paſſeth with the beſt.

Laugh not too much : the witty man laughs leaſt : 25  
 For wit is news only to ignorance.  
 Leſſe at thine own things laugh ; leſt in the jeſt  
 Thy perſon ſhare, and the conceit advance.  
 Make not thy ſport, abuſes : for the fly  
 That feeds on dung, is coloured thereby.

Pick

Pick out of mirth, like stones out of thy ground,  
Profanenesse, filthinesse, abusivenesse.  
These are the scum, with which coarse wits abound :  
The fine may spare these well, yet not go less.  
5 All things are big with jest : nothing that's plain  
But may be witty, if thou hast the vein.

Wit's an unruly engine, wildly striking  
Sometimes a friend, sometimes the engineer.  
Hast thou the knack? pamper it not with liking :  
10 But if thou want it, buy it not too dear.  
Many affecting wit beyond their power,  
Have got to be a dear fool for an hour.

A sad wise valour is the brave complexion,  
That leads the van, and swallows up the cities.  
15 The gigler is a milk-maid, whom infection  
Or a fir'd beacon frighteth from his ditties.  
Then he's the sport : the mirth then in him rests;  
And the sad man is cock of all his jests.

Towards great persons use respective boldness :  
20 That temper gives them theirs, and yet doth take  
Nothing from thine : in service, care or coldness  
Doth ratably thy fortunes mar or make.  
Feed no man in his sins : for adulation  
Doth make thee parcel-devil in damnation.

25 Envy not greatness : for thou mak'st thereby  
Thy self the worse, and so the distance greater.  
Be not thine own worm : yet such jealousy,  
As hurts not others, but may make thee better,  
Is a good spur. Correct thy passions spite ;  
30 Then may the beasts draw thee to happy light.

When baseness is exalted, do not bate  
 The place its honour, for the persons sake;  
 The shrine is that which thou dost venerate;  
 And not the beast, that bears it on his back.

I care not though the cloth of State should be  
 Not of rich arras, but mean tapestry.

Thy friend put in thy bosom : wear his eyes  
 Still in thy heart, that he may see what's there.  
 If cause require, thou art his sacrifice;  
 Thy drops of blood must pay down all his fear :  
 But love is lost, the way of friendship's gone,  
 Though David had his Jonathan, Christ his John.

Yet be not surety, if thou be a father.  
 Love is a personal debt. I cannot give  
 My childrens right, nor ought he take it : rather  
 Both friends should die, than hinder them to live.  
 Fathers first enter bonds to natures ends ;  
 And are her sureties, ere they are a friends.

If thou be single, all thy goods and ground  
 Submit to love ; but yet not more than all.  
 Give one estate, as one life. None is bound  
 To work for two, who brought himself to thrall.  
 God made me one man ; love makes me no more,  
 Till labour come, and make my weakness score.

In thy discourse, if thou desire to please,  
 All such is courteous, useful, new, or witty.  
 Usefulness comes by labour, wit by ease ;  
 Courtesy grows in court, news in the city.  
 Get a good stock of these, then draw the card :  
 That suits him best, of whom thy speech is heard.  
 Entice

Entice all neatly to what they know best ;  
For so thou dost thy self and him a pleasure :  
(But a proud ignorance will lose his rest,  
Rather than shew his cards) steal from his treasure  
5 What to ask further. Doubts well rais'd do lock  
The speaker to thee, and preserve thy stock.

If thou be Master-gunner, spend not all  
That thou canst speak, at once ; but husband it,  
And give men turns of speech : do not forestall  
10 By lavishness thine own and others wit,  
As if thou mad'st thy will. A civil guest  
Will no more talk all, than eat all the feast,

Be calm in arguing : for fierceness makes  
Error a fault, and truth discourtesie.  
15 Why should I feel another mans mistakes  
More than his sicknesses or poverty ?  
In love I should : but anger is not love,  
Nor wisdom neither : therefore gently move.

Calmness is great advantage : he that lets  
20 Another chafe, may warm him at his fire,  
Mark all his wandrings, and enjoy his frets ;  
As cunning fencers suffer heat to tire.  
Truth dwels not in the clouds : the bow that's there  
Doth often aim at, never hit the sphere.

Mark what another says : for many are  
Full of themselves, and answer their own notion.  
Take all into thee ; then with equal care  
Balance each dram of reason, like a potion.  
If truth be with thy friend, be with them both :  
30 Share in the conquest, and confess a troth,

Be useful where thou livest, that they may  
 Both want and wish thy pleasing presence still.  
 Kindness, good parts, great places are the way  
 To compass this. Find out mens wants and will,  
 And meet them there. All worldly joys go less  
 To that one joy of doing kindnesseles.

5

Pitch thy behaviour low, thy projects high ;  
 So shalt thou humble and magnanimous be :  
 Sink not in spirit. Who aimeth at the sky,  
 Shoots higher much than he that means a tree. 10  
 A grain of glory mixt with humbleness  
 Cures both a fever and lethargickness.

Let thy mind still be bent, still plotting where ;  
 And when, and how the business may be done.  
 Slackness breeds worms ; but the sure traveller, 15  
 Though he alights sometimes, still goeth on.  
 Active and stirring spirits live alone.  
 Write on the others, *Here lies such an one.*

Slight not the smallest losse, whether it be  
 In love or honour : take account of all ; 20  
 Shine like the sun in every corner : see  
 Whether thy stock of credit swell, or fall.  
 Who say, *I care not*, those I give for lost ;  
 And to instruct them, will not quit the cost.

Scorn no mans love, though of a mean degree ; 25  
 (Love is a present for a mighty king)  
 Much less make any one thine enemy.  
 As guns destroy, so may a little sling.  
 The cunning workman never doth refuse  
 The meanest tool, that he may chance to use. 30  
 All

All forreign wisdom doth amount to this,  
To take all that is given; whether wealth,  
Or love, or language, nothing comes amiss:  
A good digestion turneth all to health:  
5 And then, as far as fair behaviour may,  
Strike off all scores; none are so clear as they.

Keep all thy native good, and naturalize  
All forreign of that name; but scorn their ill:  
Embrace their activeness, not vanities.  
10 Who follows all things, forfeiteth his will.  
If thou observest strangers in each fit,  
In time they'll run thee out of all thy wit.

Affect in things about thee cleanliness,  
That all may gladly board thee, as a flower.  
15 Slovens take up their stock of noisomness  
Beforehand, and anticipate their last hour.  
Let thy minds sweetness have his operation  
Upon thy body, clothes, and habitation.

In Alms regard thy means, and others merit.  
20 Think heav'n a better bargain than to give  
Only thy single market-money for it,  
Joyn hands with God to make a man to live.  
Give to all something; to a good poor man;  
Till thou change names, and be where he began.

25 Man is Gods image; but a poor man is  
Christs stamp to boot: both images regard.  
God reckons for him, counts the favour his:  
Write, *So much giv'n to God*; thou shalt be heard.  
Let thy alms go before, and keep heav'ns gate  
30 Open for thee; or both may come too late.

Restore to God his due in tithe and time :  
 A tithe purloin'd cankers the whole estate.  
 Sundays observe : think, when the bells do chime,  
 'Tis Angels musick ; therefore come not late.  
 God then deals blessings : if a King did so, 5  
 Who would not haste, nay give, to see the show ?

Twice on the day his due is understood ;  
 For all the week thy food so oft he gave thee.  
 Thy cheer is mended ; bate not of the food,  
 Because 'tis better, and perhaps may save thee. 10  
 Thwart not th' Almighty God : O be not cross.  
 Fast when thou wilt, but then 'tis gain, not loss.

Though private prayer be a brave design,  
 Yet publick hath more promises, more love,  
 And love's a weight to hearts, to eyes a sign. 15  
 We all are but cold suiters ; let us move  
 Where it is warmest. Leave thy six and seven ;  
 Pray with the most : for where most pray, is heaven.

When once thy foot enters the Church, be bare.  
 God is more there than thou : for thou art there 20  
 Only by his permission. Then beware,  
 And make thy self all reverence and fear.  
 Kneeling ne're spoil'd filk stocking : quit thy state.  
 All equal are within the Churches gate.

Resort to Sermons, but to Prayers most : 25  
 Praying's the end of Preaching. O be drest ;  
 Stay not for th' other pin : why, thou hast lost  
 A joy for it worth worlds. Thus hell doth jest  
 Away thy blessings, and extreamly flout thee,  
 Thy clothes being fast, but thy soul loose about thee.  
 In.



In time of service seal up both thine eyes,  
And send them to thine heart; that spying sin,  
They may weep out the stains by them did rise:  
Those doors being shut, all by the ear comes in.

5 Who marks in church-time others symmetry,  
Makes all their beauty his deformity.

Let vain or busie thoughts have there no part:  
Bring not thy plough, thy plots, thy pleasures thither.  
Christ purg'd his temple; so must thou thy heart.

10 All worldly thoughts are but thieves met together  
To cozen thee. Look to thy actions well:  
For Churches are either our Heaven or Hell.

Judge not the preacher; for he is thy judge:  
If thou mislike him, thou conceiv'st him not.

15 God calleth preaching folly. Do not grudge  
To pick out treasures from an earthen pot.

The worst speak something good: if all want sense,  
God takes a text, and preacheth patience.

He that gets patience, and the blessing which  
20 Preachers conclude with, hath not lost his pains.  
He that by being at Church escapes the ditch,  
Which he might fall in by companions, gains.

He that loves Gods abode, and to combine  
With Saints on earth, shall one day with them shine.

25 Jest not at Preachers language or expression:  
How know'st thou but thy sins made him miscarry?  
Then turn thy faults and his into confession:  
God sent him, whatsoe're he be: O tarry,

And love him for his Master: his condition,  
30 Though it be ill, makes him no ill Physician.

None

*The Church-Porch.*

None shall in hell such bitter pangs endure,  
As those who mock at Gods way of salvation.  
Whom oyl and balsams kill, what salve can cure?  
They drink with greediness a full damnation.  
The Jews refused thunder; and we, folly. 5  
Though God do hedge us in, yet who is holy?

Sum up at night what thou hast done by day;  
And in the morning, what thou hast to do.  
Dresse and undresse thy soul: mark the decay.  
And growth of it: if with thy watch, that too 10  
Be down, then wind up both: since we shall be.  
Most surely judg'd, make thy accounts agree.

In brief, acquit thee bravely; play the man.  
Look not on pleasures as they come, but go.  
Defer not the least vertue: lifes poor span 15  
Make not an ell, by trifling in thy wo.  
If thou do ill, the joy fades, not the pains:  
If well, the pain doth fade, the joy remains.

---

*Super-*

¶ Superliminare.

**T**Hou, whom the former precepts have  
Sprinkled, and taught how to behave  
Thy self in Church ; approach, and taste  
The Churches mysticall repast.

---

**A** Void profaneness ; come not here :  
Nothing but holy, pure, and clear,  
Or that which groweth to be so,  
May at his perill further go.



## ¶ The Altar.

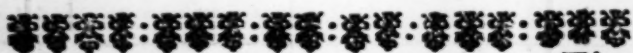
A broken ALTAR, Lord, thy servant rears,  
Made of a heart, and cemented with tears,

Whose parts are as thy hand did frame;  
No Workmans tool hath touch'd the same.

A H E A R T alone  
Is such a stone,  
As nothing but  
Thy power doth cut.  
Wherefore each part  
Of my hard heart  
Meets in this frame,  
To praise thy name:

That if I chance to hold my peace,  
These stones to praise thee may not cease.

O let thy blessed SACRIFICE be mine,  
And sanctifie this ALTAR to be thine.



The

The Sacrifice.

O *H* all ye, who pass by, whose eyes and mind  
To worldly things are sharp, but to me blind ;  
To me, who took eyes that I might you find.  
*Was ever grief like mine ?*

5 The Princes of my people make a head  
Against their Maker : they do wish me dead,  
Who cannot wish, except I give them bread.  
*Was ever grief like mine ?*

Without me each one, who doth now me brave,  
10 Had to this day been an Egyptian slave.  
They use that power against me, which I gave.  
*Was ever grief like mine ?*

Mine own Apostle, who the bag did bear,  
Though he had all I had, did not forbear  
15 To sell me also, and to put me there.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

For thirty pence he did my death devise,  
Who at three hundred did the ointment prize,  
Not half so sweet as my sweet sacrifice.  
20 *Was ever grief, &c.*

Therefore my soul melts, and my hearts dear treasure  
Drops blood (the only beads) my words to measure :  
*Oh let this cup pass, if it be thy pleasure.*  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

25 These drops being temper'd with a sinners tears,  
A Balsam are for both the Hemispheres,  
Curing all wounds, but mine ; all, but my fears.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

Yet

Yet my Disciples sleep : I cannot gain  
 One hour of watching ; but their drowsie brain  
 Comforts not me, and doth my doctrine stain.  
*Was ever grief like mine ?*

Arise, arise, they come, look how they run !  
 Alas ! what haste they make to be undone !  
 How with their lanthorns do they seek the sun !  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

With clubs and staves they seek me as a thief,  
 Who am the way of truth, the true relief ;  
 Most true to those who are my greatest grief.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

Judas, dost thou betray me with a kisse ?  
 Canst thou find hell about my lips ? and misse  
 Of life, just at the gates of life and blisse ?  
*Was ever grief like mine ?*

See, they lay hold on me, not with the hands  
 Of faith, but fury ; yet at their commands  
 I suffer binding, who have loos'd their bands.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

All my Disciples flee ; fear puts a bar  
 Betwixt my friends and me. They leave that star  
 That brought the wise men of the East from far.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

Then from one ruler to another bound  
 They lead me ; urging, that it was not sound  
 What I taught : Comments would the text confound.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

The priest and rulers all false witnesses seek  
 'Gainst him, who seeks not life, but is the meek  
 And ready Paschal Lamb of this great week.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

Then

Then they accuse me of great blasphemy,  
That I did thrust into the Deity,  
Who never thought that any robbery.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

5 Some said, that I the Temple to the floor  
In three days ras'd, and raised as before.  
Why, he that built the world can do much more.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Then they condemn me all with that same breath,  
10 Which I do give them daily, unto death.  
Thus *Adam* my first breathing rendereth.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

They bind, and lead me unto *Herod*: he  
Sends me to *Pilate*. This makes them agree;  
15 But yet their friendship is my enmity.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

*Herod* and all his bands do set me light,  
Who teach all hands to war, fingers to fight,  
And only am the Lord of hosts and might.

20

*Was ever grief, &c.*

*Herod* in judgment sits, while I do stand  
Examines me with a censorious hand:  
I him obey, who all things else command.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

25 The *Jews* accuse me with despitelness;  
And vying malice with my gentleness,  
Pick quarrels with their only happiness.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

I answer nothing, but with patience prove  
If stony hearts will melt with gentle love.  
But who does hawk at eagles with a dove?

*Was ever grief like mine?*

My

My silence rather doth augment their cry ;  
 My dove doth back into my bosom fly,  
 Because the raging waters still are high.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

Heark how they cry aloud still, *Crucifie :*

*It is not fit he live a day,* they cry,

Who cannot live less than eternally.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

*Pilate,* a stranger, holdeth off ; but they,

Mine own dear people, cry, *Away, Away,*

With noises confused frightening the day.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Yet still they shout, and cry, and stop their ears,

Putting my life among their sins and fears,

And therefore wish *my blood on them and theirs.*

*Was ever grief, &c.*

See how spite cankers things ! These words aright

Used, and wished, are the whole worlds light :

But honey is their gall, brightness their night.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

They chuse a murderer, and all agree

In him to do themselves a curstie :

For it was their own cause who killed me.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

And a seditious murderer he was :

But I the Prince of peace ; peace that doth pass

All understanding, more than heav'n doth glass.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Why, Cesar is their only King, not I :

He clave the stony rock, when they were dry ;

But surely not their hearts, as I well try.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Ah !



Ah! how they scourge me! yet my tenderness  
Doubles each lash: and yet their bitterness  
Winds up my grief to a mysteriousness.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

5 They buffet me, and box me as they list,  
Who grasp the earth and heaven with my fist,  
And never yet whom I would punish miss'd.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Behold, they spit on me in scornful wise,  
10 Who by my spittle gave the blind man eyes,  
Leaving his blindness to mine enemies.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

My face they cover, though it be divine.  
As Moses face was veiled, so is mine,  
15 Left on their double-dark souls either shine.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Servants and abjects flout me; they are witty:  
Now prophesie who strikes thee, is their ditty,  
So they in me deny themselves all pity.

20 *Was ever grief, &c.*

And now I am deliver'd unto death,  
Which each one calls for so with utmost breath,  
That he before me well-nigh suffereth.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

25 Weep not, dear friends, since I for both have wept  
When all my tears were blood, the while you slept:  
Your tears for your own fortunes should be kept.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

The souldiers lead me to the common hall;  
30 There they deride me, they abuse me all:  
Yet for twelve heav'nly legions I could call.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

Then

Then with a scarlet robe they me array;  
Which shews my bloud to be the only way,  
And cordial left to repair mans decay.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

Then on my head a crown of thorns I wear;  
For these are all the grapes *Sion* doth bear,  
Though I my vine planted and watred there.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

So fits the earths great curse in *Adams* fall  
Upon my head: so I remove it all  
From th' earth unto my brows, and bear the thrall.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

Then with the reed they gave to me before,  
They strike my head, the rock from whence all store  
Of heav'nly blessings issue evermore.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

They bow their knees to me, and cry, *Hail King*.  
Whatever scoffs or scornfulness can bring,  
I am the floor, the sink, where they it fling.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Yet since mans scepters are as frail as reeds,  
And thorny all their crowns, blondy their weeds;  
I, who am truth, turn into truth their deeds.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

The souldiers also spit upon that face,  
Which Angels did desire to have the grace,  
And Prophets once to see, but found no place.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Thus trimmed forth they bring me to the rout,  
Who *Crucifie him* cry with one strong shout.  
God holds his peace at man, and man cries out

*Was ever grief, &c.*

They

They lead me in once more, and putting then  
Mine own cloths on, they lead me out agen.  
Whom devils fly, thus is he tols'd of men.

*Was ever grief like mine?*

5 And now weary of sport, glad to ingrosse  
All spite in one, counting my life their losse,  
They carry me to my most bitter crosse.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

My crosse I bear my self, untill I faint:

10 Then Simon bears it for me by constraint,  
The decreed burden of each mortal Saint.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

*O all ye who pass by, behold and see:*

Man stole the fruit, but I must climb the tree;

15 The tree of life to all, but only me.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Lo, here I hang, charg'd with a world of sin,  
The greater world o'th' two: for that came in  
By words, but this by sorrow I must win.

20

*Was ever grief, &c.*

Such sorrow, as if sinful man could feel,  
Or feel his part, he would not cease to kneel;  
Till all were melted, though he were all steel.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

25 But, *O my God, my God!* why leav'st thou me,  
The Son, in whom thou dost delight to be?  
*My God, my God* —

*Never was grief like mine.*

Shame tears my soul, my body many a wound;  
30 Sharp nails pierce this, but sharper that confound;  
Reproches, which are free, while I am bound.

*Was ever grief, &c.*

B

Now

Now heal thy self, Physitian; now come down.  
 Alas! I did so, when I left my crown  
 And fathers smile for you, to feel his frown:  
*Was ever grief like mine?*

In healing not my self, there doth consist  
 All that salvation, which ye now resist;  
 Your safety in my sickness doth subsist.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

Betwixt two thieves I spend my utmost breath,  
 As he that for some robbery suffereth.  
 Alas! what have I stolen from you? death.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

A King my title is, prefixt on high;  
 Yet by my subjects I'm condemn'd to die  
 A servile death in servile company.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

They gave me vinegar mingled with gall,  
 But more with malice: yet, when they did call,  
 With Manna, Angels food, I fed them all.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

They part my garments, and by lot dispose  
 My coat, the type of love, which once cur'd those  
 Who sought for help, never malicious foes.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

Nay, after death their spite shall further go:  
 For they will pierce my side, I full well know,  
 That as sin came, so Sacraments might flow.  
*Was ever grief, &c.*

But now I die; now all is finished.  
 My wo, mans weal: and now I bow my head.  
 Only let others say, when I am dead,  
*Never was grief like mine.*

# ¶ The Thanksgiving.

OH King of grief! (a title strange, yet true,  
To thee of all Kings only due)

Oh King of wounds! how shall I grieve for thee,  
Who in all grief preventest me?

5 Shall I weep blood? why thou hast wept such store  
That all thy body was one door.

Shall I be scourged, flouted, boxed, sold?

'Tis but to tell the tale is told.

10 *My God, my God, why dost thou part from me?*

Was such a grief as cannot be.

Shall I then sing, skipping thy doleful story,

And side with thy triumphant glory?

Shall thy strokes be my stroking? thorns, my flower?

Thy rod, my posie? crofs, my bower?

15 But how then shall I imitate thee, and

Copy thy fair, though bloody hand?

Surely I will revenge me on thy love,

And try who shall victorious prove.

20 If thou dost give me wealth, I will restore

All back unto thee by the poor.

If thou dost give me honour, men shall see

The honour doth belong to thee.

I will not marry; or if she be mine,

She and her children shall be thine.

25 My bosom-friend, if he blasphemeth thy name,

I will tear thence his love and fame.

One half of me being gone, the rest I give

Unto some Chappel, die or live.

As for thy passion——But of that anon,

30 When with the other I have done.

For thy predestination, I'll contrive,

That three years hence, if I survive,

I'll build a spittle, or mend common ways,  
 But mend mine own without delays.  
 Then I will use the works of thy creation,  
 As if I us'd them but for fashion.  
 The world and I will quarrel; and the year 5  
 Shall not perceive that I am here.  
 My musick shall find thee, and ev'ry string  
 Shall have his attribute to sing;  
 That all together may accord in thee,  
 And prove one God, one harmony. 10  
 If thou shalt give me wit, it shall appear,  
 If thou hast giv'n it me, 'tis here.  
 Nay, I will read thy book, and never move  
 Till I have found therein thy love;  
 Thy art of love, which I'll turn back on thee; 15  
 O my dear Saviour, Victory!  
 Then for thy passion—I will do for that—  
 Alas! my God, I know not what.

### ¶ The Reprisal.

I Have consider'd it, and find  
 There is no dealing with thy mighty passion: 20  
 For though I die for thee, I am behind;  
 My sins deserve the condemnation.

O make me innocent, that I  
 May give a disentangled state and free:  
 And yet thy wounds still my attempts desire, 25  
 For by thy death I die for thee.

Ah! was it not enough that thou  
 By thy eternal glory didst outgo me?  
 Couldst thou not griefs sad conquest me allow,  
 But in all vict'ries overthrow me?

Yet

Yet by confession will I come  
Into the conquest. Though I can do nought  
Against thee, in thee I will overcome  
The man, who once against thee fought.

The Agony.

Philosophers have measur'd mountains,  
Fathom'd the depths of seas, of states and kings;  
Walk'd with a staff to heav'n, and traced fountains:  
But there are two vast, spacious things,  
The which to measure it doth more behove:  
Yet few there are that found them; Sin and Love.

Who would know Sin, let him repair  
Unto Mount Olivet; there shall he see  
A man so wrung with pains, that all his hair,  
His skin, his garments bloody be.  
Sin is that Presse and Vice, which forceth pain  
To hunt his cruel food through ev'ry vein.

Who knows not Love, let him assay  
And taste that juice, which on the crosse a pike  
Did set abroad; then let him say  
If ever he did taste the like.  
Love is that liquor sweet and most divine,  
Which my God feels as blood; but I as wine.

## ¶ The Sinner.

**L**ord, how am I all agne, when I seek  
 What I have treasur'd in my memory!  
 Since, if my soul make even with the week,  
 Each seventh note by right is due to thee.

I find there quarries of pil'd vanities, 5  
 But shreds of holinesse, that dare not venture  
 To shew their face, since crosse to thy decrees:  
 There the circumference earth is, heav'n the centre.

In so much dregs the quintessence is small:  
 The spirit and good extract of my heart 10  
 Comes to about the many hundredth part.  
 Yet Lord restore thine image, hear my call: (grone,  
 And though my hard heart scarce to thee can  
 Remember that thou once didst write in stone.

## ¶ Good-Friday.

**O** My chief good, 15  
 How shall I measure out thy bloud?  
 How shall I count what thee befell,  
 And each grief tell?

Shall I thy woes  
 Number according to thy foes? 20  
 Or, since one star shew'd thy first breath,  
 Shall all thy death?

Or shall each leaf,  
 Which falls in Autumn, score a grief?  
 Or cannot leaves, but fruit, be sign  
 Of the true vine?

25  
Then



Then let each hour  
Of my whole life one grief devour ;  
That thy distress through all may run,  
And be my fun.

Or rather let  
My sev'ral sins their sorrows get ;  
That, as each beast his cure doth know,  
Each sin may so.

**S**ince blood is fittest, Lord, to write  
Thy sorrows in, and bloody flight ;  
My heart hath store ; write there, where in  
One box doth lie both ink and sin :

That, when Sin spies so many foes,  
Thy whips, thy nails, thy wounds, thy woes,  
All come to lodge there, Sin may say,  
*No room for me, and fly away.*

Sin being gone, oh fill the place,  
And keep possession with thy grace ;  
Left sin take courage and return,  
And all the writings blot or burn.

### ¶ Redemption.

**H**aving been tenant long to a rich Lord,  
Not thriving, I resolved to be bold,  
And make a suit unto him to afford  
A new small-rented lease, and cancell th' old.

In heaven at his manour I him sought :  
They told me there that he was lately gone  
About some land which he had dearly bought  
Long since on earth, to take possession.

I straight return'd, and knowing his great birth,  
 Sought him accordingly in great resorts;  
 In cities, theatres, gardens, parks, and courts:  
 At length I heard a ragged noise and mirth  
 Of thieves and murderers: there I him espied,  
 Who straight, *Your suit is granted*, said, and died:

### ¶ Sepulchre.

O Blessed body! Whither art thou thrown?  
 No lodging for thee, but a cold hard stone?  
 So many hearts on earth, and yet not one  
 Receive thee?

10

Sure there is room within our hearts good store;  
 For they can lodge transgressions by the score:  
 Thousands of toys dwell there, yet out of door  
 They leave thee.

But that which shews them large, shews them unfit. 15  
 What ever sin did this pure rock commit,  
 Which holds thee now? Who hath indicted it  
 Of murder?

Where our hard hearts have took up stones to brain  
 And missing this, most falsely did arraign thee; (thee, 20  
 Only these stones in quiet entertain thee,  
 And order.

And as of old the Law by heav'nly art  
 Was writ in stone; so thou, which also art  
 The letter of the word, find'st no fit heart  
 To hold thee.

25

Yet do we still persist as we began,  
 And so should perish, but that nothing can;  
 Though it be cold, hard, foul, from loving man:  
 With-hold thee.

## ¶ Easter.

Rise heart; thy Lord is risen: Sing his praise  
Without delaies,  
Who takes thee by the hand, that thou likewise  
With him mayst rise:

5 That, as his death calcined thee to dust,  
His life may make thee gold, and much more, Juste

Awake, my lute, and struggle for thy part  
With all thy art.

The crosse taught all wood to resound his name;  
10 Who bore the same.

His stretched sinews taught all strings, what key  
Is best to celebrate this most high day.

Confort both heart and lute, and twist a song  
Pleasant and long:

15 Or, since all musick is but three parts vied,  
And multiplied;

O let thy blessed Spirit bear a part,  
And make up our defects with his sweet art.

Got me flowers to straw thy way;  
20 I got me boughs off many a tree:

But thou wast up by break of day,  
And brought'st thy sweets along with thee.

The Sun arising in the East,  
Though he give light, and th' East perfume;

25 If they should offer to contest  
With thy arising they presume.

Can there be any day but this,  
Though many suns to shine endeavour? —  
We count three hundred, but we miss:  
There is but one, and that one ever.

¶ Easter-Wings.

Lord, who createdst man in wealth & store,  
 Though foolishly he lost the same,  
 Decaying more and more,  
 Till he became  
 Most poore :

With thee

O let me rise

As Larks, harmoniously,

And sing this day thy victories :

Then shall the fall further the flight in me.

¶ Easter-

## ¶ Easter-Wings.

My tender age in sorrow did beginne:  
And still with sicknesses and shame  
Thou didst so punish mine,  
That I became  
Most thine.

With thee  
Let me combine,  
And feel this day thy victory:  
For if I imp my wing on thine,  
Affliction shall advance the flight in me.

¶ Easter-

## ¶ H. Baptism.

AS he that sees a dark and shady grove,  
 Stays not, but looks beyond it on the sky;  
 So when I view my sins, mine eyes remove  
 More backward still, and to that water fly,

Which is above the heav'ns, whose spring and vent  
 Is in my dear Redeemers pierced side.

O blessed streams! either ye do prevent  
 And stop our sins from growing thick and wide,

Or else give tears to drown them, as they grow.

In you Redemption measures all my time,  
 And spreads the plaister equal to the crime.

You taught the book of life my name, that so

What ever future sins should me miscall,  
 Your first acquaintance might discredit all.

## ¶ H. Baptism.

SINCE, Lord, to thee  
 A narrow way and little gate  
 Is all the passage, on my infancy  
 Thou didst lay hold, and antedate  
 My faith in me.

O let me still  
 Write thee great God, and me a child:  
 Let me be soft and supple to thy will,  
 Small to my self, to others mild,  
 Benighted ill.

Although by stealth  
 My flesh got on; yet let her sister  
 My soul bid nothing, but preserve her wealth:  
 The growth of flesh is but a blister;  
 Childhood is health.

¶ Nature.

FULL of rebellion, I would die,  
Or fight, or travel, or deny  
That thou hast ought to do with me.

O tame my heart!  
It is thy highest art  
To captivate strong holds to thee.

If thou shalt let this venom lurk,  
And in suggestions fume and work,  
My soul will turn to bubbles straight,  
And thence by kind  
Vanish into a wind,  
Making thy workmanship deceit.

O smooth my rugged heart, and there  
Engrave thy rev'rend Law and fear:  
Or make a new one, since the old  
Is sapless grown,  
And a much fitter stone  
To hide my dust, then thee to hold.

¶ Sin.

Lord, with what care hast thou begirt us round?  
Parents first season us: then school-masters  
Deliver us to laws; they send us bound  
To rules of reason, holy messengers,

Pulpits and sundays, sorrow dogging sin,  
Afflictions sorted, anguish of all fizes,  
Fine nets and stratagems to catch us in,  
Bibles laid open, millions of surprizes, Bless-

Blessings beforehand, ties of gratefulnesse.  
 The sound of glory ringing in our ears :  
 Without, our shame ; within, our consciences ;  
 Angels and grace, eternal hopes and fears.

Yet all these fences and their whole array  
 One cunning bosom-sin blows quite away.

¶ Affliction.

When first thou didst entice to thee my heart,  
 I thought the service brave :  
 So many joyes I writ down for my part,  
 Besides what I might have  
 Out of my stock of natural delights,  
 Augmented with thy gracious benefits.

I looked on thy furniture so fine,  
 And made it fine to me :  
 Thy glorious household-stuff did me entwine,  
 And 'tice me unto thee.  
 Such stars I counted mine : both heav'n and earth  
 Payd me my wages in a world of mirth.

What pleasures could I want, whose King I served,  
 Where joyes my fellows were ?  
 Thus argu'd into hopes, my thoughts reserved  
 No place for grief or fear.  
 Therefore my sudden soul caught at the place,  
 And made her youth and fiercenesse seek thy face.

At first thou gav'st me milk and sweetnesse ;  
 I had my wish and way :  
 My days were straw'd with flow'rs and happinesse ;  
 There was no moneth but May.  
 But with my years sorrow did twist and grow,  
 And made a party unawares for wo.

My



My flesh began unto my soul in pain,  
Sicknesse cleave my bones ;  
Consuming agues dwell in ev'ry vein,  
And take my breath to grones :  
5 Sorrow was all my soul ; I scarce believed,  
Till grief did tell me roundly, that I lived.

When I got health, thou took'st away my life,  
And more ; for my friends die :  
My mirth and edge was lost ; a blunted knife  
10 Was of more use than I.  
Thus thin and lean without a fence or friend,  
I was blown through with ev'ry storm and wind.

Whereas my birth and spirit rather took  
The way that takes the town,  
15 Thou didst betray me to a lingring book,  
And wrap me in a gown.  
I was entangled in the world of strife,  
Before I had the power to change my life.

Yet, for I threatned oft the siege to raise,  
20 Not simpring all mine age,  
Thou often didst with Academick praise  
Melt and dissolve my rage.  
I took thy sweetned pill, till I came where  
I could not go away, nor persevere.

25 Yet, lest perchance I should too happy be  
In my unhappiness,  
Turning my purge to food, thou throwest me  
Into more sicknesse.  
Thus doth thy power crosse-bias me, not making  
30 Thine own gift good, yet me from my ways taking.  
Now

Now I am here, what thou wilt do with me  
 None of my books will show :  
 I read, and sigh, and wish I were a tree;  
 For sure then I should grow  
 To fruit or shade : at least some bird would trust  
 Her household to me, and I should be just.

Yet, though thou hast left me, I must be meek ;  
 In weakness must be stout.  
 Well, I will change my service, and go seek  
 Some other Master out. 10  
 Ah my dear God ! though I am clear forget,  
 Let me not love thee, if I love thee not.

### Repentance.

Lord, I confess my sin is great ;  
 Great is my sin. Oh ! gently treat  
 With thy quick flow'r, thy momentary bloom ;  
 Whose life still pressing  
 Is one undressing,  
 A steady aiming at a tomb.

Mans age is two hours work, or three :  
 Each day doth round about us see. 20  
 Thus are we to delights ; but we are all  
 To sorrows old ;  
 If life be told  
 From what life feelth, Adams fall.

O let thy height of mercy then  
 Compassionate short-breathed men :  
 Cut me not off for my most foul transgression.  
 I do confess  
 My foolishness ;  
 My God, accept of my confession,

Sweeten

Sweeten at length this bitter bowl,  
Which thou hast pour'd into my soul :  
Thy wormwood turn to health, winds to fair weather ;  
For if thou stay,  
I and this day,  
As we did rise, we die together.

When thou for sin rebukest man,  
Forthwith he waxeth wo and wan :  
Bitterness fills our bowels ; all our hearts  
Pine and decay,  
And drop away,  
And carry with them th' other parts.

But thou wilt sin and grief destroy ;  
That so the broken bones may joy,  
And tune together in a well-set song,  
Full of his praises,  
Who dead men raises.  
Fractures well cur'd make us more strong,

Faith.

Lord, how couldst thou so much appease  
Thy wrath for sin, as when mans sight was dim  
And could see little, to regard his ease,  
And bring by Faith all things to him ?

Hungry I was, and had no meat :  
I did conceit a most delicious feast ;  
I had it straight, and did as truly eat,  
As ever did a welcom guest.

There is a rare outlandish root,  
Which when I could not get, I thought it here :  
That apprehension cur'd so well my foot,  
That I can walk to heav'n well near.

I owed thousands and much more :  
 I did believe that I did nothing owe,  
 And liv'd accordingly; my creditor  
 Believes so too, and lets me go.

Faith makes me any thing, or all  
 That I believe is in the sacred story :  
 And where sin placeth me in Adams fall,  
 Faith sets me higher in his glory.

If I go lower in the book,  
 What can be lower than the common manger ?  
 Faith puts me there with him, who sweetly took  
 Our flesh and frailty, death and danger.

If blifs had lien in art or strength,  
 None but the wise or strong had gained it :  
 Where now by faith all arms are of a length ;  
 One size doth all conditions fit.

A peasant may believe as much  
 As a great Clerk, and reach the highest stature.  
 Thus dost thou make poor knowledge bend & crouch,  
 While Grace fills up uneven Nature.

When creatures had no real light  
 Inherent in them, thou didst make the Sun  
 Impute a lustre, and allow them bright;  
 And in this shew what Christ hath done.

That which before was darkned clean  
 With bushy groves, pricking the lookers eye,  
 Vanisht away, when faith did change the scene :  
 And then appear'd a glorious sky.

What though my body run to dust ?  
 Faith cleaves unto it, counting ev'ry grain,  
 With an exact and most particular trust,  
 Reserving all for flesh again.

Prayer:

## ¶ Prayer.

Prayer the Churches banquet, Angels age,  
 Gods breath in man returning to his birth,  
 The soul in paraphrase, heart in pilgrimage,  
 The Christian plummet sounding heav'n and earth,

Engine against th' Almighty, sinners towre;  
 Reversed thunder, Christ-side-piercing spear,  
 The six-days world-transposing in an hour,  
 A kind of tune, which all things hear and fear,

Softness, and peace, and joy, and love, and blifs,

Exalted Manna, gladness of the best,  
 Heaven in ordinary, man well drest,

The milky way, the bird of Paradise,

(bloud,

Church-bells beyond the stars heard, the souls  
 The land of spices, something understood.

## ¶ The H. Communion.

Not in rich furniture, or fine array,  
 Nor in a wedge of gold,  
 Thou, who for me wast sold,  
 To me dost now thy self convey;  
 For so thou shouldst without me still have been  
 Leaving within me sin:

But by the way of nourishment and strength,

Thou creep'st into my breast;

Making thy way my rest,

And thy small quantities my length;

Which spread their forces into ev'ry part,

Meeting sins force and art.

Yet

Yet can these not get over to my soul,  
 Leaping the wall that parts  
 Our souls and fleshly hearts;  
 But as th' out-works they may controll  
 My rebel-flesh, and-carrying thy name,  
 Affright both sin and shame.

Only thy grace, which with these elements comes,  
 Knoweth the ready way,  
 And hath the privy key,  
 Op'ning the souls most subtil rooms:  
 While those to spirits refin'd, at door attend  
 Dispatches from their friend.

Give me my captive soul, or take  
 My body also thither.  
 Another life like this will make  
 Them both to be together.

Before that sin turn'd flesh to stone,  
 And all our lump to leaven;  
 A fervent sigh might well have blown  
 Our innocent earth to heaven.

For sure when Adam did not know  
 To sin, or sin to smother;  
 He might to heav'n from paradise go,  
 As from one room to another.

Thou hast restor'd us to this ease  
 By this thy heav'nly bloud,  
 Which I can go to when I please,  
 And leave th' earth to their food.

Amiphon.

5 **Cho.** **L** Et all the world in ev'ry corner sing,  
My God and King.

*Vers.* The heavens are not too high,  
His praise may thither fly:  
5 The earth is not too low,  
His praises there may grow.

**Cho.** Let all the world in ev'ry corner sing,  
My God and King.

*Vers.* The Church with psalms must shout,  
10 No door can keep them out:  
But above all, the heart  
Must bear the longest part.

**Cho.** Let all the world in ev'ry corner sing,  
My God and King.

Love I.

15 **I**mmortal Love, author of this great frame,  
Sprung from that beauty which can never fade;  
How hath man parcel'd out thy glorious name,  
And thrown it on that dust which thou hast made,

20 While mortal love doth all the title gain!  
Which siding with invention, they together  
Bear all the sway, possessing heart and brain,  
(Thy workmanship) and give thee share in neither.

Wit

Wit fancies beauty, beauty raiseth wit :  
 The world is theirs ; they two play out the game,  
 Thoa standing by : and though thy glorious name  
 Wrought our deliverance from th' infernal pit,

Who sings thy praise ? only a scarf or glove (love,)  
 Doth warm our hands, and make them write of

## II.

**I**mmortal Heat, O let thy greater flame  
 Attract the lesser to it : let those fires,  
 Which shall consume the world, first make it tame,  
 And kindle in our hearts such true desires, 10

As may consume our lusts, and make thee way.  
 Then shall our hearts pant thee ; then shall our brain  
 All her invention on thine Altar lay,  
 And there in hymns send back thy fire again :

Our eyes shall see thee, which before saw dust ; 15  
 Dust blown by wit, till that they both were blind :  
 Thou shalt recover all thy goods in kind,  
 Who were disseized by usurping lust :

All knees shall bow to thee ; all wits shall rise,  
 And praise him who did make and mend our eyes. 20

## The Temper.

**H**ow should I praise thee, Lord ! how should my  
 Gladly engrave thy love in steel, (rhymes  
 If what my soul doth feel sometimes,  
 My soul might ever feel !



*The Church.*

47

Although there were some forty heav'ns, or more,  
Sometimes I peer above them all ;  
Sometimes I hardly reach a score ;  
Sometimes to hell I fall.

5 O rack me not to such a vast extent ;  
Those distances belong to thee :  
The world's too little for thy tent,  
A grave too big for me.

Wilt thou meet arms with man, that thou dost stretch ?  
10 A crumb of dust from heav'n to hell ?  
Will great God measure with a wretch ?  
Shall he thy stature spell ?

O let me, when thy roof my soul hath hid,  
Oh let me roost and nestle there :  
15 Then of a finner thou art rid,  
And I of hope and fear.

Yet take thy way ; for sure thy way is best :  
15 Stretch or contract me thy poor debter :  
This is but tuning of my breast,  
20 To make the musick better.

Whether I fly with angels, fall with dust,  
Thy hands made both, and I am there.  
Thy power and love, my love and trust  
Make one place ev'ry where.

¶ *The Temper.*

25 I cannot be. Where is that mighty joy,  
Which just now took up all my heart ?  
Lord, if thou must needs use thy dart,  
Save that, and me, or sin for both destroy.

The

The grosser world stands to thy word and art ;  
 But thy diviner world of grace  
 Thou suddenly dost raise and raise,  
 And ev'ry day a new Creator art.

O fix thy chair of grace, that all my powers  
 May also fix their reverence :  
 For when thou dost depart from hence,  
 They grow unruly, and sit in thy bowers.

Scatter, or bind them all to bend to thee :  
 Though elements change, and heaven move, 10  
 Let not thy higher Court remove,  
 But keep a standing Majesty in me.

¶ *Jordan.*

Who says that fictions only and false hair  
 Become a verse? Is t here in truth no beauty?  
 Is all good structure in a winding stair? 15  
 May no lines pass, except they do their duty  
 Not to a true, but painted chair?

Is it no verse, except enchanted groves  
 And sudden arbours shadow course-spun lines?  
 Must purling streams refresh a lovers loves? 20  
 Must all be vail'd, while he that reads, divines,  
 Catching the sense at two removes?

Shepherds are honest people; let them sing:  
 Riddle who list, for me, and pull for Prime:  
 I envy no mans nightingale or spring: 25  
 Nor let them punish me with loss of rhyme,  
 Who plainly say, *My God, My King.*

¶ *Employ*

¶ Employment.

1 F as a flower doth spread and dye,  
 1 Thou wouldst extend me to some good,  
 5 Before I were by frosts extremity,  
 Nipt in the bud,

5 The sweetness and the praise were thine :  
 But the extension and the room,  
 10 Which in thy garland I should fill, were mine  
 At thy great doom.

For as thou dost impart thy grace,  
 10 The greater shall our glory be.  
 The measure of our joys is in this place,  
 The stuff with thee.

Let me not languish then, and spend  
 A life as barren to thy praise,  
 15 As is the dust, to which that life doth tend,  
 But with delays.

All things are busie ; only I  
 Neither bring honey with the Bees,  
 20 Nor flowers to make that, nor the husbandry  
 To water these.

I am no link of thy great chain,  
 But all my company is as a weed.  
 Lord place me in thy consort ; give one strain  
 To my poor reed.

C

¶ The

employ

## ¶ The H. Scriptures. I.

OH book! infinite sweetnesse! let my heart  
 Suck ev'ry letter, and a honie gain,  
 Precious for any grief in any part;  
 To clear the breast, to mollifie all pain.

Thou art all health, health thriving, till it make  
 A full eternity: thou art a masse  
 Of strange delights, where we may wish & take.  
 Ladies, look here; this is the thankful glasse

That mends the lookers eyes: this is the well  
 That washes what it shews. Who can endear  
 Thy praise too much? thou art heav'n's Leiger  
 Working against the states of death and hell. (here,

Thou art joyes handsel: heav'n lies flat in thee,  
 Subject to ev'ry mounters bended knee.

## II.

OH that I knew how all thy lights combine,  
 And the configurations of their glory!  
 Seeing not only how each verse doth shine,  
 But all the constellations of the story.

This verse marks that, and both do make a motion  
 Unto a third, that ten leaves off doth lie:  
 Then, as disperfed herbs do watch a potion,  
 These three make up some Christians destiny.

Such

Such are thy secrets, which my life makes good,  
And comments on thee : for in ev'ry thing  
Thy words do find me out, and parallels bring,  
And in another make me understood.

Stars are poor books, and oftentimes do misse :  
This book of stars lights to eternal blisse.

Whitfunday.

L Isten sweet Dove unto my song,  
And spread thy golden wings in me ;  
Hatching my tender heart so long,  
Till it get wing, and fly away with thee.

Where is that fire which once descended  
On thy Apostles? thou didst then  
Keep open house, richly attended,  
Feasting all comers by twelve chosen men.

Such glorious gifts thou didst bestow,  
That th' earth did like a heav'n appear :  
The stars were coming down to know  
If they might mend their wages, and serve here.

The Sun, which once did shine alone,  
Hung down his head, and witht for night,  
When he beheld twelve Suns for one  
Going about the world, and giving light.

But since those pipes of gold, which brought  
That cordial water to our ground,  
Were cut and martyr'd by the fault  
Of those, who did themselves through their side wound.

Thou

Thou shutt'st the door, and keep'st within;  
 Scapce a good joy creeps through the chink:  
 And if the braves of conqu'ring sin  
 Did not excite thee, we should wholly sink.

Lord, though we change, thou art the same;  
 The same sweet God of love and light:  
 Restore this day, for thy great Name,  
 Unto his ancient and miraculous right.

## ¶ Grace.

**M**Y stock lies dead, and no increase  
 Doth my dull husbandry improve:  
 O let thy graces without cease  
 Drop from above!

If still the sun should hide his face,  
 Thy house would but a dungeon prove,  
 Thy works nights captives: O let grace  
 Drop from above!

The dew doth ev'ry morning fall;  
 And shall the dew out-strip thy Dove?  
 The dew, for which grass cannot call,  
 Drop from above!

Death is still working like a mole,  
 And digs my grave at each remove:  
 Let grace work too, and on my soul  
 Drop from above.

Sin is still hammering my heart  
 Unto a hardness, void of love:  
 Let suppling grace to cross his art,  
 Drop from above.

O come ! for thou dost know the way.  
 Or if to me thou wilt not move,  
 Remove me where I need not say,  
*Drop from above !*

---

## ¶ Praise.

TO write a verse or two, is all the praise,  
 That I can raise:  
 Mend my estate in any ways,  
 Thou shalt have more.

I go to Church ; help me to wings, and I  
 Will thither fly ;  
 Or, if I mount unto the sky,  
 I will do more.

Man is all weakness ; there is no such thing  
 As Prince or King :  
 His arm is short ; yet with a sling  
 He may do more.

An herb distill'd, and drunk, may dwell next door,  
 On the same floor,  
 To a brave soul : exalt the poor,  
 They can do more.

O raise me then ! Poor bees that work all day,  
 Sing my delay,  
 Who have a work as well as they,  
 And much, much more.

---

## ¶ Affliction.

Kill me not ev'ry day,  
 Thou Lord of life ; since thy own death for me  
 Is more than all my deaths can be,  
 Though I in broken pay  
 Die over each hour of Methuselems stay.

*The Church.*

If all mens fears were let  
 Into one common sewer, sea, and brine;  
 What were they all, compar'd to thine?  
 Wherein if they were set,  
 They would discolour thy most bloody sweat.

Thou art my grief alone,  
 Thou Lord conceale it not: and as thou art  
 All my delight, so all my smart:  
 Thy crosse took up in one,  
 By way of impress, all my future mone.

*¶ Mattens.*

I cannot open mine eyes,  
 But thou art ready there to catch  
 My morning love and sacrifice:  
 Then we must needs for that day make a match.

My God, what is a heart?  
 Silver, or gold, or precious stone,  
 Or star, or rainbow, or a part  
 Of all these things, or all of them in one?

My God, what is a heart,  
 That thou shouldst lift it for ye and woo,  
 Pouring upon it all thy arr,  
 As if that thou hadst nothing else to do?

Indeed mans whole estate  
 Amounts (and richly) to serve thee:  
 He did not heav'n and earth create;  
 Yet studies them; not him by whom they be.

Teach me thy love to know,  
 That this new light, which now I see,  
 May both the work and workman show:  
 Then by a Sun-beam I will climb to thee.



OH that I could a sin once see!  
 We paint the devil foul; yet he  
 Hath some good in him, all agree.  
 5 Sin is flat opposit to th' Almighty, seeing  
 It wants the good of *vertue*, and of *being*.

But God more care of us hath had:  
 If apparitions make us sad,  
 By sight of sin we should grow mad.  
 Yet as in sleep we see foul death, and live;  
 10 So devils are our sins in perspective.

¶ Even-Song.

Blest be the God of love,  
 Who gave me eyes, and sight, and power this day,  
 Both to be busie, and to play.  
 But much more blest be God above,

15 Who gave me sight alone,  
 Which to himself he did deny:  
 For when he sees my ways, I die:  
 But I have got his Son, and he hath none.

What have I brought thee home  
 20 For this thy love? have I discharg'd the debt,  
 Which this days favour did beget?  
 I ran; but all I brought, was some.

Thy diet, care, and cost  
 Do end in bubbles, balls of wind;  
 25 Of wind to thee whom I have crost,  
 But balls of wild-fire to my troubled mind.

## The Church.

Yet still thou goest on,  
And now with darkness closest weary eyes,  
Saying to man, *It doth suffice :*  
*Henceforth repose ; your work is done.*

Thus in thy Ebony box  
Thou dost inclose us, till the day  
Put our amendment in our way,  
And give new wheels to our disorder'd cloeks.

I muse which shews more love,  
The day or night : that is the gale, this th' harbour ; 10  
That is the walk, and this the arbour ;  
Or that the garden, this the grove.

My God, thou art all love.  
Not one poor minute scapes thy breast,  
But brings a favour from above : 14  
And in this love, more than in bed, I rest.

## Church-monuments.

While that my soul repairs to her devotion,  
Here I intombe my flesh, that it betime  
May take acquaintance of this heap of dust ; 20  
To which the blast of deaths incessant motion,  
Fed with the exhalation of our crimes,  
Drives all at last. Therefore I gladly trust

My body to this school, that it may learn  
To spell his elements, and find his birth 25  
Written in dusty heraldry and lines :  
Which dissolution sure doth best discern,  
Comparing dust with dust, and earth with earth.  
These laugh at Jear, and Marble put for signs,

To sever the good fellowship of dust,  
And spoil the meeting. What shall point out them,  
When they shall bow, and kneel, and fall down flat  
To kiss those heaps, which now they have in trust?  
5 Dear flesh, while I do pray, learn here thy stem  
And true descent: that when thou shalt grow fat,

And wanton in thy cravings, thou mayst know,  
That flesh is but the glass which holds the dust.  
That measures all our time; which also shall  
10 Be crumbled into dust. Mark here below  
How tame these ashes are, how free from lust,  
That thou mayst fit thy self against thy fall.

¶ Church-Mutick.

Sweetest of sweets, I thank you, when displeasure  
Did through my body wound my mind,  
15 You took me thence, and in your house of pleasure  
A dainty lodging me assign'd.

Now I in you without a body move,  
Rising and falling with your wings:  
We both together sweetly live and love,  
20 Yet say sometimes, *God help poor Kings*.

Comfort, I'll die; for if you part from me,  
Sure I shall lose, and much more:  
But if I travel in your company,  
You know the way to heavens door.

¶ Church-Lock and Key.

25 I Know it is my sin, which locks thine ears,  
And binds thy hands:  
Out-crying my requests, drowning my tears;  
Or else the chilness of my faint demands.

But as cold hands are angry with the fire,  
And mend it still,

So I do lay the want of my desire,  
Not on my sins, or coldness, but my will.

Yet hear, O God; only for his bloods sake  
Which pleads for me :

For though sins plead too, yet like stones they make  
His bloods sweet current much more loud to be.

### ¶ The Church Floor.

Mark you the floor ? that square and speckled stone  
Which looks so firm and strong,

*Is Patience :*

And th' other black and grave, wherewith each one  
Is checker'd all along,

*Humility :*

The gentle rising, which on either hand

Leads to the Quire above,

*Is Confidence :*

But the sweet Cement, which in one sure band

Ties the whole frame, is Love

*And Charity.*

Hither sometimes sin steals, and stains

The Marbles neat and curious veins :

But all is cleansed when the Marble weeps.

Sometimes Death, puffing at the door,

Blows all the dust about the floor :

But while he thinks to spoil the room, he sweeps.

Blest be the *Archire*, whose art

Could build so strong in a weak heart.

¶ The

## ¶ The Windows.

**L**ord, how can man preach thy eternal word?  
 He is a brittle crazy glasse:  
 Yet in thy Temple thou dost him afford  
 This glorious and transcendent place,  
 5 To be a window, through thy grace.

But when thou dost anneal in glasse thy story,  
 Making thy life to shine within  
 The holy Preachers; then the light and glory  
 More rev'rend grows, and more doth win;  
 10 Which else shews warrish, bleak, and thin.  
 Doctrine and life, colours and light, in one  
 When they combine, and mingle, bring  
 A strong regard and awe: but speech alone  
 Doth vanish like a flaring thing,  
 15 And in the ear, not conscience, ring.

## ¶ Trinity-Sunday.

**L**ord, who hast form'd me out of mud,  
 And hast redeem'd me through thy blood;  
 And sanctifi'd me to do good;

Purge all my sins done heretofore:  
 20 For I confess my heavy score,  
 And I will strive to sin no more.

Enrich my heart, mouth, hands in me,  
 With faith, with hope, with charity,  
 That I may run, rise, rest with thee.

¶ Con-

## Content.

Peace mutt'ring thoughts, and do not grudge to keep  
 Within the walls of your own breast.  
 Who cannot on his own bed sweetly sleep,  
 Can on anothers hardly rest.

Gad not abroad at ev'ry quest and call  
 Of an untrained hope or passion.  
 To court each place or fortune that doth fall,  
 Is wantonness in contemplation.

Mark how the fire in flints doth quiet lie,  
 Content and warm t'it self alone :  
 But when it would appear to others eye,  
 Without a knock it never shone.

Give me the pliant mind, whose gentle measure  
 Complies and suits with all estates ;  
 Which can let loose to a crown, & yet with pleasure  
 Take up within a cloisters gates.

This soul doth span the world, and hang content  
 From either pole unto the centre :  
 Where in each room of the well-furnisht tent  
 He lies warm, and without adventure.

The brags of life are but a nine-days wonder :  
 And after death the fumes that spring  
 From private bodiēs, make as big a thunder,  
 As those which rise from a huge King.

Only thy Chronicle is lost: and yet  
 Better by worms be all once spent;  
 Than to have hellish moths still gnaw and fret  
 Thy name in books, which may not vent:  
 When

When all thy deeds, whose brunt thou feel'st alone,  
Are chaw'd by others pens and tongue,  
And as their wit is, their digestion,  
Thy nourisht fame is weak or strong.

5 Then cease discoursing soul, till thine own ground,  
Do not thy self or friends importune.  
He that by seeking hath himself once found,  
Hath ever found a happy fortune.

¶ The Quiddity.

10 MY God, a verse is not a crown,  
No point of honour, or gay suit,  
10 No hawk, or banquet, or renown;  
Nor a good sword, nor yet a lute :

15 It cannot vault, or dance or play ;  
It never was in *France* or *Spain* ;  
Nor can it entertain the day  
With my great stable or demain :

It is no office, art, or news,  
20 Nor the exchange, or busie Hall :  
But it is that which while I use  
I am with thee, and *Most take all*.

¶ Humility.

1 Saw the Vertues sitting hand in hand  
In sev'ral Ranks upon an azure throne,  
25 Where all the beasts and fowls by their command  
Presented tokens of submission;  
Humility, who sat the lowest there  
To execute their call,  
When by the beasts the presents tenderd were,  
Gave them about to all.

The



The angry Lion did present his paw,  
 Which by consent was giv'n to Mansuetude :  
 The fearful Hare her ears, which by their law  
 Humility did reach to Fortitude.  
 The jealous Turkey brought his corall-chain ;  
 That went to Temperance :  
 On Justice was bestow'd the Foxes brain,  
 Kill'd in the way by chance.

At length the Crow bringing the Peacocks plume,  
 (For he would not) as they beheld the grace  
 Of that brave gift, each one began to fume,  
 And challenge it as proper to his place,  
 Till they fell out : which when the beasts esp'd,  
 They leapt upon the throne ;  
 And if the Fox had liv'd to rule their side,  
 They had depos'd each one.

Humility, who held the plume, at this  
 Did weep so fast, that the tears trickling down  
 Spoil'd all the train : then saying, *Here it is*  
*For which ye wrangle*, made them turn their frown  
 Against the beasts : so joyntly bandying,  
 They drive them soon away ;  
 And then amerc'd them, double gifts to bring  
 At the next Session-day.

## ¶ Frailty.

**L**ord, in my silence how do I despise  
 What upon trust  
 Is fill'd *honour, riches, or fair eyes* ;  
 But is *fair dust* !  
 I surname them *gilded clay*,  
 Dear earth, *fine grass of hay* ;  
 In all, I think my foot doth ever tread  
 Upon their head.



But when I view abroad both Regiments,  
The worlds, and thine;  
Thine clad with simpleness, and sad events;

The other fine,  
Full of glory and gay weeds,  
Brave language, braver deeds:  
That which was dust before, doth quickly rise,  
And prick mine eyes.

O brook not this, lest if what even now

My foot did tread,  
Affront those joys, wherewith thou didst endow  
And long since wed

My poor soul, ev'n sick of love,  
It may a Babel prove,

Commodious to conquer heav'n and thee  
Planted in me.

### ¶ Constancy.

Who is the honest man?

He that doth still and strongly good pursue,  
To God, his neighbour, and himself most true:

Whom neither force nor fawning can  
Unpin, or wrench from giving all their due.

Whose honesty is not  
So loose or easie, that a rustling wind  
Can blow away, or glittering look it blind:

Who rides his sure and even trot,  
While the world now rides by, now lags behind.

Who

Who, when great trials come,  
Nor seeks, nor shuns them; but doth calmly stay,  
Till he the thing and the example weigh:

All being brought into a sum,  
What place or person calls for, he doth pay.

Whom none can work or woo  
To use in any thing a trick or sleight;  
For above all things he abhors deceit:

His words and works and fashion too  
All of a piece, and all are clear and straight.

Who never melts or thaws  
At close temptations: when the day is done,  
His goodness sets not, but in dark can run:

The Sun to others writeth laws,  
And is their vertue; Vertue is his Sun.

Who, when he is to treat  
With sick folks, women, those whom passions sway,  
Allows for that, and keeps his constant way:

Whom others faults do not defeat;  
But though men fail him, yet his part doth play.

Whom nothing can procure,  
When the wide world runs bias, from his will  
To writhe his limbs, and share, not mend the ill.

This is the Mark-man, safe and sure,  
Who still is right, and prays to be so still.

### Affliction.

MY heart did heave, and there came forth, O God!  
By that I knew that thou wast in the grief,  
To guide and govern it to my relief,

Making a scepter of the rod:

Hadst thou not had thy part,

Sure the unruly sigh had broke my heart.

But

But since thy breath gave me both life and shape,  
Thou knowst my tallies; and when there's assign'd  
So much breath to a sigh, what's then behind?

Or if some years with it escape;

§ The sigh then only is  
A gale to bring me sooner to my bliss.

Thy life on earth was grief, and thou art still  
Constant unto it, making it to be  
A point of honour, now to grieve in me,

10 And in thy members suffer ill:

They who lament one crosse,  
Thou dying daily, praise thee to thy losse.

¶ The Star:

ay, **B**Right spark, shot from a brighter place,  
Where beams surround my Saviours face;

15 Canst thou be any where  
20 So well as there?

Yet, if thou wilt from thence depart,  
Take a bad lodging in my heart;  
For thou canst make a debtor,  
25 And make it better.

First with thy fire-work burn to dust  
Folly, and worse than folly, lust:  
Then with thy light refine,  
And make it shine.

25 So disengag'd from sin and sickness,  
Touch it with thy celestial quickness,  
That it may hang and move  
After thy love.

Then with our trinity of light,  
 Motion, and hear, let's take our flight  
 Unto the place where thou  
 Before didst bow.

Get me a standing there, and place  
 Among the beams, which crown the face  
 Of him, who dy'd to part  
 Sin and my heart.

That so among the rest I may  
 Glitter, and curl, and wind as they :  
 That winding is their fashion  
 Of adoration.

Sure thou wilt joy, by gaining me  
 To fly home like a hidden bee  
 Unto that hive of beams  
 And garland-streams.

---

Sunday.

O Day most calm, most bright,  
 The fruit of this, the next worlds bud,  
 Th' indorsement of supream delight,  
 Writ by a friend, and with his blood ;  
 The couch of time, cares balm and bay ;  
 The week were dark, but for thy light :  
 Thy Torch doth shew the way.

The other days, and thou  
 Make up one man; whose face thou art;  
 Knocking at heaven with thy brow;  
 The worky-days are the back part;  
 5 The burden of the week lies there,  
 Making the whole to stoop and bow,  
 Till thy release appear.

Man had straight forward gone  
 To endless death: but thou dost pull  
 10 And turn us round to look on one,  
 Whom, if we were not very dull,  
 We could not chuse, but look on still;  
 Since there is no place so alone,  
 The which he doth not fill.

Sundays the pillars are,  
 On which heav'ns palace arched lies;  
 The other days fill up the spare  
 And hollow room with vanities,  
 They are the fruitful beds and borders  
 20 In Gods rich garden: that is bare,  
 Which parts their ranks and orders.

The Sundays of mans life,  
 Threaded together on times string,  
 Make bracelets to adorn the wife,  
 25 Of the eternal glorious King.  
 On Sunday heavens gate stands ope;  
 Blessings are plentiful and rise,  
 More plentiful than hope.

This

This day my Saviour rose;  
 And did inclose his light for his :  
 That, as each beast his manger knows,  
 Man might not of his fodder miss.  
 Christ hath took in this piece of ground,  
 And made a garden there for those  
 Who want herbs for their wound.

The Rest of our Creation  
 Our great Redeemer did remove  
 With the same shake, which at his passion  
 Did th' earth and all things with it move. 10  
 As Samson bore the doors away,  
 Christs hands, though nail'd, wrought our salvation,  
 And did unhinge that day.

The brightness of that day  
 We sullied by our foul offence : 15  
 Wherefore that robe we cast away,  
 Having a new at his expence,  
 Whose drops of blood paid the full price,  
 That was requir'd to make us gay, 20  
 And fit for Paradise.

Thou art a day of mirth :  
 And where the week-days trail on ground,  
 Thy flight is higher; as thy birth;  
 O let me take thee at the bound, 25  
 Leaping with thee from sev'n to seven,  
 Till that we both, being toss'd from earth,  
 Fly hand in hand to heaven !

¶ Avarice. 20 V  
 If no

¶ Avarice.

**M**oney, thou bane of blisse and source of wo,  
Whence com'st thou, that thou art so fresh and  
I know thy parentage is base and low : (fine ?  
Man found thee poor and dirty in a mine.

5 Surely thou didst so little contribute  
To this great kingdom, which thou now hast got,  
That he was fain when thou wert destitute,  
To dig thee out of thy dark cave and grot :

Then forcing thee, by fire he made thee bright :  
10 Nay, thou hast got the face of man ; for we  
Have with our stamp & seal transferr'd our right :  
Thou art the man, and man but dross to thee.

15 Man calleth thee his wealth, who made thee rich ;  
And while he digs out thee, falls in the ditch.

---

Ana { **MARY**  
          { **ARMY** } gram.

**H**ow well her name an *Army* doth present,  
In whom the *Lord of hosts* did pitch his tent.

---

¶ To all Angels and Saints.

**O**h glorious spirits, who after all your bands  
See the smooth face of God without a frown  
Or strict commands ;  
20 Where ev'ry one is king, and hath his crown,  
If not upon his head, yet in his hands :

Not



Not out of envy or maliciousness  
Do I forbear to crave your special aid.

I would address  
My rows to thee most gladly, blessed Maid,  
And Mother of my God, in my distress. 5

Thou art the holy Mine, whence came the Gold,  
The great restorative for all decay

In young and old;  
Thou art the Cabinet where the Jewel lay:  
Chiefly to thee would I my soul unfold. 10

But now (alas!) I dare not; for our King,  
Whom we do all joyntly adore and praise,

Bids no such thing:  
And where his pleasure no injunction layes,  
( 'Tis your own case ) ye never move a wing. 15

All worship is prerogative, and a flower  
Of his rich crown, from whom lies no appeal

At the last hour.

Therefore we dare not from his garland steal,  
To make a posie for inferiour power. 20

Although then others court you, if ye know  
What's done on earth, we shall not fare the worse,

Who do not so;  
Since we are ever ready to disburse,  
If any one our Masters hand can shew. 25

### ¶ Employment.

**H**E that is weary, let him sit  
My soul would stir

And trade in courtesies and wit

Quitting the fur

To cold complexions needing it. 30

Man 30



Man is no star, but a quick coal  
 Of mortal fire:  
 Who blows it not, nor doth controll:  
 A faint desire,  
 5 Lets his own ashes choke his soul.  
 When th' elements did for place contest  
 With him, whose will  
 Ordain'd the highest to be best;  
 The earth sat still,  
 10 And by the others is oppress.  
 Life is a business, not good cheer;  
 Ever in wars.  
 The sun still shineth there or here,  
 Whereas the stars  
 15 Watch an advantage to appear.  
 Oh that I were an Orange-tree,  
 That busie plant!  
 Then should I ever laden be,  
 And never want  
 20 Some fruit for him that dressed me,  
 But we are still too young or old:  
 The man is gone,  
 Before we do our wares unfold;  
 So we freeze on,  
 25 Until the grave increase our cold.

---

Denial.

---

When my devotions could not pierce  
 Thy silent ears;  
 Then was my heart broken, as was my verse;  
 My breast was full of fears  
 30 And disorder.

*The Church.*

My bent thoughts, like a brittle bow,  
 Did fly asunder:  
 Each took his way: some would to pleasures go,  
 Some to the wars and thunder  
 Of alarms.

As good go any where, they say,  
 As to benum  
 Both knees and heart, in crying night and day,  
*Come, Come, my God, O come!*  
 But no hearing.

O that thou shouldst give dust a tongue  
 To cry to thee,  
 And then not hear it crying! all day long  
 My heart was in my knee,  
 But no hearing.

Therefore my soul lay out of fight,  
 Untun'd, unstrung:  
 My feeble spirit, unable to look right,  
 Like a nipt blossom, hung  
 Discontented.

O hear and tune my heartless breast,  
 Defer no time;  
 That so thy favours granting my request,  
 They and my mind may chime,  
 And mend my rhyme.

*Christmas.*

**A**LL after pleasures as I rid one day,  
 My horse and I, both tir'd, body and mind,  
 With full cry of affections, quite astray,  
 It took up in the next lane I could find.

The

There when I came, whom found I but my dear,  
 My dearest Lord, expecting till the grief  
 Of pleasures brought me to him, ready there  
 To be all passengers most sweet relief?

5 O Thou most glorious, yet contracted light,  
 Wrapt in nights mantle, stole into a manger,  
 Since my dark soul and brutish is thy right,  
 To Man of all beasts be not thou a stranger.

10 Furnish and deck my soul, that thou mayst have  
 A better lodging than a rack or grave.

THE shepherds sing; and shall I silent be?  
 My God, no hymne for thee?

My soul's a shepherd too; a flock it feeds  
 Of thoughts, and words, and deeds.

15 The pasture is thy word; the streams, thy grace  
 Enriching all the place.

Shepherd and flock shall sing, and all my powers  
 Out-sing the day-light hours.

Then we will chide the Sun for letting night

20 Take up his place and right:

We sing one common Lord; wherefore he should  
 Himself the candle hold.

I will go searching, till I find a Sun  
 Shall stay till we have done;

25 A willing shiner, that shall shine as gladly,  
 As frost-nipt Suns look sadly.

Then we will sing, and shine all our own day,  
 And one another pay:

His beams shall chear my breast, and both so twine,

30 Till ev'n his beams sing, and my musick shine.

D

¶ Un-

## ¶ Ungratefulness.

**L**ord, with what bounty and rare clemency  
 Hast thou redeem'd us from the grave!  
 If thou hadst let us run,  
 Gladly had man ador'd the Sun,  
 And thought his God most brave ; 5  
 Where now we shall be better gods than he.

Thou hast but two rare Cabinets full of treasure,  
 The *Trinity*, and *Incarnation*:  
 Thou hast unlockt them both,  
 And made them jewels to betroth 10  
 The work of thy creation  
 Unto thy self in everlasting pleasure.

The statelier Cabinet is the *Trinity*,  
 Whose sparkling light access denies :  
 Therefore thou dost not show 15  
 This fully to us, till death blow  
 The dust into our eyes :  
 For by that powder thou wilt make us see.

But all thy sweets are packt up in the other ;  
 Thy mercies thither flock and flow : 20  
 That, as the first affrights,  
 This may allure us with delights ;  
 Because this box we know :  
 For we have all of us just such another.

But man is close, reserv'd, and dark to thee : 25  
 When thou demandest but a heart,  
 He cavils instantly.  
 In his poor cabinet of bone  
 Sins have their box apart,  
 Defrauding thee, who gavest two for one.

¶ Sighs

¶ Sighs and Groans.

O Do not use me

After my sins ! look not on my desert,  
But on thy glory ! then thou wilt reform,  
And not refuse me : for thou only art

5 The mighty God, but I a silly worm :  
O do not bruise me !

O do not urge me !

For what account can thy ill steward make ?  
I have abus'd thy stock, destroy'd thy woods,

10 Suckt all thy magazens : my head did ake,  
Till it found out how to consume thy goods :  
O do not scourge me !

O do not blind me !

I have deserv'd that an Egyptian night

15 Should thicken all my powers ; because my lust  
Hath still sew'd fig-leaves to exclude thy light :  
But I am frailty, and already dust ;  
O do not grind me !

O do not fill me

20 With the turn'd vial of thy bitter wrath !  
For thou hast other vessels full of bloud,  
A part whereof my Saviour emptied hath,  
Ev'n unto death : since he di'd for my good,  
O do not kill me !

But O reprieve me !

25 For thou hast *life* and *death* at thy command ;  
Thou art both *Judge* and *Saviour*, *feast* and *rod*,  
*Cordial* and *Corrosive* ; put not thy hand  
Into the bitter box ; but O my God,  
My God, relieve me !

## ¶ The World.

**L**ove built a stately house ; where *Fortune* came :  
 And spinning phantasies, she was heard to say,  
 That her fine cobwebs did support the frame,  
 Whereas they were supported by the same :  
 But *Wisdom* quickly swept them all away. 5

Then *Pleasure* came, who, liking not the fashion,  
 Began to make *Balcones*, *Terraces*,  
 Till she had weakned all by alteration :  
 But rev'rend *laws*, and many a *proclamation*  
 Reformed all at length with menaces. 10

Then enter'd *Sin*, and with that *Sycamore*,  
 Whose leaves first sheltered man from drought & dew,  
 Working and winding slyly evermore,  
 The inward walls and Sommers cleft and tore :  
 But *Grace* shor'd these, and cut that as it grew. 15

Then *Sin* combin'd with *Death* in a firm band  
 To rase the building to the very floor :  
 Which they effected, none could them withstand.  
 But *Love* and *Grace* took *Glory* by the hand,  
 And built a braver Palace than before. 20

Colof. 3. 3.

*Our life is hid with Christ in God.*

MY words and thoughts do both exprefs this notion  
That *LIFE* hath with the Sun a double motion.  
The first *IS* straight, and our diurnal friend ;  
The other *HID*, and doth obliquely bend :  
One life is wrapt *IN* fleſh, and tends to earth :  
The other winds towards *HIM*, whoſe happy birth  
Taught me to live here to *THAT* ſtill one eye  
Should aim and ſhoot at that which *IS* on high ;  
Quitting with daily labour all *MY* pleaſure,  
To gain at harveſt an eternal *TREASURE*.

¶ Vanity.

THE fleet Aſtronomer can bore  
And thred the ſpheres with his quick-piercing mind :  
He views their ſtations, walks from door to door,  
Surveys, as if he had deſign'd  
To make a purchaſe there : he ſees their dances,  
And knoweth long before  
Both their full-ey'd aſpects, and ſecret glances.

The nimble Diver with his ſide  
Cuts through the working waves, that he may fetch  
His dearly-earned pearl, which God did hide  
On purpoſe from the ventrous wretch ;  
That he might ſave his life, and alſo hers,  
Who with exceſſive pride  
Her own deſtruction and his danger wears.

The subtil Chymick can deuest  
 And strip the creature naked, till he find  
 The callow principles within their nest :  
     There he imparts to them his mind,  
 Admitted to their bed-chamber, before  
     They appear trim and drest  
 To ordinary suitors at the door.

5

What hath not man sought out and found,  
 But his dear God ? who yet his glorious law  
 Embosoms in us, mellowing the ground  
     With showers and frosts, with love and aw ;  
 So that we need not say, Where's this command ?  
     Poor man ! thou searcest round  
 To find out *death*, but missest *life* at hand.

10

## ¶ Lent.

**W**elcom dear feast of Lent : who loves not thee 15  
     He loves nor Temp'rance, or Authority,  
     But is compos'd of passion,  
 The Scriptures bid us *fast* ; the Church says, *Now* :  
 Give to thy Mother, what thou would'st allow  
     To ev'ry Corporation.

20

The humble soul compos'd of love and fear,  
 Begins at home, and lays the burden there,  
     When doctrines disagree.  
 He says, In things which use hath justly got,  
 I am a scandal to the Church, and not  
     The Church is so to me.

25

True



True Christians should be glad of an occasion  
To use their temperance, seeking no evasion,  
When good is seasonable ;

Unless Authority, which should increase

5 The obligation in us, make it less,  
And Power it self disable.

Besides the cleanness of sweet abstinence,  
Quick thoughts and motions at a small expence,  
A face not fearing light :

10 Whereas in fulness there are sluttish fumes,  
Sowr exhalations, and dishonest rheums,  
Revening the delight.

Then those same pendent profits, which the spring  
And Easter intimate, enlarge the thing,

15 And goodnesse of the deed.

Neither ought other mens abuse of Lent  
Spoil the good use ; lest by that argument  
We forfeit all our Creed.

It's true, we cannot reach Christs fourtieth day ;

20 Yet to go part of that religious way,  
Is better than to rest :

15 We cannot reach our Saviours purity ;

Yet are we bld, *Be holy ev'n as he.*

In both let's do our best.

20 25 Who goeth in the way which Christ hath gone,  
Is much more sure to meet with him, than one  
That travelleth by-ways.

Perhaps my God, though he be far before,  
May turn, and take me by the hand, and more

30 May strenthen my decays.

D 4

Yet

25

True

Yet Lord instruct us to improve our fast  
 By starving sin, and taking such repast  
     As may our faults controll:  
 That ev'ry man may revel at his door,  
 Not in his parlour; banquetting the poor,  
     And among those his soul.

¶ *Vertue.*

Sweet day, so cool, so calm, so bright,  
 The bridal of the earth and sky.  
 The dew shall weep thy fall to night;  
     For thou must die.

Sweet Rose, whose hue angry and brave  
 Bids the rash gazer wipe his eye:  
 Thy root is ever in its grave,  
     And thou must die.

Sweet spring, full of sweet days and roses,  
 A box where sweets compacted lie;  
 My Musick shews ye have your closes,  
     And all must die.

Only a sweet and virtuous soul,  
 Like season'd timber never gives;  
 But though the whole world turn to coal,  
     Then chiefly lives.

¶ The Pearl, *Matth. 13.*

5 I Know the ways of Learning; both the head  
And Pipes that feed the presse, and make it run;  
What Reason hath from Nature borrowed,  
Or of it self, like a good hufwife, spun  
5 In laws and policy; what the stars conspire;  
What willing Nature speaks, what forc'd by fire;  
Both th' old discoveries, and the new found seas,  
The stock and surplus, cause and history:  
All these stand open, or I have the keys:  
10 Yet I love thee.

10 I know the ways of Honour, what maintains  
The quick returns of courtesie and wit:  
In vies of favours whether party gains,  
When glory swells the heart, and moldeth it  
15 To all expressions both of hand and eye,  
Which on the world a true-love-knot may tie,  
And bear the bundle, wheresoe're it goes:  
How many drams of spirit there must be  
To sell my life unto my friends or foes:  
15 Yet I love thee.

20 I know the ways of Pleasure, the sweet strains,  
The lullings and the relishes of it;  
The propositions of hot bloud and brains;  
What mirth and musick mean; what love and wit  
25 Have done these twenty hundred years, and more:  
I know the projects of unbridled store:  
My stuff is flesh, not brasse; my senses live,  
And grumble oft, that they have more in me  
Than he that curbs them, being but one to five:  
Yet I love thee.

I know all these, and have them in my hand :  
 Therefore not sealed, but with open eyes  
 I fly to thee, and fully understand  
 Both the main sale, and the commodities ;  
 And at what rate and price I have thy love ;  
 With all the circumstances that may move :  
 Yet through these labyrinths, not my groveling wit.  
 But thy silk-twist let down from heav'n to me,  
 Did both conduct and teach me, how by it  
 To climb to thee.

## ¶ Affliction.

**B**roken in pieces all asunder,  
 Lord hunt me not  
 A thing forgot,  
 Once a poor creature, now a wonder ;  
 A wonder tortur'd in the space  
 Betwixt this world and that of grace.

My thoughts are all a case of knives,  
 Wounding my heart  
 With scatter'd smart,  
 As watering-pots give flow'rs their lives.  
 Nothing their fury can control,  
 While they do wound and prick my soul.

All my attendants are at strife,  
 Quitting their place  
 Unto my face :  
 Nothing performs the task of life :  
 The elements are let loose to fight,  
 And while I live, try out their right.

Oh

Oh help, my God ! let not their plot  
Kill them and me,  
And also thee,

Who art my life : dissolve the knot,  
As the Sun scatters by his light  
All the rebellions of the night.

Then shall those powers, which work for grief,  
Enter thy pay,  
And day by day

Labour thy praise and my relief ;  
With care and courage building me,  
Till I reach heav'n, and much more thee.

¶ Man.

**M**Y God, I heard this day,  
That none doth build a stately habitation,  
But he that means to dwell therein.  
What house more stately hath there been,  
Or can be, then is Man ? to whose creation  
All things are in decay.

For Man is ev'ry thing,  
And more : He is a tree, yet bears no fruit ;  
A beast, yet is or should be more.  
Reason and speech we only bring.  
Parrats may thank us, if they are not mute,  
They go upon the score.

Man is all symmetry,  
Full of proportions, one limb to another,  
And all to all the world besides :  
Each part may call the farthest brother :  
For head with foot hath private amity,  
And both with moons and tides.

Nothing.

Nothing hath got so far,  
 But man hath caught and kept it, as his prey.  
 His eyes dismount the highest star :  
 He is in little all the sphere.  
 Herbs gladly cure our flesh, because that they  
 Find their acquaintance there. 5

For us the winds do blow,  
 The earth doth rest, heav'n move, and fountains flow:  
 Nothing we see, but means our good,  
 As our *delight*, or as our *treasure* : 10  
 The whole is either our cupboard of *food*,  
 Or cabinet of *pleasure*.

The stars have us to bed ;  
 Night draws the curtain, which the Sun withdraws :  
 Musick and light attend our head. 15  
 All things unto our *flesh* are kind  
 In their *descent* and *being* ; to our *mind*  
 In their *ascent* and *cause*.

Each thing is full of duty.  
 Waters united are our navigation ; 20  
 Distinguished, our habitation ;  
 Below, our drink ; above, our meat :  
 Both are our cleanliness. Hath one such beauty ?  
 Then how are all things near !

More Servants wait on Man, 25  
 Than he'll take notice of : in ev'ry path  
 He treads down that which doth befriend him,  
 When sickness makes him pale and wan.  
 Oh mighty love ! Man is one world, and hath  
 Another to attend him. 30  
 Since

Since then, my God, thou hast  
So brave a Palace built ; O dwell in it,  
That it may dwell with thee at last !  
Till then afford us so much wit,  
5 That as the world serves us, we may serve thee,  
And both thy servants be.

¶ Antiphone.

Chor.

Praised be the God of love,  
Men. Here below,  
Angels. And here above :

10 Chor.

Who hath dealt his mercies so,  
Ang. To his friend,  
Men. And to his foe :

Chor.

That both grace and glory tend  
Ang. Us of old,

15

Chor.

Men. And us in th' end.  
The great Shepherd of the fold  
Ang. Us did make,  
Men. For us was sold.

Chor.

20

He our foes in pieces brake :  
Ang. Him we touch ;  
Men. And him we take.

Chor.

Wherefore since that he is such,  
Ang. We adore,  
Men. And we do crouch.

25 Chor.

Lord, thy praises shall be more.  
Men. We have none,  
Ang. And we no store,

Chor.

Praised be the God alone,  
Who hath made of two folds one.

¶ Un-

¶ Unkindness.

**L**ord, make me coy and tender to offend.  
In friendship, first I think, if that agree,  
Which I intend,  
Unto my friends intent and end.  
I would not use a friend, as I use Thee.

If any touch my friend, or his good name,  
It is my honour and my love to free  
His blasted fame  
From the least spot or thought of blame.  
I could not use a friend, as I use Thee.

My friend may spit upon my curious floor:  
Would he have gold? I lend it instantly;  
But let the poor,  
And thou within them starve at door.  
I cannot use a friend, as I use Thee.

When that my friend pretendeth to a place,  
I quit my interest, and leave it free ;  
But when thy grace  
Sues for my heart, I thee displace ;  
Nor would I use a friend, as I use Thee.

Yet can a friend what thou hast done fulfill?  
O write in brasse, *My God upon a tree*  
*His blood did spill,*  
*Only to purchase my good will:*  
Yet use I not my foes, as I use thee.

9. Life.



¶ Life.

I Made a posie, while the day ran by :  
 Here will I smell my remnant out, and tie  
 My life within this band.  
 But time did beckon to the flow'rs, and they  
 5 By noon most cunningly did steal away,  
 And wither'd in my hand.

My hand was next to them, and then my heart :  
 I took, without more thinking, in good part  
 10 Times gentle admonition ;  
 Who did so sweetly deaths sad taste convey,  
 Making my mind to smell my fatal day,  
 10 Yet sugring the suspicion.

Farewel dear flow'rs ; sweetly your time ye spent,  
 15 Fit, while ye liv'd, for smell or ornament,  
 And after death for cures.  
 I follow straight without complaints or grief,  
 15 Since, if my sent be good, I care not if  
 It be as short as yours.

¶ Submission.

20 **B**Ut that thou art my wisdom, Lord,  
 And both mine eyes are thine,  
 My mind would be extreemly stirr'd  
 For missing my design.

25 Were it not better to bestow  
 Some place and power on me ?  
 Then should thy praises with me grow,  
 And share in my degree.

But

But when I thus dispute and grieve,  
 I do resume my fight,  
 And pilftring what I once did give,  
 Disseise thee of thy right.

How know I, if thou shouldst me raise,  
 That I should then raise thee?  
 Perhaps great places, and thy praise  
 Do not so well agree.  
 Wherefore unto thy gift I stand;  
 I will no more advise:  
 Only do thou lend me a hand,  
 Since thou hast both mine eyes.

5

10

## ¶ Justice.

I cannot skill of these thy ways.  
 Lord, thou didst make me, yet thou woundest me:  
 Lord, thou didst wound me, yet thou dost relieve me: 15  
 Lord, thou relievest, yet I die by thee:  
 Lord, thou dost kill me, yet thou dost reprieve me.

But when I mark my life and praise,  
 Thy justice me most fitly pays:  
 For I do praise thee, yet I praise thee not: 20  
 My prayers mean thee, yet my prayers stray:  
 I would do well, yet sin the hand hath got:  
 My soul doth love thee, yet it loves delay.  
 I cannot skill of these my ways.

20

## ¶ Charms and Knots.

Who read a Chapter when they rise,  
 Shall ne're be troubled with ill eyes.

25

A

A poor mans rod, when thou dost ride,  
Is both a weapon and a guide.

Who shuts his hand, hath lost his gold :  
Who opens it, hath it twice told.

5 Who goes to bed, and doth not pray,  
Maketh two nights to ev'ry day.

Who by aspersions throw a stone  
At th' head of others, hit their own.

10 Who looks on ground with humble eyes,  
10 Finds himself there, and seeks to rise.

When th' hair is sweet through pride or lust,  
The powder doth forget the dust.

Take one from ten; and what remains?  
Ten still, if Sermons go for gains.

15 In shallow waters heav'n doth show :  
But who drinks on, to hell may go.

¶ Affliction.

20 MY God, I read this day,  
That planted Paradise was not so firm;  
20 As was and is thy floating Ark; whose stay  
And Anchor thou art only, to confirm  
And strengthen it in ev'ry age,  
When waves do rise, and tempests rage.

At first we liv'd in pleasure;  
25 Thine own delights thou didst to us impart :  
When we grew wanton, thou didst use displeasure.  
To make us thine : yet that we might not part,  
As we at first did board with thee,  
Now thou wouldst taste our misery.

There

There is but joy and grief ;  
 If either will convert us, we are thine :  
 Some Angels us'd the first ; if our relief  
 Take up the second, then thy double line  
 And sev'ral baits in either kind  
 Furnish thy table to thy mind.

5

Affliction then is ours ;  
 We are the trees, whom shaking fastens more,  
 While blustering winds destroy the wanton bowers,  
 And ruffle all their carions knots and store.  
 My God, so temper joy and wo,  
 That thy bright beams may tame thy bow.

10

### ¶ Mortification.

How soon doth man-decay !  
 When clothes are taken from a chest of sweets  
 To swaddle infants, whose young breath  
 Scarce knows the way :  
 Those clouts are little winding-sheets,  
 Which do consign and send them unto death.

15

When boys go first to bed,  
 They step into their voluntary graves ;  
 Sleep binds them fast ; only their breath  
 Makes them not dead :  
 Successive nights, like rolling waves,  
 Convey them quickly, who are bound for death.

20

When youth is frank and free,  
 And calls for musick, while his veins do swell,  
 All day exchanging mirth and breath  
 In company ;  
 That musick summons to the knell,  
 Which shall befriend him at the house of death.

25

When

When man grows staid and wise,  
Getting a house and home, where he may move  
Within the circle of his breath,  
Schooling his eyes;  
5 5 That dumb incl osure maketh love  
Unto the coffin, that attends his death.

When age grows low and weak,  
Marking his grave, and thawing ev'ry year,  
Till all do melt, and drown his breath  
10 10 When he would speak;  
A chair or litter shews the beer,  
Which shall convey him to the house of death:

Man, ere he is aware,  
Hath put together a solemnity,  
15 And drest his herse, while he hath breath  
As yet to spare.  
15 Yet Lord, instruct us so to die,  
That all these dyings may be life in death.

¶ Decay.

20 Sweet were the days, when thou didst lodge with  
20 S Struggle with *Jacob*, sit with *Gideon*, (Lor,  
Advise with *Abraham*, when thy power could not  
Encounter *Moses* strong complaints and mone:  
Thy words were then, *Let me alone*.

25 One might have sought, and found thee presently  
At some fair oak, or bush, or cave, or well.  
25 Is my God this way? No, they would reply:  
He is to *Sinai* gone, as we heard tell:  
Lift, ye may hear great *Aarons* bell.

But

But now thou dost thy self immure and close  
 In some one corner of a feeble heart:  
 Where yet both Sin and Satan, thy old foes,  
 Do pinch and straiten thee, and use much art  
 To gain thy thirds and little part.

I see the world grows old, when as the heat  
 Of thy great love once spread, as in an urn  
 Doth closet up it self, and still retreat,  
 Cold sin still forcing it, till it return,  
 And calling Justice, all things burn.

### ¶ Misery.

★ **L**ord, let the Angels praise thy name,  
 Man is a foolish thing, a foolish thing;  
 Folly and Sin play all his game.  
 His house still burns; and yet he still doth sing,  
*Man is but grass,*  
*He knows it, fill the glass.*

How canst thou brook his foolishness?  
 Nay, he'll not lose a cup of drink for thee:  
 Bid him but temper his excess;  
 Not he: he knows where he can better be,  
 As he will swear,  
 Than to serve thee in fear.

What strange pollutions doth he wed,  
 And make his own, as if none knew but he!  
 No man shall beat into his head,  
 That thou within his curtains drawn canst see:  
 They are of cloth,  
 Where never yet came moth.

The best of men, turn but thy hand  
 For one poor minute, stumble at a pin:  
 They would not have their actions scann'd,  
 Nor any sorrow tell them that they sin,  
 Though it be small,  
 And measure not their fall.

They quarrel thee, and would give over  
 The bargain made to serve thee: but thy love  
 Holds them unto it, and doth cover  
 Their follies with the wing of thy mild Dove,  
 Not suff'ring those  
 Who would, to be thy foes.

My God, Man cannot praise thy name:  
 Thou art all brightnesse, perfect purity:  
 The Sun holds down his head for shame,  
 Dead with eclipses, when we speak of thee.  
 How shall infection  
 Presume on thy perfection?

As dirty hands foul all they touch,  
 And those things most, which are most pure & fine:  
 So our clay-hearts, ev'n when we crouch  
 To sing thy praises, make them less divine.  
 Yet either this,  
 Or none thy portion is.

Man cannot serve thee; let him go  
 And serve the Swine: there, there is his delight:  
 He doth not like this Vertue, no;  
 Give him his dirt to wallow in all night:  
 These Preachers make  
 His head to shoot and ake,

On



Oh foolish man, where are thine eyes?  
 How hast thou lost them in a croud of cares;  
 Thou pull'st the rag, and wilt not rise,  
 No, not to purchase the whole pack offstars:  
     There let them shine,  
     Thou must go sleep, or die.

The bird that sees a dainty bower  
 Made in the tree, where she was wont to sit,  
 Wonders and sings, but not his power,  
 Who made the arbour: this exceeds her wit.  
     But man doth know  
     The spring, whence all things flow:

And yet, as though he knew it not,  
 His knowledge winks, and lets his humours reign:  
 They make his life a constant blot,  
 And all the bloud of God to run in vain.  
     Ah wretch! what verse  
     Can thy strange ways rehearse?

Indeed at first Man was a treasure,  
 A box of jewels, shop of rarities,  
 A ring, whose posie was, *My pleasure*:  
 He was was a garden in a Paradise:  
     Glory and grace  
     Did crown his heart and face.

But sin hath fool'd him. Now he is  
 A lump of flesh, without a foot or wing  
 To raise him to a glimpse of blisse:  
 A sick tofs'd vessel, dashing on each thing;  
     Nay, his own self:  
     My God, I mean my self.



## ¶ Jordan.

5 **W**hen first my lines of heav'nly joyes made mention,  
 Such was their lustre, they did so excell,  
 That I sought out quaint words and trim invention :  
 My thoughts began to burnish, sprout, and swell,  
 5 Curling with metaphors a plain intention,  
 Decking the sense, as if it were to sell.

10 Thousands of notions in my brain did run,  
 Off'ring their service, if I were not sped :  
 I often blotted what I had begun ;  
 10 This was not quick enough, and that was dead.  
 Nothing could seem too rich to clothe the Sun,  
 15 Much less those joyes which trample on his head.

As flames do work and wind, when they ascend,  
 So did I weave my self into the sense.  
 15 But while I bustled, I might hear a friend  
 Whisper, *How wide is all this long pretence !*  
 20 *There is in love a sweetness ready penn'd :*  
*Copy out only that, and save expence.*

## ¶ Prayer.

25 **O**F what an easie quick accessse,  
 20 My blessed Lord, art thou ! how suddenly  
 May our requests thine ear invade !  
 To shew that state dislikes not easiness.  
 30 If I but lift mine eyes, my suit is made :  
 Thou canst no more not hear, than thou canst die.  
 Of

Of what supream Almighty power  
 Is thy great arm, which spans the East and West,  
 And racks the Centre to the Sphere !  
 By it do all things live their measur'd hour :  
 We cannot ask the thing which is not there,  
 Blaming the shallownesse of our request.

Of what unmeasurable love  
 Art thou possesse, who when thou couldst not die,  
 Wert faine to take our flesh and curse,  
 And for our sakes in person sin reprove ;  
 That by destroying that which ty'd thy purse,  
 Thou mightst make way for liberality !

Since then these three wait on thy throne  
*Ease, Power, and Love* ; I value Prayer so,  
 That were I to leave all but one,  
 Wealth, fame, endowments, vertues, all should go :  
 I and dear Prayer would together dwell,  
 And quickly gain for each inch lost, an ell.

## ¶ Obedience.

MY God, if writings may  
 Convey a Lordship any way  
 Whither the buyer and the seller please ;  
 Let it not thee displease,  
 If this poor paper do as much as they.

On it my heart doth bleed  
 As many lines, as there doth need  
 To pass it self, and all it hath to thee :  
 To which I do agree,  
 And here present it as my special deed.

If that hereafter Pleasure  
 Caviel, and claim her part and measure,  
 As if this passed with a reservation,  
 Or some such words in fashion;  
 5 I here exclude the wrangler from thy treasure,

O let thy sacred will  
 All thy delight in me fulfil!  
 Let me not think an action mine own way,  
 But as thy love shall sway,  
 10 Resigning up the rudder to thy skill.

Lord, what is man to thee,  
 That thou shouldst mind a rotten tree;  
 Yet since thou canst not chuse but see my actions;  
 So great are thy perfections,  
 15 Thou maist as well my actions guide, as see.

Besides, thy death and bloud  
 Show'd a strange love to all our good:  
 Thy sorrows were in earnest; no faint proffer,  
 Or superficial offer  
 20 Of what we might not take, or be withstood.

Wherefore I all forgo:  
 To one word only I say, No.  
 Where in the deed there was an intimation  
 Of a gift or donation,  
 25 Lord, let it not by way of purchase go.

He that will pass his land,  
 As I have mine, may set his hand  
 And heart unto this deed, when he hath read;  
 And make the purchase spread  
 30 To both our goods, if he to it will stand.

How happy were my part,  
 If some kind man would thrust his heart  
 Into these lines ; till in heavens court of rolls  
 They were by winged souls  
 Entred for both, far above their desert !

5

## ¶ Conscience.

**P**ease pratler, do not lowre :  
 Not a fair look , but thou dost call it foul :  
 Not a sweet dish, but thou dost call it fowre :  
 Musick to thee doth howl.  
 By listning to thy chatting fears  
 I have both lost mine eyes and ears.

10

Pratler, no more, I say :  
 My thoughts must work, but like a noiseless sphere.  
 Harmonious peace must rock them all the day :  
 No room for pratlers there.  
 If thou persistest, I will tell thee,  
 That I have Physick to expel thee.

15

And the receipt shall be  
 My Saviours blood : when ever at his board  
 I do but taste it, straight it cleanseth me,  
 And leaves thee not a word,  
 No, not a tooth or nail to scratch,  
 And at my actions carp or catch.

20

Yet if thou talkest still,  
 Besides my physick, know ther's some for thee :  
 Some wood and nails to make a staff or bill  
 For those that trouble me :  
 The bloody cross of my dear Lord  
 Is both my physick and my sword.

25

Sion

## ¶ Sion.

L Ord, with what glory wast thou serv'd of old,  
 When *Solomons* temple stood and flourished!  
 Where most things were of purest gold:  
 The wood was all embellished  
 5 With flowers and carvings, mystical and rare:  
 All shew'd the builders, crav'd the seers care.

Yet all this glory, all this pomp and state  
 Did not affect thee much, was not thy aim,  
 Something there was that sow'd debate:  
 10 Wherefore thou quitt'st thy ancient claim:  
 And now thy Architecture meets with sin;  
 For all thy frame and fabrick is within.

There thou art struggling with a peevish heart,  
 Which sometimes crosseth thee, thou sometimes it:  
 15 The fight is hard, on either part.  
 Great God doth fight, he doth submit.  
 All *Solomons* sea of brasse and world of stone  
 Is not so dear to thee as one good grone.

And truly brasse and stone are heavy things,  
 20 Tombs for the dead, not temples fit for thee:  
 But groans are quick and full of wings,  
 And all their motions upward be;  
 And ever as they mount, like larks they sing:  
 The note is sad, yet musick for a King.

## ¶ Home.

25 C Ome Lord, my head doth burn, my heart is sick  
 While thou dost ever, ever stay:  
 Thy long deferrings wound me to the quick,  
 My spirit gaspeth night and day.  
 O shew thy self to me,  
 Or take me up to thee!

How canst thou stay, considering the pace  
 the blood did make, which thou didst waste?  
 When I behold it trickling down thy face,  
 I never saw thing make such haste.  
 O shew thy self to me,  
 Or take me up to thee!

When Man was lost, thy pity lookt about  
 To see what help in th' earth or sky:  
 But there was none; at least no help without:  
 The help did in thy bosom lie.  
 O shew thy, &c.

There lay thy Son: and must he leave that nest,  
 That hive of sweetness, to remove  
 Thralldom from those, who would not at a feast  
 Leave one poor apple for thy love?  
 O shew thy, &c.

He did, he came. O my Redeemer dear,  
 After all this canst thou be strange?  
 So many years baptiz'd, and not appear?  
 As if thy love could fail or change.  
 O shew thy, &c.

Yet if thou stayest still, why must I stay?  
 My God, what is this world to me?  
 This world of wo; hence all ye clouds, away,  
 Away; I must get up and see.  
 O shew thy, &c.

What is this weary world, this meat and drink,  
 That chains us by the teeth so fast?  
 What is this womankind, which I can wink  
 Into a blackness and distaste?  
 O shew thy, &c.

With

With one small sigh thou gav'st me th'other day  
I blasted all the joys about me :

And scouling on them, as they pin'd away,  
Now come again, said I, and flout me.

5 O shew thy self to me,  
Or take me up to thee!

Nothing but drougt and dearth, but bush and brake,  
Which way soe're I look, I see.

Some may dream merrily, but when they wake,

10 They dress themselves, and come to thee.

O shew thy, &c.

We talk of harvest; there are no such things,

But when we leave our corn and hay :

There is no fruitful year, but that which brings

15 The last and lov'd, though dreadful day.

O shew thy, &c.

O loose this frame, this knot of man untie!

That my free soul may use her wing,

Which now is pinion'd with mortality,

20 As an entangled, hamper'd thing.

O shew thy, &c.

What have I left, that I should stay and grone?

The most of me to heav'n is fled :

My thoughts and joys are all packt up and gone,

25 And for their old acquaintance plead.

O shew thy, &c.

Come dearest Lord, pass not this holy season,

My flesh and bones and joynts do pray :

And ev'n my verse, when by the rhyme and reason

30 The word is *Stay*, says ever, *Come*.

O shew thy self to me,

Or take me up to thee!

## ¶ The Brittish Church.

I Joy dear Mother, when I view  
Thy perfect lineaments, and hue  
Both sweet and bright.

Beauty in thee takes up her place,  
And dates her letters from thy face,  
When she doth write.

A fine aspect in fit array,  
Neither too mean, nor yet too gay,  
Shews who is best.

Outlandish looks may not compare :  
For all they either painted are,  
Or else undrest.

She on the hills which wantonly  
Allureth all in hope to be  
By her preferr'd,  
Hath kiss'd so long her painted shrines,  
That ev'n her face by kissing shines,  
For her reward.

She in the valley is so shie  
Of dressing, that her hair doth lie  
About her ears :

While she avoids her neighbours pride,  
She wholly goes on th' other side  
And nothing wears.

But, dearest Mother, (what those miss)  
The mean thy praise and glory is,  
And long may be.

Blessed be God, whose love it was  
To double-moat thee with his grace,  
And none but thee.



## ¶ The Quip.

**T**He merry world did on a day  
 With his train-bands and mates agree  
 To meet together, where I lay,  
 And all in sport to jeer at me.

5 First, Beauty crept into a Rose;  
 Which when I pluckt not, Sir, said she,  
 Tell me, I pray, whose hands are those?  
*But thou shalt answer, Lord, for me.*

10 Then Money came, and chinking still,  
 What tune is this, poor man? said he:  
 I heard in Musick you had skill.  
*But thou shalt answer, Lord, for me.*

15 Then came brave Glory puffing by  
 In silks that whistled, who but he?  
 He scarce allow'd me half an eye.  
*But thou shalt answer, Lord, for me.*

20 Then came quick Wit and Conversation,  
 And he would needs a comfort be,  
 And, to be short, make an oration,  
*But thou shalt answer, Lord, for me.*

Yet when the hour of thy design  
 To answer these fine things shall come;  
 Speak not at large, say, I am thine,  
 And then they have their answer home.

## ¶ Vanity.

**P**oor silly soul, whose hope and head lies low;  
 Whose flat delights on earth do creep and grow;  
 To whom the stars shine not so fair, as eyes;  
 Nor solid work, as false embroyderies:  
 Heark and beware, lest what you now do measure 5  
 And write for sweet, prove a most sower displeasure.

O hear betimes, lest thy relenting  
 May come too late!  
 To purchase heaven for repenting,  
 Is not hard rate 10  
 If souls be made of earthly mold,  
 Let them love gold;  
 If born on high,  
 Let them unto their kindred fly:  
 For they can never be at rest, 15  
 Till they regain their ancient nest,  
 Then silly soul take heed; for earthly joy  
 Is but a bubble, and makes thee a boy.

## ¶ The Dawning.

**A**wake sad heart, whom sorrow ever drowns:  
 Take up shine eyes, which feed on earth; 20  
 Unfold thy forehead gather'd into frowns:  
 Thy Saviour comes, and with him mirth:  
 Awake, awake;  
 And with a thankful heart his comforts take.  
 But thou dost still lament, and pine, and cry 25  
 And feel his death, but not his victory.

Arise

Arise sad heart; if thou dost not withstand,  
 Christs resurrection thine may be:  
 Do not by hanging down break from the hand,  
 Which as it riseth, raiseth thee:

5 Arise, arise;  
 And with his burial-linnen dry thine eyes. (grief  
 Christ left his grave-cloaths, that we might, when  
 Draws tears, or bloud, not want an handkerchief.

## 9 JESU.

JESU is in my heart, his sacred name  
 10 Is deeply carved there: but th'other week  
 A great affliction broke the little frame,  
 Ev'n all to pieces; which I went to seek:  
 And first I found the corner, where was J,  
 After, where E S, and next where U was graved.  
 15 When I had got these parcels, instantly  
 I sat me down to spell them, and perceived  
 That to my broken heart he was *I ease you,*  
 And to my whole is *JESU*.

## 9 Business.

20 **C**Anst be idle? canst to play,  
 Foolish soul, who sinn'd to day?

Rivers run, and springs each one  
 Know their home, and get them gone:  
 Hast thou tears, or hast thou none?

If, poor soul, thou hast no tears,  
 25 Would thou hadst no faults or fears!  
 Who hath these, those ills forbears.

Winds still work : it is their plot,  
 Be the season cold or hot :  
 Hast thou sighs, or hast thou not?  
 If thou hast no sighs nor groans,  
 Would thou hadst no flesh and bones !  
 Lesser pains seape greater ones.

But if yet thou idle be,  
 Foolish soul, who di'd for thee ?

Who did leave his Fathers throne,  
 To assume thy flesh and bone ?  
 Had he life, or had he none ?

If he had not liv'd for thee,  
 Thou hadst di'd most wretchedly ;  
 And two deaths had been thy fee.

He so far thy good did plot,  
 That his own self he forgot.  
 Did he die, or did he not ?

If he had not di'd for thee,  
 Thou hadst liv'd in misery ;  
 Two lives worse than ten deaths be.

And hath any space of breath  
 Twixt his sins and Saviours death ?

He that loseth Gold, though dross,  
 Tells to all he meets, his cross :  
 He that sins, hath he no loss ?

He that finds a silver vein,  
 Thinks on it, and thinks again ;  
 Brings thy Saviours death no gain ?

Who in heart not ever kneels,  
 Neither sin nor Saviour feels.

The Church:  
¶ Dialogue.

F 07

Sweetest Saviour, if my soul  
Were but worth the having,  
Quickly then should I controul  
Any thought of waving.

5 But when all my care and pains  
Cannot give the name of gains  
To thy wretch so full of stains;  
What delight or hope remains?

10 What (Child) is the ballance thine?

10 Thine the poize and measure?

If I say, thou shalt be mine,  
Finger not my treasure.

What the gains in having thee  
Do amount to, only he,

15 Who for man was sold, can see,  
That transferr'd th' accounts to me.

But as I can see no merit,  
Leading to this favour.

So the way to fit me for it,

20 Is beyond my favour.

As the reason then is thine;

So the way is none of mine:

I disclaim the whole design:

Sin disclaims, and I resign.

25 That is all, if that I could

Get without repining;

And my clay, my creature would

Follow my resigning:

That as I did freely part

30 With my glory and desert,

Left all joyes to feel all smart——

Ah! no more: thou break'st my heart.

Dulness.

## ¶ Dulness.

Why do I languish thus, drooping and dull.  
 As if I were all earth?  
 O give me quickness, that I may with mirth  
 Praise thee brim-full.

The wanton lover in a curious strain  
 Can praise his fairest fair;  
 And with quaint metaphors her curled hair  
 Curl o're again.

Thou art my loveliness, my life, my light,  
 Beauty alone to me:  
 Thy bloody death and undeserv'd, makes thee  
 Pure red and white.

When all perfections as but one appear,  
 That those thy form doth show,  
 The very dust, where thou dost tread and go,  
 Makes beauties here.

Where are my lines then? my approaches? views?  
 Where are my window-Songs?  
 Lovers are still pretending, and ev'n wrongs  
 Sharpen their Muse.

But I am lost in flesh, whose sugred lies  
 Still mock me, and grow bold:  
 Sure thou didst put a mind there, if I could  
 Find where it lies.

Lord, clear thy gift, that with a constant wit  
 I may but look towards thee:  
 Look only; for to love thee, who can be,  
 What Angel fit?

¶ Love-

¶ Love-joy.

A Son a window late I cast mine eye,  
 I saw a vine drop grapes with *J* and *C*  
 Anneal'd on every bunch. One standing by  
 Ask'd what it meant. I (who am never loth  
5 To spend my judgement) said, It seem'd to me  
 To be the body and the letters both  
 Of *Joy* and *Charity*. Sir, you have not miss'd,  
5 The man reply'd? It figures *JESUS CHRIST*.

¶ Providence.

O Sacred Providence, who from end to end  
10 Strongly and sweetly movest! shall I write,  
 And not of thee, through whom my fingers bend  
 To hold my quill? shall they not do thee right?

Of all the creatures both in sea and land  
 Only to man thou hast made known thy ways,  
15 And put the pen alone into his hand,  
 And made him Secretary of thy praise.

Beasts fain would sing; birds ditto to their notes;  
 Trees would be tuning on their native lute  
 To thy renown: but all their hands and throats  
20 Are brought to Man, while they are lame and mute.

Man is the worlds high Priest: he doth present  
 The sacrifice for all; while they below  
 Unto the service mutter an assent,  
 Such as Springs use that fall, and winds that blow.

25 He that to praise and laud thee doth refrain,  
 Doth not refrain unto himself alone,  
 But robs a thousand who would praise thee fain;  
 And doth commit a world of sin in one.

The

The beasts say, Eat me : but, if beasts must teach,  
 The tongue is yours to eat, but mine to praise.  
 The trees say, Pull me : but the hand you stretch,  
 Is mine to write, as it is yours to raise.

Wherefore, most sacred Spirit, I here present  
 For me and all my fellows praise to thee :  
 And just it is that I should pay the rent,  
 Because the benefit accrues to me.

We all acknowledge both thy power and love  
 To be exact, transcendent, and divine ;  
 Who dost so strongly and so sweetly move,  
 While all things have their will, yet none but thine.

For either thy *command* or thy *permission*  
 Lay hands on all : they are thy *right* and *left*,  
 The first puts on with speed and expedition ;  
 The other curbs sins stealing pace and theft.

Nothing escapes them both : all must appear,  
 And be dispos'd and dress'd, and tun'd by thee,  
 Who sweetly temper'st all. If we could hear  
 Thy skill and art, what musick would it be !

Thou art in small things great, not small in any :  
 Thy even praise can neither rise nor fall.  
 Thou art in all things one, in each thing many :  
 For thou art infinite in one, and all.

Tempests are calm to thee, they know thy hand,  
 And hold it fast, as children do their fathers,  
 Which cry and follow, Thou hast made poor sand  
 Check the proud sea, ev'n when it swells and gathers.

Thy cupboard serves the world : the meat is set,  
 Where all may reach : no beast but knows his feed :  
 Birds teach us hawking : fishes have their net :  
 The great prey on the less, they on some weed.

Nothing



Nothing ingendred doth prevent his meat ;  
Flies have their table spread, e're they appear.  
Some creatures have in winter what to eat ;  
Others do sleep, and envy not their chear.

5 How finely dost thou times and seasons spin !  
And make a twist checker'd with night and day !  
Which as it lengthens, winds, and winds us in,  
As bowls go on, but turning all the way.

10 Each creature hath a wisdom for his good.  
The pigeons feed their tender off-spring, crying,  
When they are callow ; but withdraw their food  
When they are fledg, that need may teach them fly-  
(ing.

15 Bees work for man ; and yet they never bruise  
Their masters flow'r, but leave it, having done,  
15 As fair as ever, and as fit to use :  
So both the flow'r doth stay, and honey run.

20 Sheep eat the grass, and dung the ground for more:  
Trees after bearing drop their leaves for soil :  
20 Springs vent their streams, and by expence get store:  
20 Clouds cool by heat, and baths by cooling boil.

Who hath the vertue to express the rare  
And curious vertues both of herbs and stones ?  
Is there an herb for that ? O that thy care  
Would shew a root that gives expressions !

25 And if an herb hath power, what have the stars ?  
A rose, besides his beauty, is a cure.  
Doubtless our plagues and plenty, peace and wars  
Are there much surer than our art is sure.

30 Thou hast hid metals : man may take them thence ;  
30 But at his peril : when he digs the place,  
He makes a grave ; as if the thing had sense,  
And threatned man, that he should fill the space.

Ev'n

Ev'n poysons praise thee. Should a thing be lost?  
Should creatures want, for want of heed, their due?  
Since where are poysons, antidotes are most;  
The help stands close, and keeps the fear in view.

The sea, which seems to stop the traveller,  
Is by a ship the speedier passage made.  
The winds, who think they rule the Mariner,  
Are rul'd by him, and taught to serve his trade.

And as thy house is full, so I adore  
Thy curious art in marshalling thy goods.  
The hills with health abound; the vales with store;  
The South with marble; North with furs and woods.

Hard things are glorious; easie things good cheap.  
The common all men have: that which is rare,  
Men therefore seek to have, and care to keep.  
The healthy frosts with summer fruits compare.

Light without wind is glasse: warm without weight  
Is wool and furs: cool, without closeness, shade:  
Speed without pains, a horse: tall without height,  
A servile hawk: low without losse, a spade.

All countreys have enough to serve their need;  
If they seek fine things, thou dost make them run  
For their offence; and then dost turn their speed  
To be commerce and trade from sun to sun.

Nothing wears clothes but Man; nothing doth need  
But he to wear them. Nothing useth fire,  
But Man alone, to shew his heay'nly breed:  
And only he hath felow in desire.

When th'earth was dry, thou mad'st a sea of wet:  
Whē that lay gather'd, thou didst brook the mountains  
when yet some places could no moisture get, (rains.  
The winds grew gardners, and the clouds good soun-  
Rain,

Rain, do not hurt my flowers, ; but gently spend  
Your honey drops: press not to smell them here:  
When they are ripe, their odour will ascend,  
And at your lodging with their thanks appear.

How harsh are thorns to pears! and yet they make  
A better hedge, and need less reparation.  
How smooth are silks compared with a stake,  
Or with a stone! yet make no good foundation.

Sometimes thou dost divide thy gifts to man,  
Sometimes unite. The Indian nut alone  
Is clothing, meat and trencher, drink and cann,  
Boat, cable, sail and needle, all in one.

Most herbs that grow in brooks, are hot and dry.  
Cold fruits warm kernels help against the wind.  
The limons juyce and rind cure mutually.  
The whey of milk doth loose, the milk doth bind.

Thy creatures leap not, but express a feast,  
Where all the guests sit close, and nothing wants.  
Frogs marry fish and flesh; bats, bird and beast;  
Sponges, non-sense & sense; mines, th' earth & plants

To shew thou art not bound, as if thy lot  
Were worse than ours, sometimes thou shiftest hands.  
Most things move th'under-jaw; the Crocodile not.  
Most things sleep lying, th'Elephant leans or stands.

But who hath praise enough? nay, who hath any?  
None can express thy works, but he that knows them  
And none can know thy works which are so many,  
And so compleat, but only he that owes them.

All things that are, though they have sev'ral ways,  
Yet in their being joyn with one advice  
To honour thee: and so I give thee praise  
In all my other hymns, but in this twice.

Each

Each thing that is, although in use and name  
 It go for one, hath many ways in store  
 To honour thee : and so each hymn thy fame  
 Extolleth many ways, yet this one more.

## ¶ Hope.

I Gave to hope a Watch of mine : but he  
 An anchor gave to me.  
 Then an old Prayer-book I did present :  
 And he an optick sent.  
 With that I gave a vial full of tears :  
 But he a few green ears.  
 Ah Loyterer ! I'le no more, no more I'le bring :  
 I did expect a ring.

## ¶ Sins round.

Sorry I am, my God, sorry I am,  
 That my offences course it in a ring.  
 My thoughts are working like a busie flame,  
 Until their Cockatrice they hatch and bring :  
 And when they have once perfected their draughts,  
 My words take fire from my inflamed thoughts.

My words take fire from my inflamed thoughts,  
 Which spit it forth like the Sicilian hill.  
 They vent the wares, and pass them with their faults,  
 And by their breathings ventilate the ill.  
 But words suffice not, where are lewd intentions :  
 My hands do joyn to finish the inventions.

My hands do joyn to finish the inventions :  
 And so my sins ascend three stories high,  
 As Babel grew, before there were dissensions.  
 Yet ill deeds loyter not : for they supply  
 New thoughts of sinning : wherefore to my shame,  
 Sorry I am, my God, sorry I am.

¶ Time.

**M**eeing with Time, Slack thing, said I,  
Thy sithe is dull, whet it for shame!

No marvel, Sir, he did reply,  
If it at length deserve some blame:

5 But where one man would have me grind it,  
Twenty for one too sharp do find it.

Perhaps some such of old did pass,  
Who above all things lov'd this life;  
To whom thy sithe a hatchet was,  
10 Which now is but a pruning knife.

Christs coming hath made man thy debter,  
Since by thy cutting he grows better.

And in his blessing thou art blest:  
For where thou only wert before  
15 An executioner at best;  
Thou art a gard'ner now and more.  
An usher to convey our souls  
Beyond the utmost stars and poles.

And this is that makes life so long,  
20 While it detains us from our God.  
Ev'n pleasures here increase the wrong:  
And length of days lengthen the rod.  
Who wants the place where God doth dwell,  
Partakes already half of hell.

25 Of what strange length must that needs be,  
Which ev'n eternity excludes!  
Thus far Time heard me patiently:  
Then chafing said, this man deludes:  
What do I here before his door?  
He doth not crave le's time, but more.

Grate-

## ¶ Gratefulness.

**T**Hou that hast given so much to me,  
Give one thing more, a grateful heart.  
See how thy begger works on thee  
By art.

He makes thy gifts occasion more,  
And says, if he in this be crost,  
All thou hast giv'n him heretofore  
Is lost.

But thou didst reckon, when at first  
Thy words our hearts and hands did crave,  
What it would come to at the worst  
To save.

Perpetual knockings at thy door,  
Tears fulying thy transparent rooms,  
Gift upon gift, much would have more,  
And comes.

This notwithstanding, thou wentst on,  
And didst allow us all our noise:  
Nay, thou hast made a sigh and grone  
Thy joyes.

Not that thou hast not still above  
Much better tunes than grones can make;  
But that these countrey-aires thy love  
Did take.

Wherefore I cry, and cry again;  
And in no quiet canst thou be,  
Till I a thankful heart obtain  
Of thee:

Not thankful, when it pleaseth me;  
As if thy blessings had spare days:  
But such a heart, whose pulse may be  
Thy praise.

---

¶ Peace.

5 Sweet Peace, where dost thou dwell? I humbly  
Let me once know (crave,  
I sought thee in a secret cave,  
And ask'd if Peace were there.  
10 A hollow wind did seem to answer, No:  
Go seek elsewhere,

I did; and going did a rainbow note:  
Surely thought I,  
This is the Lace of Peaces coat:  
I will search out the matter.  
15 But while I lookt, the clouds immediatly  
Did break and scatter.

Then went I to a garden, and did spy  
A gallant flower,  
20 The crown Imperial: Sure, said I,  
Peace at the root must dwell.  
But when I digg'd, I saw a worm devour  
What shew'd so well.

At length I met a rev'rend good old man;  
Whom when for Peace  
25 I did demand, he thus began:  
There was a Prince of old  
At Salem dwelt, who liv'd with good increase  
Of flock and fold.

He



He sweetly liv'd ; yet sweetness did not save  
His life from foes.

But after 'death' out of his grave

There sprang twelve stalks of wheat :

Which many wondring at, got some of those  
To plant and set.

It prosper'd strangely, and did soon disperse  
Through all the earth,

For they that taste it do rehearse,

That vertue lies therein ;

**A secret vertue, bringing peace and mirth**

**By flight of sin.**

Take of this grain, which in my garden grows,  
And grows for you ;

Make bread of it : and that repose

And peace, which everywhere

With so much earnestness you do pursue,

Is only there.

### ¶ Confession.

O What a cunning guest  
Is this same grief ! within my heart I made  
Closers, and in them many a chest ;  
And, like a master in my trade,  
In those chests, boxes ; in each box, a till :  
Yet grief knows all, and enters when he will.

No scruce, no piercer can  
 Into a piece of timber work and wind,  
 As Gods afflictions into man,  
 When hea torture hath design'd.  
 They are too subtil for the subt'leest hearts;  
 And fall, like rheums upon the tendrest parts.



We are the earth, and they,  
Like moles within us, heave and cast about :  
And till they foot and clutch their prey,  
They never cool, much less give out.

5 No Smith can make such locks, but they have keys :  
Closets are Halls to them ; and hearts, high-ways.

Only an open breast  
Doth shut them out, so that they cannot enter ;  
Or if they enter, cannot rest,  
10 But quickly seek some new adventure.  
Smooth open hearts no fastning have ; but fiction  
Doth give a hold and handle to affliction.

Wherefore my faults and sins,  
Lord I acknowledge : take thy plagues away :  
15 For since confession pardon wins,  
I challenge here the brightest day,  
The clearest diamond : let them do their best,  
They shall be thick and cloudy to my breast.

Giddiness.

20 OH what a thing is man ! how far from power,  
20 From settled peace and rest !  
He is some twenty sev'ral men at least  
Each sev'ral hour.

One while he counts of heav'n, as of his treasure :  
25 But then a thought creeps,  
25 And calls him coward, who for fear of sin  
Will lose a pleasure.

Now

Now he will fight it out, and to the wars;  
 Now eat his bread in peace;  
 And snudge in quiet; now he scorns increase;  
 Now all day spares.

He builds an house, which quickly down must go,  
 As if a whirlwind blew  
 And crumt the building: and it's partly true,  
 His mind is so.

O what a fight were Man, if his attires  
 Did alter with his mind;  
 And, like a Dolphins skin, his clothes combin'd  
 With his desires!

Surely if each one saw anothers heart,  
 There would be no commerce,  
 No Sale or Bargain passe: all would disperse,  
 And live apart.

Lord, mend, or rather make us: one creation  
 Will not suffice our turn:  
 Except thou make us daily, we shall spurn  
 Our own salvation.

### ¶ The Bunch of Grapes.

Joy, I did lock thee up, but some bad man  
 Hath let thee out again:  
 And now, me thinks, I am where I began  
 Seven years ago; one vogue and vein,  
 One air of thoughts usurps my brain.  
 I did toward Canaan draw; but now I am  
 Brought back to the Red Sea, the Sea of shame,

For as the Jews of old by Gods command  
 Travell'd, and saw no town;  
 So now each Christian hath his journeys spann'd:  
 Their story pens and sets us down.  
 A single deed is small renown.  
 Gods works are wide, and let in future times:  
 His ancient justice overflows our crimes.

Then have we too our guardian-fires and clouds;  
 Our Scripture-dew drops fast:  
 We have our sands and serpents, tents and throwds;  
 Alas! our murmurings come not last.  
 But where's the cluster? where's the taste  
 Of mine inheritance? Lord, if I must borrow,  
 Let me as well take up their joy as sorrow.

But can he want the grape, who hath the wine?  
 I have their fruit and more.  
 Blessed be God, who prosper'd Noah's Vine,  
 And made it bring forth Grapes good store.  
 But much more him I must adore,  
 Who of the Laws sower juice sweet wine did make,  
 Ev'n God himself, being pressed for my sake.

¶ Love unknown.

Dear friend, sit down, the tale is long and sad:  
 And in my faintings I presume your love  
 Will more comply then help. A Lord I had,  
 And have, of whom some grounds which may im-  
 I hold for two lives, and both lives in me. (prove  
 To him I brought a dish of fruit one day,  
 And in the middle plac'd my heart. But he  
 (I sigh to say)

Lookt on a servant, who did know his eye  
 Better then you know me, or (which is one)  
 Then I my self, The servant instantly  
 Quitting the fruit, seiz'd on my heart alone,  
 And threw it in a font, wherein did fall 5  
 A stream of bloud, which issu'd from the side  
 Of a great rock: I well remember all,  
 And have good cause: there it was dipt and di'd,  
 And washt, and wrung: the very wringing yet  
 Enforceth tears. *Your heart was fent, I fear.* 10  
 Indeed 'tis true. I did and do commit  
 Many a fault more then my lease will bear;  
 Yet still askt pardon, and was not deni'd.  
 But you shall hear. After my heart was well,  
 And clean and fair, as I one even-tide. 15

(I sigh to tell)

Walkt by my self abroad, I saw a large  
 And spacious furnace flaming, and thereon  
 A boyling caldron, round about whose verge  
 Was in great letters set *AFFLICTION.* 20  
 The greatness shew'd the owner. So I went  
 To fetch a sacrifice out of my fold,  
 Thinking with that, which I did thus present,  
 To warm his love, which I did fear grew cold.  
 But as my heart did tender it, the man 25  
 Who was to take it from me, slip't his hand,  
 And threw my heart into the scalding pan;  
 My heart that brought it (do you understand?)  
 The offerers heart. *Your heart was hard, I fear.*  
 Indeed 'tis true. I found a callous matter 30  
 Began to spread and to expatiate there:  
 But with a richer drug then scalding water  
 I bath'd it often, ev'n with holy bloud,  
 Which at a board, while many drunk bare wine,  
 A friend did steal into my cup for good, 35  
 Ev'n taken inwardly, and most divine

To

To supple hardnesses. But at the length  
Out of the caldron getting, soon I fled  
Unto my house, where to repair the strength  
Which I had lost, I hasted to my bed.

5 But when I thought to sleep out all these faults,

(I sigh to speak)

I found that some had stuff'd the bed with thoughts,  
I would say thorns. Dear, could my heart not break,  
When with my pleasures ev'n my rest was gone?

10 Full well I understood who had been there:

For I had giv'n the key to none but one:

It must be he. *Your heart was dull, I fear.*

Indeed a slack and sleepy state of mind

Did oft possess me; so that when I pray'd,

15 Though my lips went, my heart did stay behind.

But all my scores were by another paid,

Who took the debt upon him. *Truly, Friend,*

*For aught I hear, your Master shows to you*

*More favour then you wot of. Mark the end.*

20 The Font did only what was old renew:

The Caldron suppl'd what was grown too hard:

The Thorns did quicken what was grown too dull.

All did but strive to mend what you had marr'd.

Wherefore be cheer'd, and praise him to the full

25 Each day, each hour, each moment of the week,

Who fain would have you be new, tender, quick.

### ¶ Mans medley.

Heark how the birds do sing,

And woods do ring.

All creatures have their joy, and man hath his.

30 Yet, if we rightly measure,

Mans joy and pleasure

Rather hereafter, then in present, is.

To this life things of sense  
 Make their pretense :  
 In th'other Angels have a right by birth :  
 Man ties them both alone,  
 And makes them one,  
 With th'one hand touching heav'n, with th'other  
 (earth.

In soul he mounts and flies,  
 In flesh he dies.  
 He wears a stuff, whose thread is coarse and round,  
 But trimm'd with curious lace, 10  
 And should take place  
 After the trimming, not the stuff and ground.

Not, that he may not here  
 Taste of the cheer :  
 But as birds drink, and straight lift up their head, 15  
 So must he sip and think  
 Of better drink  
 He may attain to, after he is dead.

But as his joyes are double ;  
 So is his trouble. 20  
 He hath two winters, other things but one :  
 Both frosts and thoughts do nip,  
 And bite his lip ;  
 And he of all things fears two deaths alone.

Yet ev'n the greatest griefs 25  
 May be reliefs,  
 Could he but take them right, and in their ways.  
 Happy is he, whose heart  
 Hath found the art 30  
 To turn his double pains to double praise.

¶ The Storm.

IF, as the winds and waters here below,  
Do fly and Flow,  
My sighs and tears as busie were above;  
Sure they would move  
And much affect thee, as tempestuous times  
Amaze poor mortals, and object their crimes.  
Stars have their storms, ev'n in a high degree,  
As well as we.  
A throbbing conscience spurred by remorse  
Hath a strange force:  
It quits the earth, and mounting more and more,  
Dares to assault thee, and besiege thy doore.  
There it stands knocking, to thy musicks wrong,  
And drowns the song.  
Glory and honour are set by till it  
An answer get.  
Poets have wrong'd poor storms: such days are best;  
They purge the air without, within the breast.

¶ Paradise.

I Bless thee, Lord, because I GROW  
Among thy trees, which in a ROW  
To thee both fruit and order OW.

What open force, or hidden CHARM  
Can blast my fruit, or bring me HARM,  
While the inclosure is thine. ARM?



Inclose me still for fear I **START**.  
 Be to me rather sharp and **TART**,  
 Then let me want thy hand and **ART**.

When thou dost greater judgments **SPARE**,  
 And with thy knife but prune and **PARE**,  
 Ev'n fruitful trees more fruitful **ARE**.

Such sharpness shows the sweetest **FRIEND**:  
 Such cuttings rather heat then **REND**:  
 And such beginnings touch their **END**.

### The Method.

**P**oor heart, lament.  
 For since thy God refuseth still,  
 There is some rub, some discontent,  
 Which cools his will.

Thy Father could  
 Quickly effect what thou dost move;  
 For he is *Power*: and sure he *would*;  
 For he is *Love*.

Go search this thing,  
 Tumble thy breast, and turn thy book.  
 If thou hadst lost a glove or ring,  
 Wouldst thou not look?

What do I see  
 Written above there? *Yesterday*  
 I did behave me carelessly,  
 When I did pray.



And should Gods ear  
To such indifferents chained be,  
Who do not their own motions hear?  
Is God less free?

But stay! what's there?  
5 Late when I would have something done,  
I had a motion to forbear,  
Yet I went on.

And should Gods ear,  
10 Which needs not man, be ty'd to those  
Who hear not him, but quickly hear  
His utter foes?

Then once more pray:  
Down with thy knees, up with thy voice,  
15 Seek pardon first, and God will say,  
Glad heart rejoice.

¶ Divinity.

As men, for fear the stars should sleep and nod,  
And trip at night, have spheres suppli'd;  
As if a star were duller then a clod,  
20 Which knows his way without a guide:  
Just so the other heav'n they also serve,  
Divinities transcendent skie:  
Which with the edge of wit they cut and carve,  
Reason triumphs, and Faith lies by.  
25 Could not that wisdom which first broch'd the wine,  
Have thicken'd it with definitions?  
And jagg'd his seamless coat, had that been fine,  
With curious questions and divisions?

But all the doctrine which he taught and gave,  
Was clear as heav'n, from whence it came:  
At least those beams of truth, which only save,  
Surpass in brightness any flame.

*Lev: God, and love your neighbour. Watch and pray. 3*  
*Do as you would be done unto.*

O dark instructions, ev'n as dark as day!  
Who can these Gordian knots undo?

But he doth bid us take his blood for wine.  
Bid what he please; yet I am sure,  
To take and taste what he doth there design,  
Is all that saves, and not obscure. 10

Then burn thy Epicycles, foolish man;  
Break all thy spears, and save thy head.  
Faith needs no staff of flesh, but stoutly can  
To heav'n alone both go and lead. 15

Ephes. 4-30.

*Grieve not the Holy Spirit, &c.*

**A**Nd art thou grieved, sweet and sacred Dove,  
When I am fowre,  
And cross thy love?  
Grieved for me? the God of strength and power  
Griev'd for a worm, which when I tread, 20  
I pass away and leave it dead?

Then

Then weep mine eyes, the God of love doth grieve :

Weep foolish heart,

And weeping live :

For death is drie as dust. Yet if ye part,

5 End as the night ( whose sable hue

Your sins express : ) melt into dew.

When sawcie mirth shall knock or call at doore,

Cry out, Get hence,

Or cry no more.

10 Almighty God doth grieve, he puts on sense :

I sin not to my grief alone,

But to my Gods too ; he doth grone :

Oh take thy lute, and tune it to a strain,

Which may with thee

15 All day complain.

There can no discord but in ceasing be,

Marbles can weep ; and surely strings

More bowels have then such hard things.

Lord, I adjudge my self to tears and grief,

20 Ev'n endless tears

Without relief.

If a clear spring for me no time forbears ;

But runs, although I be not dry ;

I am no Crystal, what shall I ?

25 Yet if I wail not still, since still to wail

Nature denies ;

And flesh would fail,

If my deserts were masters of mine eyes :

Lord, pardon, for thy Son makes good

30 My want of tears with store of blood.

## ¶ The Family.

What doth this noise of thoughts within my  
 As if they had a part ? (heart,  
 What do these loud complaints and pulling fears,  
 As if there were no rule or ears ?

But, Lord, the house and family are thine, 5  
 Though some of them repine.  
 Turn out these wranglers, which defile thy seat ;  
 For where thou dwellest all is neat.

First Peace and Silence all disputes controll,  
 Then Order plays the soul ; 10  
 And giving all things their set forms and hours,  
 Makes of wild woods sweet walks and bowers.

Humble Obedience near the door doth stand,  
 Expecting a command :  
 Then whom in waiting nothing seems more slow, 15  
 Nothing more quick when she doth go.

Joyes oft are there, and griefs as oft as joyes ;  
 But griefs without a noise :  
 Yet speak they louder then distemper'd fears.  
 What is so shrill as silent tears ? 20

This is thy house, with these it doth abound :  
 And where these are not found,  
 Perhaps thou com'st sometimes, and for a day ;  
 But not to make a constant stay.

¶ The

## ¶ The Size.

Content thee, greedy heart.

Modest and moderate joyes to those, that have  
Title to more hereafter when they part,  
Are passing brave.

5 Let th'upper springs into the low  
Descend and fall, and thou dost flow.

What though some have a fraught  
Of cloves and nutmegs, and in cinnamon sail?  
If thou hast wherewithall to spice a draught,  
10 When griefs prevail,  
And for the future time art heir  
To th' Isle of spices, is't not fair?

To be in both worlds fall  
Is more then God was, who was hungry here,  
15 Wouldst thou his laws of fasting disanull?  
Enact good chear?  
Lay out thy joy, yet hope to save it?  
Wouldst thou both eat thy cake, and have it?

Great joyes are all at once;  
20 But little do reserve themselves for more:  
Those have their hopes; these what they have re-  
And live on score: (nounce  
Those are at home; these journey still,  
And meet the rest on Sions hill.

25 Thy Saviour sentenc'd joy,  
And in the flesh condemn'd it as unfit,  
At least in lump: for such doth oft destroy;  
Whereas a bit  
Doth tice us on to hopes of more,  
30 And for the present health restore.

A Christians state and case  
 Is not a corpulent, but a thin and spare,  
 Yet active strength: whose long and bony face  
 Content and care  
 Do seem to equally divide,  
 Like a pretender, not a bride.

Wherefore sit down, good heart;  
 Grasp not at much, for fear thou losest all.  
 If comforts sell according to desert,  
 They would great frosts and snows destroy: 10  
 For we should count, Since the last joy.

Then close again the Team  
 Which thou hast open'd: do not spread thy robe  
 In hope of great things. Call to mind thy dream,  
 An earthly globe, 15  
 On whose meridian was engraven,  
*These Seas are tears, and Heav'n the Haven.*

### ¶ Artillery.

AS I one evening sat before my cell,  
 A Me-thoughts a star did shoot into my lap.  
 I rose and shook my clothes, as knowing well, 20  
 That from small fires comes oft no small mishap:  
 When suddenly I heard one say,  
*Do as thou usest, disobey,*  
*Expell good motions from thy breast,*  
*Which have the face of fire, but end in rest.* 25  
 I,

I, who had heard of musick in the spheres,  
 But not of speech in stars, began to muse:  
 But turning to my God, whose ministers  
 The stars and all things are; If I refuse,  
 5 Dread Lord, said I, so oft my good;  
 Then I refuse not ev'n with blood  
 To wash away my stubborn thought:  
 For I will do, or suffer what I ought.

But I have also stars and shooters too,  
 10 Born where thy servants both artilleries use.  
 My tears and prayers night and day do woo,  
 And work up to thee; yet thou dost refuse.  
 Not but I am (I must say still)  
 Much more oblig'd to do thy will,  
 15 Then thou to grant mine: but because  
 15 Thy promise now hath ev'n set thee thy laws.

Then we are shooters both, and thou dost deign  
 To enter combat with us, and contest  
 With thine own clay. But I would parley fair:  
 20 Shun not my arrows, and behold my breast.  
 Yet if thou shunnest, I am thine:  
 I must be so, if I am mine.  
 There is no articing with thee:  
 I am but finite, yet thine infinitely.

¶ Church-



## ¶ Church-rents and schismes.

**B**Rave rose, (alas!) where art thou? in the chair  
 Where thou didst lately so triumph and shine,  
 A worm doth sit, whose many feet and hair  
 Are the more foul, the more thou wert divine.  
 This, this hath done it, this did bite the root  
 And bottom of the leaves: which when the wind  
 Did once perceive, it blew them under foot,  
 Where rude unhallow'd steps do crush and grind  
 Their beauteous glories. Only shreds of thee,  
 And those all bitten, in thy chair I see.

Why doth my Mother blush? is she the rose,  
 And shows it so? Indeed Christs precious bloud  
 Gave you a colour once; which when your foes  
 Thought to let out, the bleeding did you good,  
 And made you look much fresher then before.  
 But when debates and fretting jealousies  
 Did worm and work within you more and more,  
 Your colour faded, and calamities  
 Turned your ruddy into pale and bleak:  
 Your health and beauty both began to break.

Then did your sev'ral parts unloose and start:  
 Which when your neighbours saw, like a north-wind  
 They rushed in, and cast them in the dirt  
 Where Pagans tread. O Mother dear and kind,  
 Where shall I get me eyes enow to weep,  
 As many eyes as stars? Since it is night,  
 And much of *Asia* and *Europe* fast asleep,  
 And ev'n all *Africk*; would at least I might  
 With these two poor ones lick up all the dew  
 Which falls by night, and pour it out for you!

¶ Justice.



## ¶ Justice.

O Dreadful Justice, what a fright and terrour  
 Wast thou of old,  
 When sin and error  
 Did shew and shape thy looks to me,  
 5 And through their glass discolour thee!  
 He that did but look up, was proud and bold.  
 The dishes of thy balance seem'd to gape,  
 Like two great pits;  
 The beam and scape  
 10 Did like some tort'ring engine shew:  
 Thy hand above did burn and glow,  
 Danting the stoutest hearts, the proudest wits.  
 But now that Christs pure vail presents the sight,  
 I see no fears:  
 15 Thy hand is white,  
 Thy scales like buckets, which attend  
 And interchangeably descend,  
 Lifting to heaven from this well of tears.  
 For where before thou still didst call on me,  
 20 Now I still touch  
 And harp on thee.  
 Gods promises have made thee mine:  
 Why should I justice now decline?  
 Against me there is none, but for me much.

## ¶ The Pilgrimage.

25 I Travell'd on, seeing the hill, where lay  
 My expectation.  
 Along it was and weary way,  
 The gloomy cave of Desperation.  
 I left on th'one, and on the other side  
 30 The rock of Pride.

And

And so I came to Phanfies medow strow'd  
     With many a flower:  
 Fain would I here have made abode,  
 But I was quicken'd by my hour.  
 So to Cares cops I came, and there got through  
     With much ado. 5

That led me to the wild of Passion, which  
     Some call the wold;  
 A wasted place, but sometimes rich.  
 Here I was robb'd of all my gold, 10  
 Save one good Angel, which a friend had ti'd  
     Close to my side.

At length I got unto the gladfom hill,  
     Where lay my hope,  
 Where lay my heart, and climbing still, 15  
 When I had gain'd the brow and top,  
 A lake of brackish waters on the ground  
     Was all I found.

With that abash'd and struck with many a sting  
     Of swarming fears, 20  
 I fell, and cry'd, Alas my King!  
 Can both the way and end be tears?  
 Yet taking heart, I rose, and then perceiv'd  
     I was deceiv'd. 20

My hill was further: so I flung away, 25  
     Yet heard a cry  
 Just as I went, *None goes that way*  
*And lives*: If that be all, said I,  
 After so foul a journey death is fair,  
     And but a chair. 30

## ¶ The Hold'-fast.

I Threatned to observe the strict decree  
Of my dear God with all my power and might :  
But I was told by one it could not be ;  
Yet I might trust in God to be my light.

5 Then will I trust, said I, in him alone.  
Nay, ev'n to trust in him, was also his :  
We must confess that nothing is our own.  
Then I confess that he my succour is.

10 But to have nought is ours, not to confess  
10 That we have nought. I stood amaz'd at this,  
Much troubled, till I heard a friend express,  
That all things are more ours by being his.  
What *Adam* had, and forfeited for all,  
15 *Christ* keepeth now, who cannot fail or fall.

---

## ¶ Complaining.

15 **D**O not beguile my heart,  
Because thou art  
20 My power and wisdom, Put me not to shame,  
Because I am  
Thy clay that weeps, thy dust that calls.

20 Thou art the Lord of glory ;  
The deed and story  
Are both thy due : but I a silly fie,  
That live or die  
According as the weather falls.

25 Art thou all justice, Lord ?  
Shows not thy word  
30 More attributes ? Am I all throat or eye,  
To weep or cry ?  
Have I no parts but these of grief ?

Let

Let not thy wrathful power  
 Afflict my hour,  
 My inch of life : or let thy gracious power  
 Contract my houn,  
 That I may climb and find relief.

5

## ¶ The Discharge.

**B**Use enquiring heart, what wouldst thou know ?  
 Why dost thou prie,  
 And turn, and leer, and with a licorous eye  
 Look high and low,  
 And in thy lookings stretch and grow ? 10  
 Hast thou not made thy counts, and sum'm'd up all ?  
~~Did not my heart~~  
 Give up the whole, and with the whole depart ?  
 Let what will fall :  
 That which is past who can recall ? 15  
 Thy life is Gods, thy time to come is gone,  
 And is his right.  
 He is thy night at noon : he is at night  
 Thy noon alone.  
 The crop is his, for he hath sown. 20  
 And well it was for thee, when this befell,  
 That God did make  
 Thy business his, and in thy life partake :  
 For thou canst tell,  
 If it be his once, all is well. 25  
 Only the present is thy part and fee.  
 And happy thou,  
 If, though thou didst not beat thy future brow,  
 Thou couldst well see  
 What present things requir'd of thee. 30

They

They ask enough ; why shouldst thou further go ?

Raise not the mud

Of future depths, but drink the clear and good,

Dig not for wo

In times to come ; for it will grow.

Man and the present fit : if he provide,

He breaks the square.

This hour is mine : if for the next I care,

I grow too wide,

And do encroach upon deaths side :

For death each hour environs and surrounds.

He that would know

And care for future chances, cannot go

Unto those grounds.

But through a Church-yard which them bounds.

Things present shrink and die : but they that spend

Their thoughts and sense

On future grief, do not remove it thence,

But it extend,

And draw the bottom out an end.

God chains the dog till night : wilt loose the chain,

And wake thy sorrow ?

Wilt thou forestall it, and now grieve to morrow,

And then again

Grieve over freshly all thy pain ?

Either grief will not come ; or if it must,

Do not forecast

And while it cometh, it is almost past.

Away distrust :

My God hath promis'd ; he is just.

¶ Praise.

## ¶ Praise.

**K**ing of Glory, King of Peace,  
 I will love thee:  
 And that love may never cease,  
 I will move thee.

Thou hast granted my request,  
 Thou hast heard me:  
 Thou didst note my working breast,  
 Thou hast spar'd me.

Wherefore with my utmost art  
 I will sing thee,  
 And the cream of all my heart  
 I will bring thee.

Though my sins against me cried,  
 Thou didst clear me:  
 And alone, when they replied,  
 Thou didst hear me.

Sev'n whole dayes, not one in seven,  
 I will praise thee.  
 In my heart, though not in heaven,  
 I can raise thee.

Thou grew'st soft and moist with tears,  
 Thou relentedst:  
 And when Justice call'd for fears,  
 Thou dissentedst.

Small it is, in this poor sort  
 To enroll thee:  
 Ev'n eternity is too short  
 To extoll thee.

¶ An Offering.

Come, bring thy gift. If blessings were as flow  
As mens returns, what would become of fools?  
What hast thou there: a heart? but is it pure?  
Search well and see; for hearts have many holes.  
5 Yet one pure heart is nothing to bestow:  
In Christs two natures met to be thy cure.

O that within us hearts had propagation,  
Since many gifts do challenge many hearts!  
Yet one, if good, may tittle to a number;  
10 And single things grow fruitful by deserts.  
In publick judgments one may be a nation,  
And fence a plague, while others sleep and slumber.

But all I fear, is lest thy heart displease,  
As neither good, nor one: so oft divisions  
15 Thy lusts have made, and not thy lusts alone;  
Thy passions also have their set partitions.  
These parcel out thy heart: recover these,  
And thou mayst offer many gifts in one.

There is a balsam, or indeed a bloud, (close  
20 Dropping from heaven, which doth both cleanse and  
All sorts of wounds; of such strange force it is.  
Seek out this All-heal, and seek no repose,  
Until thou find and use it to thy good:  
Then bring thy gift, and let thy hymn be this;

25 Since my sadness  
Into gladness  
Lord thou dost convert,  
O accept  
What thou hast kept,  
30 As thy due desert.



Had I many,  
 Had I any,  
 (For this heart is none)  
 All were thine  
 And none of mine,  
 Surely thine alone.

Yet thy favour  
 May give favour  
 To this poor oblation;  
 And it raise  
 To be thy praise,  
 And be my salvation.

## ¶ Longing.

With sick and famisht eyes,  
 With doubling knees and weary bones,  
 To thee my cries,  
 To thee my grones,  
 To thee my sighs, my tears ascend:  
 No end?

My throat, my soul is hoarse;  
 My heart is wither'd like a ground  
 Which thou dost curse.  
 My thoughts turn round,  
 And make me giddy: Lord, I fall,  
 Yet call.

From thee all pity flows.  
 Mothers are kind, because thou art,  
 And dost dispose  
 To them a part:  
 Their infants them, and they suck thee  
 More free.

Bowels 30



Bowels of pity, hear !  
 Lord of my soul, love of my mind,  
 Bow down thine ear !  
 Let not the wind  
 Scatter my words, and in the same  
 Thy name !

Look on my sorrows round !  
 Mark well my furnace ! O what flames,  
 What heats abound !  
 What griefs, what shames !  
 Consider Lord ; Lord, bow thine ear,  
 And hear !

Lord Jesu, thou didst bow  
 Thy dying head upon the tree :  
 O be not now  
 More dead to me !  
 Lord hear ! *Shall he that made the ear,*  
*Not hear ?*

Behold, thy dust doth stir ;  
 It moves, it creeps, it aims at thee :  
 Wilt thou deferr  
 To succour me,  
 Thy pile of dust, wherein each crumbe  
 Sayes, Come ?

To thee help appertains.  
 Hast thou left all things to their course,  
 And laid the reins  
 Upon the horse ?  
 Is all lockt ? hath a sinners plea  
 No key ?

Indeed

Indeed the world's thy book,  
Where all things have their leaf assign'd :

Yet a meek look

Hath interlin'd.

Thy board is full, yet humble guests  
Find nests.

5

Thou tarriest, while I die,  
And fall to nothing : thou dost reign,

And rule on high,

While I remain

In bitter grief: yet am I still'd

Thy child.

10

Lord, didst thou leave thy throne,  
Not to relieve ? how can it be,

That thou art grown

Thus hard to me ?

Were sin alive, good cause there were  
To bear.

15

But now both sin is dead,  
And all thy promises live and bide :

That wants his head ;

These speak and chide,

And in thy bosom pour my tears,

As theirs.

20

Lord J E S U, heal my heart,  
Which hath been broken now so long,

That ev'ry part

Hath got a tongue !

Thy beggars grow ; rid them away

To day.

25

30

My

My love, my sweetness, hear !  
By these thy feet, at which my heart

Lies all the year,

Pluck'out thy dart,

5 And heal my troubled brest, which cries,  
Which dies.

¶ The Bag.

10 **A** Way despair ; my gracious Lord doth hear,  
Though winds and waves assault my keel,

He doth preserve it : he doth steer,

10 Ev'n when the boat seems most to reel.

Storms are the triumph of his art :

Well may he close his eyes, but not his heart.

15 Hast thou not heard that my Lord JESUS di'd ?

Then let me tell thee a strange storie.

15 The God of power, as he did ride

In his majestick robes of glorie,

Resolv'd to light : and so one day

He did descend, undressing all the way.

20 The Stars his tire of light and rings obtain'd,

20 The cloud his bow, the fire his spear,

The skie his azure mantle gain'd.

And when they askt what he would wear ;

He smil'd and said as he did go,

He had new cloaths a making here below.

25 When he was come, as travellers are wont,

He did repair unto an Inne,

Both then and after, many a brunt

He did endure to cancel sin :

And having giv'n the rest before,

30 Here he gave up his life to pay our score.

G

But

But as he was returning, there came one  
 That ran upon him with a spear.  
 He, who came hither all alone,  
 Bringing nor man, nor arms, nor fear,  
 Receiv'd the blow upon his side,  
 And straight he turn'd, and to his brethren cry'd,  
 If ye have any thing to send or write,  
 (I have no bag, but here is room)  
 Unto my Fathers hands and sight  
 (Believe me) it shall safely come.  
 That I shall mind, what you impart;  
 Look, you may put it very near my heart.  
 Or if hereafter any of my friends  
 Will use me in this kind, the door  
 Shall still be open; what he sends  
 I will present, and somewhat more,  
 Not to his hurt. Sighs will convey  
 Any thing to me. Hark despair, away.

### ¶ The Jewes.

**P**oor nation, whose sweet sap and juice  
 Our cyens have purloin'd, and left you drie:  
 Whose streams we got by the Apostles sluice,  
 And use in Baptisme, while ye pine and die;  
 Who by not keeping once, became a debter;  
 And now by keeping lose the letter:  
 Oh that my prayers! mine alas!  
 Oh that some Angel might a trumpet sound:  
 At which the Church falling upon her face  
 Should cry so loud, until the trump were drown'd,  
 And by that cry of her dear Lord obtain,  
 That your sweet sap might come again!

¶ The Coller.

- I Struck the board, and cry'd, no more ;  
     I will abroad.  
 What ? Shall I ever sigh and pine ?  
 My lines and life are free ; free as the road,  
 5   Loose as the wind, as large as store.  
     Shall I be still in suit ?  
     Have I no harvest but a thorn  
     To let me blood, and not restore  
     What I have lost with Cordial fruit ?  
 10   Sure there was wine  
     Before my sighs did dry it : there was corn  
     Before my tears did drown it.  
     Is the year only lost to me ?  
     Have I no bayes to crown it ?  
 15 No flowers, no garlands gay ! all blasted ?  
     All wasted ?  
     Not so, my heart : but there is fruit,  
     And thou hast hands.  
     Recover all thy sight-blown age  
 20 On double pleasures : leave thy cold dispute  
     Of what is *fit*, and *not* : forsake thy cage,  
     Thy rope of sands,  
     Which petty thoughts have made, and made to thee  
     Good cable, to enforce and draw,  
 25   And be thy Law,  
     Whilest thou didst wink and wouldst not see.  
     Away ; take heed.  
     I will abroad.  
     Call in thy deaths head there : tie up thy fears.  
 30   He that forbears  
     To suit and serve his need,  
     Deserves his load.  
     But as I rav'd and grew more fierce and wild  
     At every word,  
 35 Me thoughts I heard one calling *Child* :  
     And I repli'd, *My Lord*.

## ¶ The Glimpse.

W

Hither away delight ?  
Thou cam'st but now ; wilt thou so soon depart,  
And give me up to night ?

For many weeks of lingring pain and smart  
But one half hour of comfort for my heart ?

Methinks delight should have  
More skill in musick, and keep better time.

Wert thou a wind or wave,  
They quickly go and come with lesser crime :  
Flow'rs look about, and die not in their prime.

Thy short abode and stay  
Feeds not, but addes to the desire of meat.

Lime begg'd of old ( they say )  
A neighbour spring to cool his inward heat :  
Which by the springs access grew much more great

In hope of thee my heart  
Pickt here and there a crumb, and would not die ,  
But constant to his part,  
When as my fears foretold this, did reply,  
A slender thread a gentle guest will tie.

Yet if the heart that wept  
Must let thee go, return when it doth knock,  
Although thy heap be kept  
For future times, the droppings of the stock  
May oft break forth, and never break the lock.

If I have more to spin,  
The wheel shall go, so that thy stay be short  
Thou know'st how grief and sin  
Disturb the work. O make me not their sport,  
Who by thy coming may be made a Court !

Assurance.

¶ Assurance.

O Spiteful bitter thought !

Bitterly spiteful thought ! couldst thou invent  
So high a torture ? Is such poyson bought ?

Doubtless, but in the way of punishment,

5 When wit contrives to meet with thee,  
No such rank poyson can there be.

Thou said'st but even now,  
That all was not so fair as I conceiv'd,  
Betwixt my God and me ; that I allow

10 And coyn large hopes : but that I was deceiv'd ;  
Either the League was broke, or neer it ;  
And, that I had great cause to fear it.

And what to this ? What more  
Could poyson, if it had a tongue, expresse ?

15 What is thy aim ? Wouldst thou unlock the door  
To cold despairs and gnawing pensiveness ?

Wouldst thou raise Devils ? I see, I know,  
I writ thy purpose long ago.

But I will to my Father ;

20 Who heard thee say it. O most gracious Lord,

If all the hope and comfort that I gather,  
Were from my self, I had not half a word,

Not half a letter to oppose

What is objected by my foes.

25 But thou art my desert ;

And in this League, which now my foes invade,  
Thou art not only to perform thy part,

But also mine : as when the League was made,

Thou didst at once thy self endite,

30 And hold my hand, while I did write.

Wherefore if thou canst fail,  
 Then can thy truth and I: but while rocks stand,  
 And rivers stir, thou canst not shrink or quail:  
 Yea, when both rocks and all things shall disband,  
 Then shalt thou be my rock and tower, 5  
 And make their ruine praise thy power.

Now foolish thought go on,  
 Spin out thy thread, and make thereof a coat  
 To hide thy shame: for thou hast cast a bone  
 Which bounds on thee, and will not down thy throat. 10  
 What for its self love once began,  
 Now love and truth will end in man.

¶ *The Call.*

**C**ome, my Way, my Truth, my Life:  
 Such a Way, as gives us breath:  
 Such a Truth, as ends all strife: 15  
 Such a Life as killeth death.

Come, my Light, my Feast, my strength:  
 Such a Light, as shows a feast:  
 Such a Feast, as mends in length:  
 Such a Strength, as makes his guest: 20

Come, my Joy, my Love, my Heart:  
 Such a Joy, as none can move:  
 Such a Love, as none can part:  
 Such a Heart, as joyes in love.

¶ *Clasping*



¶ Claspings of hands.

Lord thou art mine, and I am thine,  
 If mine I am : and thine much more,  
 Then I or ought, or can be mine.  
 Yet to be thine, doth me restore ;  
 5 So that again I now am mine,  
 And with advantage mine the more :  
 Since this being mine, brings with it thine,  
 And thou with me dost thee restore.  
 If I without thee would be mine,  
 10 I neither should be mine nor thine.

Lord, I am thine, and thou art mine :  
 So mine thou art, that something more  
 I may presume the mine, then thine.  
 For thou didst suffer to restore  
 15 Not thee, but me, and to be mine :  
 And with advantage mine the more,  
 Since thou in death wast none of thine,  
 Yet then as mine didst me restore.  
 O be mine still ! still make me thine :  
 20 Or rather make no Thine and Mine.

¶ Praise.

Lord, I will mean and speak thy praise,  
 Thy praise alone.  
 My busie heart shall spin it all my daies :  
 And when it stops for want of store,  
 25 Then will I wring it with a sigh or groan,  
 That thou mayst yet have more.

G. 4

When

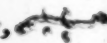
When thou dost favour any action, ★

It runs it flies :

All things concur to give it a perfection.

That which had but two legs before,

When thou dost bless, hath twelve : one wheel doth 5  
To twenty then, or more. (rise

But when thou dost on business blow, 

It hangs, it clogs :

Not all the teams of Albion in a row

Can hale or draw it out of door. 10

Legs are but stumps, and Pharaohs wheels but logs,  
And struggling hinders more.

Thousands of things do thee employ

In ruling all

The spacious Globe : Angels must have their joy, 15

Devils their rod, the sea his shore,

The winds their flint, and yet when I did call,

Thou heardest my call, and more.

I have not lost one single tear :

But when mine eyes

Did weep to heav'n, they found a bottle there . 20

( As we have boxes for the poor )

Ready to take them in, yet of a size

That would contain much more.

But after thou hadst slipt a drop 25

From thy right eye,

( Which there did hang like streamers near the top

Of some fair Church, to show the sore

And bloody battel which thou once did trie )

The glass was full and more. 30

Where-

O

5 Th

V

So

10 W

An

Su

An

15 Bu

On

To

20

Ha

Le

Le

25

Wherefore I sing. Yet since my heart,  
 Though press'd, runs thin ;  
 O that I might some other hearts convert,  
 And so take up at use good store ;  
 5 That to thy chests there might be coming in  
 Both all my praise and more !

---

¶ Josephs Coat.

Wounded I sing, tormented I end'te,  
 Thrown down I fall into a bed, and rest :  
 Sorrow hath chang'd its note : such is his will,  
 10 Who changeth all things as him pleaseth best.  
 For well he knows, if but one grief and smart  
 Among my many had his full career,  
 Sure it would carry with it ev'n my heart,  
 And both would run until they found a beer  
 15 To fetch the body ; both being due to grief  
 But he hath spoild the race, and giv'n to anguish  
 One of Joyes coats, ticing it with relief  
 To linger in me, and together languish.  
 I live to shew his power, who once did bring  
 20 My joyes to weep, and now my griefs to sing.

---

¶ The Pulley.

When God at first made man,  
 Having a glasse of blessings standing by ;  
 Let us ( said he ) pour on him all we can :  
 Let the worlds riches, which dispersed lie  
 25 Contract into a span.

So strength first made away ;  
 Then beauty flow'd, then wisdom, honour, pleasure.  
 When almost all was out, God made a stay,  
 Perceiving that alone of all his treasure  
 Rest in the bottom lay.

For if I should (said he)  
 Bestow this Jewel also on my creature,  
 He would adore my gifts in stead of me,  
 And rest in Nature, not the God of Nature :  
 So both should losers be.

Yet let him keep the rest, - *See* .  
 But keep them with repining restlessness :  
 Let him be rich and weary, that at least,  
 If goodness lead him not, yet weariness  
 May toss him to my breast.

### ¶ The Priesthood.

**B**lest Order, which in power dost so excel,  
 That which th'one hand thou listest to the skie,  
 And with the other throwest down to hell  
 In thy just censures ; fain would I draw nigh,  
 Fain put thee on, exchanging my lay sword  
 For that of th' holy word.

But thou art fire, sacred and hallow'd fire ;  
 And I but earth and clay : should I presume  
 To wear thy habit, the severe attire  
 My slender compositions might consume  
 I am both soul and brittle, much unfit  
 To deal in holy Writ.

Yet

c.  
5 Yet have I often seen, by cunning hand  
And force of fire what curious things are made  
Of wretched earth. Where once I scorn'd to stand,  
That earth is fitted by the fire and trade  
5 Of skilful Artists, for the boards of those  
Who make the bravest shows.

10 But since those great ones, be they ne're so great,  
Come from the earth, from whence those vessels come;  
So that at once both feeder, dish, and meat  
10 Have one beginning and one final summe;  
I do not greatly wonder at the sight,  
If earth in earth delight.

15 But th' holy men of God such vessels are  
As serve him up, who all the world commands:  
15 When God vouchsafeth to become our fare,  
Their hands convey him, who conveys their hands;  
O what pure things, most pure must those things be  
Who bring my God to me.

20 Wherefore I dare not, I, put forth my hand  
20 To hold the Ark, although it seem to shake  
Through th' old sins and new doctrines of our land.  
Only, since God doth often vessels make  
Of lowly matter for high uses meet,  
20 I throw me at his feet.

25 There will I lie, until my maker seek  
For some mean stuff whereon to show his skill:  
Then is my time. The distance of the meek  
Doth flatter power. Lest good come short of ill.  
25 In praising might, the poor do by submission  
30 What pride by opposition.

## ¶ The Search.

**VV** Hither, O whither art thou fled,  
 My Lord, my Love ?  
 My searches are my daily bread ;  
 Yet never prove.

My knees pierce th' earth, mine eyes the skie :  
 And yet the sphere  
 And center both to me deny  
 That thou art there.

Yet can I mark how herbs below  
 Grow green and gay ;  
 As if to meet thee they did know,  
 While I deeay.

Yet can I mark how stars above  
 Simper and shine,  
 As having keys unto thy love,  
 While poor I pine.

I sent a sigh to seek thee out,  
 Deep drawn in pain,  
 Wing'd like an arrow : but my scout  
 Returns in vain.

I tun'd another (having store )  
 Into a groan,  
 Because the search was dumb before :  
 But all was one.

Lord, dost thou some new fabrick mold  
 Which favour wins,  
 And keeps thee present, leaving th' old  
 Unto their sins ?

Where

Where is my God ? What hidden place  
Conceals thee still ?

What covert dare eclipse thy face ?  
Is it thy will ?

5 O let not that of any thing :

Let rather brass  
Or steel, or mountains be thy ring,  
And I will pass.

Thy will such an intrenching is,

10 As passeth thought :

To it all strength, all subtilties  
Are things of nought.

Thy will such a strange distance is,  
As that to it

15 East and west touch, the poles do kiss,  
And parallels meet.

Since then my grief must be as large,  
As is thy space,

Thy distance from me ; see my charge,  
20 Lord, see my case.

O take these bars, these lengths away :

Turn, and restore me :

Be not Almighty, let me say,

Against, but for me.

25 When thou dost turn, and wilt be near ;

What edge so keen,

What point so piercing can appear

To come between ?

For as thy absence doth excel

30 All distance known :

So doth thy nearness bear the bell,

Making two one.

## ¶ Grief.

O Who will give me tears ? Come all ye springs,  
 Dwell in my head and eyes : come clouds and rain :  
 My grief hath need of all the watry things,  
 That nature hath produc'd. Let every vein  
 Suck up a river to supply mine eyes, 5  
 My weary weeping eyes to dry for me,  
 Unless they get new conduits, new supplies  
 To bear them out, and with my state agree.  
 What are two shallow fords, two little spouts,  
 Of a less world ? The greater is but small, 10  
 A narrow cupboard for my griefs and doubts,  
 Which want provision in the midst of all.  
 Verses, ye are too fine a thing, too wise  
 For my rough sorrows : cease, be dumb and mute,  
 Give up your feet and running to mine eyes, 15  
 And keep your measures for some lovers lute,  
 Whose grief allows him musick and a rhyme :  
 For mine excludes both measure, tune, and time.  
 Alas, my God :

## ¶ The Cross.

W Hat is this strange & uncouth thing ? 20  
 To make me sigh, and seek, and faint and die,  
 Until I had some place, where I might sing,  
 And serve thee ; and not only I,  
 But all my wealth and family might combine  
 To set thy honour up, as our design. 25

And



And then when after much delay,  
 Much wraſtling, many a combate, this dear end,  
 So much deſir'd, is giv'n, to take away  
 My power to ſerve thee; to unbend  
 5 All my abilities, my deſigns confound,  
 And lay my threatnings bleeding on the ground.

One Ague dwelleth in my bones,  
 Another in my ſoul (the memory  
 What I would do for thee, if once my groans  
 10 Could be allow'd for harmony)  
 I am in all a weak diſabled thing,  
 Save in the ſight thereof, where ſtrength doth ſling.

Befides, things ſort not to my will,  
 Ev'n when my will doth ſtudy thy renown:  
 15 Thou turneſt th' edge of all things on me ſtill,  
 Taking me up to throw me down:  
 So that, ev'n when my hopes ſeem to be ſped,  
 I am to grief alive, to them as dead.

To have my aim, and yet to be  
 20 Farther from it then when I bent my bow:  
 To make my hopes my torture, and the ſee.  
 Of all my woes another woe,  
 Is in the miſt of delicacies to need,  
 And ev'n in Paradife to be a weed.

25 Ah my dear father, eaſe my ſmart!  
 Theſe contrarieties crush me: theſe croſs actions  
 Do wind a rope about, and cut my heart:  
 And yet ſince theſe thy contradictions  
 Are properly a Croſs felt by thy Son,  
 30 With but four words, my words, Thy will be done.

## ¶ The Flower.

**H**ow fresh, O Lord, how sweet and clean  
 Are thy returns ! ev'n as the flow'rs in spring ;  
 To which, besides their own demean,  
 The late-past frosts tributes of pleasure bring.  
     Grief melts away  
     Like snow in May,  
 As if there were no such cold thing.

Who would have thought my shrivel'd heart  
 Could have recover'd greenness ? It was gone  
 Quite under ground, as flow'rs depart  
 To see their Mother-root, when they have blown ;  
     Where they together  
     All the hard weather  
 Dead to the world, keep house unknown.

These are thy wonders, Lord of power,  
 Killing and quickning, bringing down to hell  
 And up to heaven in an hour ;  
 Making a chiming of a passing-bell.

    We say amiss,  
     This or that is :  
 Thy word is all, if we could spell.

O that I once past changing were,  
 Fast in thy Paradise, where no flow'r can wither !  
 Many a Spring I shoot up fair,  
 Offring at heav'n, growing and groaning thither :  
     Nor doth my flower  
     Want a spring-showre,  
 My sins and I joyning together.

But

But while I grow in a straight line.  
 Still upwards bent, as if heav'n were mine own,  
 Thy anger comes, and I decline :  
 What frost to that ? What pole is not the zone  
 5       Where all things burn,  
       When thou dost turn,  
 And the least frown of thine is shown ?  
 And now in age I bud again,  
 After so many deaths I live and write,  
 10       I once more smell the due and rain,  
 And relish versing. O my only light,  
       It cannot be  
       That I am he  
 On whom thy tempests fell all night.  
 15       These are thy wonders, Lord of love,  
 To make us see we are but flow'rs that glide :  
       Which when we once can find and prove,  
 Thou hast a garden for us, where to bide.  
       Who would be more,  
 20       Swelling through store.  
 Forfeit their Paradise by their pride.

¶ Dotage.

False glozing pleasures, casks of happiness,  
 Foolish night-fires, womens and childrens wishes,  
 Chafes in Arras, gilded emptiness,  
 25 Shadows well mounted, dreams in a career,  
 Embroider'd lyes, nothing between to dishes ;  
       These are the pleasures here.  
 True earnest sorrows, rooted miseries,  
 Anguish in grain, vexations ripe and blown,  
 30 Sure-footed griefs, solid calamities,  
       Plain demonstrations, evident and clear,  
 Fetching their proofs ev'n from the very bone ;  
       These are the sorrows here.       But

But Oh the folly of distracted men,  
 Who griefs in earnest, joyes in jest pursue ;  
 Preferring, like brute beasts, a loathsome den  
 Before a court, ev'n that above so clear,  
 Where are no sorrows, but delights more true  
 Then miseries are here !

## ¶ The Son.

**L** Et forraign Nations of their language boast,  
 What fine variety each tongue affords :  
 I like our language, as our men and coast :  
 Who cannot dress it well, want wit, not words. 10  
 How neatly do we give one only name  
 To Parents issue and the Suns bright Star !  
 A Son is light and fruit ; a fruitful flame  
 Chasing the Fathers dimness, carri'd far  
 From the first man in th' East, to fresh and new 15  
 Western discov'ries of posterity.  
 So in one word our Lords humility  
 We turn upon him in a sense most true :  
 For what Christ once in humbleness began,  
 We him in glory call, *The Son of man.* 20

## ¶ A true Hymn.

**M**Y joy, my life, my crown !  
 My heart was meaning all the day,  
 Somewhat it fain would say :  
 And still it runneth mutt'ring up and down  
 With only this, *My joy, my life, my crown !*

25  
 Yet

Yet slight not these few words:  
If truly said, they may take part  
Among the best in art.

The fineness which a Hymn or Psalm affords,  
5 Is, when the soul unto the lines accords.

He who craves all the mind,  
And all the soul, and strength, and time,  
If the words only rhyme,  
Justly complains, that somewhat is behind  
10 To make his Verse, or write a Hymn in kind.

Whereas if th' heart be mov'd,  
Although the Verse be somewhat scant,  
God doth supply the want:  
10 As when th' heart says, (sighing to be approv'd)  
15 O, could I love! and stops; God writeth, Lov'd.

¶ The Answer.

MY comforts drop and melt away like snow:  
I shake my head, and all the thoughts and ends  
Which my fierce youth did bandy, fall and flow  
Like leaves about me, or like summer friends,  
20 Flies of estates and sunshine. But to all,  
Who think me eager, hot and undertaking,  
But in prosecutions slack and small;  
As a young exhalation, newly waking,  
Scorns his first bed of dirt, and means the skie;  
25 But cooling by the way, grows purfie and slow,  
And settling to a cloud, doth live and die  
In that dark state of tears: to all, that so  
Show me, and set me, I have one reply,  
Which they that know the rest, know more then I,

## A Dialogue-Anthem.

*Christian. Death.*

**Chr.** **A** Las, poor death ! where is thy glory ?  
 Where is thy famous force, thy ancient sting ?

**Dea.** *Alas, poor mortal, void of storie !*  
*Go spell and read how I have kill'd thy King.*

**Chr.** Poor death ! and who was hurt hereby ?  
 Thy curse being laid on him, makes thee accurst,

**Dea.** *Let loosers talk : yet thou shalt die :* (worst.  
*These arms shall crush thee.* **Chr.** Spare not, do thy  
 I shall be one day better then before :  
 Thou so much worse, that thou shalt be no more. 10

## ¶ Thy Water-course.

**T**hou who dost dwell and linger here below,  
 Since the condition of this world is frail,  
 Where of all plants afflictions soonest grow ;  
 If troubles overtake thee, do not wail :

For who can look for less, that loveth { Life ? 15  
 Strife ?

But rather turn the pipe and waters course  
 To serve thy sins, and furnish thee with store  
 Of sov'raign tears, springing from true remorse ;  
 That so in pureness thou mayst him adore, 20

Who givest to man, as he sees fit, { Salvation.  
 Damnation. Self-

¶ Self-condemnation.

**T**Hou who condemnest Jewish hate,  
For choos'ing *Barabbas* a murderer  
Before the Lord of glory;  
Look back upon thine own estate.  
5 Call home thine eye (that busie wanderer)  
That choice may be thy story.

He that doth love, and love amiss,  
This worlds delights before true Christian joy,  
Hath made a Jewish choice:  
10 The world an ancient murderer is;  
Thousands of souls it hath and doth destroy  
With her enchanting voice.

He that hath made a sorry wedding  
Between his soul and gold, and hath preferr'd  
15 False gain before the true,  
Hath done what he condemns in reading:  
For he hath sold for money his dear Lord,  
And is a Judas-Jew.

Thus we prevent the last great day,  
20 And judge our selves. That light which sin and passion  
Did before dim and choak,  
When once those snuffs are ta'n away,  
Shines bright and clear, ev'n unto condemnation,  
Without excuse or cloak.

¶ Bitter-sweet.

25 **A**H my dear angry Lord!  
Since thou dost love, yet strike;  
Cast down, yet help afford;  
Sure I will do the like.

I will complain, yet praise ;  
 I will bewail, approve :  
 And all my sower-sweet days  
 I will lament, and love.

## ¶ The Glance.

**W**hen first thy sweet and gracious eye  
 Vouchsaf'd ev'n in the midst of youth and night  
 To look upon me, who before did lie  
 Weltring in sin :

I felt a sugred strange delight,  
 Passing all Cordials made by any Art,  
 Bedew, embalm, and over-run my heart,  
 And take it in.

Since that time many a bitter storm  
 My soul hath felt, ev'n able to destroy,  
 Had the malicious and ill-meaning harm  
 His swing and sway :

But still thy sweet original joy  
 Sprung from thine eye, did work within my soul,  
 And surging griefs, when they grew bold, control,  
 And got the day.

If thy first glance so powerful bee,  
 A mirth but open'd, and seal'd up again ;  
 What wonders shall we feel, when we shall see  
 Thy full-ey'd love !

When thou shalt look us out of pain,  
 And one aspect of thine spend in delight  
 More then a thousand suns disburse in light  
 In heav'n above !



¶ The 23. Psalm.

**T**He God of love my shepherd is  
And he that doth me feed.  
While he is mine, and I am his,  
What can I want or need?

5 He leads me to the tender grass,  
Where I both feed and rest;  
Then to the streams that gently pass  
In both I have the best.

10 Or if I stray, he doth convert  
And bring my mind in frame;  
And all this not for my desert,  
But for his holy name,

15 Yea, in deaths shady black abode  
Well may I walk, not fear:  
15 For thou art with me; and thy rod  
To guide, thy staff to bear.

20 Nay, thou dost make me sit and dine,  
Ev'n in my en'mies sight:  
My head with oyle, my cup with wine  
20 Runs over day and night.

25 Surely thy sweet and wondrous love  
Shall measure all my dayes:  
And as it never shall remove  
So neither shall my praise.

- Mary

## Mary Magdalen.

**V**Vhen blessed *Mary* wip'd her Saviours feet,  
(Whose precepts she had trampled on before)  
And wore them for a Jewel on her head :

Shewing his steps should be the street,  
Wherein she thenceforth ever more  
With penfive humbleness would live and tread :

She being stain'd her self, why did she strive  
To make him clean, who could not be defil'd ?  
Why kept she not her tears for her own faults,  
And not his feet ? Though we could dive  
In tears like Seas, our sins are pil'd  
Deeper then they, in words, and works, and thoughts.

Dear soul, she knew who did vouchsafe and deign  
To bear her filth ; and that her sins did dash  
Ey'n God himself : wherefore she was not loth ,  
As she had brought wherewith to stain,  
So to bring in wherewith to wash :  
And yet in washing one, she washed both.

## ¶ Aaron.

**H**oliness on the head,  
Light and perfections on the breast,  
Harmonious bells below, raising the dead  
To lead them unto life and rest ;  
Thus are true *Aarons* drest.

Profaneness in my head,  
Defects and darkness in my breast  
A noise of passions ringing me for dead  
Unto a place where is no rest ;  
Poor Priest thus am I drest !

Onely another head  
I have, another heart and breast,  
Another musick, making live, not dead,  
Without whom I could have no rest:  
5 In him I am well drest.

Christ is my onely head,  
My alone onely heart and breast,  
My onely musick, striking me ev'n dead:  
That to the old man I may rest,  
10 And be in him new drest.

So holy in my head,  
Perfect and light in my dear breast,  
My doctrine tun'd by Christ, (who is not dead,  
But lives in me while I do rest)  
15 Come people; *Aaron's drest.*

¶ The Odour. 2 Cor. 2.

**H**ow sweetly doth *My Master* sound *My Master*?  
As Amber-grise leaves a rich scent  
Unto the taster;  
So do these words a sweet content,  
20 An oriental fragrancy, *My Master.*  
With these all day I do perfume my mind,  
My mind ev'n thrust into them both;  
That I might find  
What Cordials make this curious broth,  
25 This broth of smells, that feeds and fats my mind.  
*My Master*, shall I speak? Oh that to thee  
*My Servant* were a little so,  
As flesh may be;  
That these two words might creep and grow  
30 To some degree of spiciness to thee!

H

Then

Then should the Pomander, which was before  
A speaking sweet, mend by reflection,

And tell me more :

For pardon of my imperfection  
Would warm and work it sweeter then before.

For when *My Master*, which alone is sweet,

And ev'n in my unworthiness pleasing,

Shall call and meet,

*My Servant*, as thee not displeasing ;

That call is but the breathing of the sweet.

This breathing would with gains by sweetning me  
(As sweet things traffick when they meet)

Return to thee :

And so this new commerce and sweet  
Should all my life employ and busie me.

### ¶ The Foil.

- IF we could see below  
The sphere of vertue, and each shining grace  
As plainly as that above doth show ;

This were the better skie, the brighter place.

God hath made Stars the foil

To set off virtues, griefs to set off sinning ;

Yet in this wretched world we toil,

As if grief were not foul, nor vertue winning.

### ¶ The Forerunners

THE Harbingers are come. See, see their mark ;

White is their colour, and behold my head,

But must they have my brain ? must they dispart

Those sparkling notions, which therein were bred ?

Must dulness turn me to a clod ?

Yet have they left me, *Then art still my God.*

Good

Good men ye be, to leave me my best room,  
 Ev'n all my heart, and what is lodged there :  
 I pass not, I, what of the rest become,  
 So, *Thou art still my God*, be out of fear,  
 5 He will be pleased with that ditty ;  
 And if I please him, I write fine and witty.

Farewel sweet phrases, lovely metaphors,  
 But will you leave me thus ? when ye before  
 Of stews and brothels only knew the doors,  
 10 Then did I wash you with my tears, and more,  
 Brought you to Church well drest and clad :  
 My God must have my best, ev'n all I had.

Lovely enchanting language, sugar-cane,  
 Honey of roses, whither wilt thou flee ?  
 15 Hath some fond lover tic'd thee to thy bane ?  
 And wilt thou leave the Church, and love a fie ?  
 Fie, thou wilt soil thy broider'd coat,  
 And hurt thy self, and him that sings the note.

Let foolish lovers, if they will love dung,  
 20 With Canvas, not with Arras, cloath their shame :  
 Let folly speak in her own native tongue.  
 True beauty dwells on high : ours is a flame  
 But borrow'd thence to light us thither.  
 Beauty and beauteous words should go together.

25 Yet if you go, I pass not ; take your way :  
 For, *Thou art still my God*, is all that ye  
 Perhaps with more embellishment can say.  
 Go birds of spring : let winter have his fee ;  
 Let a bleak paleness chalk the doore,  
 30 So all within be livelier then before.

## ¶ The Rose.

**P**ress me not to take more pleasure  
 In this world of sugred lies,  
 And to use a larger measure  
 Then my strict yet welcome size.

First, there is no pleasure here :  
 Colour'd griefs indeed there are,  
 Blushing woes, that look as clear  
 As if they could beauty spare.

Or if such deceits there be,  
 Such delights I meant to say ;  
 There are no such things to me,  
 Who have pass'd my right way.

But I will not much oppose  
 Unto what you now advise :  
 Onely take this gentle rose,  
 And therein my answer lies.

What is fairer then a rose ?  
 What is sweeter ? yet it purgeth.  
 Purgings enmity disclose,  
 Enmity forbearance urgeth.

If then all the worldlings prize  
 Be contracted to a rose ;  
 Sweetly there indeed it lies,  
 But it biteth in the close.

So this flow'r doth judge and sentence  
 Worldly joyes to be a scourge :  
 For they all produce repentance,  
 And repentance is a purge.

But

But I health, not physick chuse:  
Only though I you oppose,  
Say that fairly I refuse,  
For my answer is a rose.

¶ Discipline.

5 **T**Hrow away thy rod,  
Throw away thy wrath.  
O my God,  
Take the gentle path.  
For my hearts desire  
10 Unto thine is bent:  
I aspire  
To a full consent.  
Not a word or look  
I affect to own,  
15 But by book,  
And thy book alone.  
Though I fail, I weep:  
Though I halt in pace,  
Yet I creep  
20 To the throne of grace.  
Then let wrath remove,  
Love will do the deed  
For with love  
Stony hearts will bleed.  
25 Love is swift of foot;  
Love's a man of war  
And can shoot,  
And can hit from far,

H 3

Who

Who can scape his bow?  
 That which wrought on thee,  
     Brought thee low.  
 Needs must work on me.

Throw away thy rod;  
 Though man frailties hath,  
     Thou art God:  
 Throw away thy wrath.

### ¶ The Invitation.

**C**ome ye hither, all whose taste  
     Is your waste; 10  
 Save your cost and mend your fare,  
 God is here prepar'd and drest,  
     And the feast;  
 God in whom all dainties are.  
 Come ye hither all, whom wine 15  
     Doth define,  
 Naming you not to your good:  
 Weep what ye have drunk amiss,  
     And drink this,  
 Which before ye drink is blood. 20  
 Come ye hither all, whom pain  
     Doth arraign,  
 Bringing all your sins to sight:  
 Taste and fear not: God is here  
     In this cheer, 25  
 And on sin doth cast the fright:  
 Come ye hither all, whom joy  
     Doth destroy,  
 While ye graze without your bounds:  
 Here is joy that drowneth quite 30  
     Your delight,  
 As a flood the lower grounds.

Come



Come ye hither all whose love

Is your dove,

And exalts you to the skie:

Here is love, which having breath,

Ev'n in death,

After death can never die.

Lord, I have invited all,

And I shall

Still invite, still call to thee:

10 For it seems but just and right

In my sight,

Where is all, there all should be.

¶ The Banquet.

**W**elcome sweet and sacred cheer,

Welcome dear;

15 With me, in me, live and dwell;

For thy neatness passeth sight,

Thy delight

Passeth tongue to taste or tell:

O what sweetness from the bowl

20 Fills my soul,

Such as is, and makes divine!

Is some star fled (from the sphere)

Melted there,

As we sugar melt in wine?

25 Or hath sweetness in the bread

Made a head,

To subdue the smell of sin;

Flow'rs, and gummess, and powders giving

All their living,

30 Left the enemy should win?

Doubtless neither star nor flower  
 Hath the power  
 Such a sweetness to impart :  
 Only God who gives perfumes,  
 Flesh assumes,  
 And with it perfumes my heart.

But as Pomanders and wood  
 Still are good,  
 Yet being bruis'd are better scented ;  
 God, to shew how far his love  
 Could improve,  
 Here, as broken, is presented,

When I had forgot my birth,  
 And on earth  
 In delights of earth was drown'd ;  
 God took blood, and needs would be  
 Spilt with me,  
 And so found me on the ground.

Having rais'd me to look up,  
 In a cup  
 Sweetly he doth meet my taste,  
 But I still being low and short,  
 Far from Court,  
 Wine becomes a wing at last.

For with it alone I flie  
 To the skie  
 Where I wipe mine eyes, and see  
 What I seek, for what I sue  
 Him I view,  
 Who hath done so much for me.

Let

Let the wonder of this pity  
 Be my ditty,  
 And take up my lines and life :  
 Hearken under pain of death,  
 Hands and breath,  
 Strive in this, and love the strife.

¶ The Posie.

Let wits contest,  
 And with their words and posies windows fill :  
*Less then the least*  
 Of all thy mercies, is my posie still.

This on my ring,  
 This by my picture, in my book I write.  
 Whether I sing,  
 Or say, or dictate, this is my delight.  
 Invention rest,  
 Comparisons go play, wit use thy will :  
*Less then the least*  
 Of all Gods mercies, is my posie still.

¶ A Parodie.

Souls joy, when thou art gone,  
 And I alone,  
 Which cannot be,  
 Because thou dost abide with me,  
 And I depend on thee ;  
 Yet when thou dost suppress  
 The chearfulness  
 Of thy abode,  
 And in my powers not stir abroad,  
 But leave me to my load :

O what a damp and shade  
 Doth me invade !  
 No stormy night  
 Can so afflict or so affright,  
 As thy eclipsed light.

5

Ah Lord ! do not withdraw,  
 Lest want of aw  
 Make sin appear ;  
 And when thou dost but shine less clear,  
 Say, that thou art not here.

10

And then what life I have,  
 While sin doth rave,  
 And falsely boast,  
 That I may seek, but thou art lost ;  
 Thou and alone thou know'st.

15

O what a deadly cold  
 Doth me infold !  
 I half believe  
 That Sin sayes true : but while I grieve,  
 Thou com'st and dost relieve.

20

### ¶ The Elixir.

T Each me, my God and King,  
 In all things thee to see ;  
 And what I do in any thing,  
 To do it as for thee :

Not rudely, as a beast,  
 To run into an action ;  
 But still to make thee prepossest,  
 And give it his perfection.

20

A man that looks on glafs,  
On it may stay his eye;  
Or, if he pleaseth, through it pass,  
And then the heav'n espie.

5 All may of thee partake:  
Nothing can be so mean,  
Which with this tincture (*for thy sake*)  
Will not grow bright and clean.

10 A servant with this clause  
Makes drudgery divine.  
Who sweeps a room, as for thy laws,  
Makes that and th' action fine.

15 This is the famous stone  
That turneth all to gold:  
For that which God doth touch and own  
Cannot for less be told.

## ¶ A Wreath.

A Wreathed garland of deserved praise,  
Of praise deserved unto thee I give,  
I give to thee, who knowest all my ways,  
20 My crooked winding ways wherein I live,  
Wherein I die, not live: for life is straight,  
Straight as a line, and ever tends to thee,  
To thee, who art more far above deceit,  
Then deceit seems above simplicitie,  
25 Give me simplicity, that I may live,  
So live and like, that I may know thy ways,  
Know them and practice them: then shall I give  
For this poor wreath, give thee a crown of praise.

¶ Death

## ¶ Death.

**D**Eath, thou wast once an uncouth hidious thing,  
 Nothing but bones,  
 The sad effect of sadder grones :  
 Thy mouth was open, but thou couldst not sing.

For we consider'd thee, as at some fix  
 Or ten years hence,  
 After the loss of life and sense,  
 Flesh being turn'd to dust, and bones to sticks.

We lookt on this side of thee, shooting short ;  
 Where we did find  
 The shels of sledge souls left behind,  
 Dry dust, which sheds no tears, but may extort.

But since our Saviours death did put some blood  
 Into thy face,  
 Thou art grown fair and full of grace,  
 Much in request, much sought for as a good.

For we do now behold thee gay and glad,  
 As at dooms-day ;  
 When souls shall wear their new aray,  
 And all thy bones with beauty shall be clad.

Therefore we can go die as sleep, and trust  
 Half that we have  
 Unto an honest faithful grave ;  
 Making our pillows either down or dust.

¶ Dooms.

¶ Dooms-day.

Come away,  
Make no delay.

Summon all the dust to rise,  
Till it stir, and rub the eyes ;  
5 While this member jogs the other,  
Each one whispring, *Live you, Brother ?*

5 Come away,  
Make this the day.  
Dust, alafs, no musick feels,  
10 But thy trumpet : then it kneels,  
As peculiar notes and strains  
Cure Tarantulaes raging pains.

10 Come away,  
O make no stay.  
15 Let the graves make their confession.  
Lest at length they plead possession :  
Fleshes stubbornness may have.  
15 Read that lesson to the grave.

20 Come away,  
Thy flock doth stray.  
Some to winds their body lend,  
And in them may drown a friend :  
Some in noysome vapours grow  
20 To a plague and publick wo.

25 Come away,  
Help our decay.  
Man is out of order hurl'd,  
Parcell'd out to all the world,  
Lord, thy broken comfort raise,  
30 And the musick shall be praise.

Judg

## ¶ Judgment.

**A**lmighty Judge, how shall poor wretches brook  
Thy dreadful look,  
Able an heart of Iron to appall,

When thou shalt call  
For ev'ry mans peculiar book ?  
What others mean to do, I know not well,  
Yet I here tell,  
That some will turn thee to some leaves therein  
So void of sin,

That they in merit shall excell.  
But I resolve when thou shalt call for mine,  
That to decline,  
And thrust a Testament into thy hand ;  
Let that be scann'd :  
There thou shalt find my faults are thine.

## ¶ Heaven.

**O** Who will shew me those delights on high ?

*Echo. I.*

Thou Echo, thou art mortal, all men know,

*Echo. No.*

Wert thou not born among the trees and leaves ?

*Echo. Leaves.*

And are there any leaves that still abide ?

*Echo. Bide.*

What leaves are they ? impart the matter wholly.

*Echo. Holy.*

Are holy leaves the Echo, then of bliss ?

*Echo. Yes.*

Then tell me, what is that supreme delight ?

*Echo. Light.*

Light



Light to the mind : what shall the will enjoy ?

*Echo. Joy.*

But are there cares and business with the pleasure?

*Echo. Leisure.*

5 Light, joy, and leisure ; but shall they persevere ?

*Echo. Ever.*

¶ Love.

**L**ove bade me welcome : yet my soul drew back,  
Guilty of dust and sin.

10 But quick-ey'd Love, observing me grow slack  
From my first entrance in,

10 Drew nearer to me, sweetly questioning  
If I lack'd any thing.

A guest, I answer'd, worthy to be here ;  
Love said, You shall be he.

15 I the unkind, ungrateful ; Ah my dear.

I cannot look on thee.

15 Love took my hand, and smiling did reply,  
Who made the eyes but I ?

Truth Lord ; but I have marr'd them : let my shame  
Go where it doth deserve.

20 And know you not, says Love, who bore the blame  
My dear, then I will serve.

You must sit down, says Love, and taste my meat :  
So I did sit and eat.

F I N I S.

Glory be to God on high, and on earth peace,  
good will towards men.



## THE CHURCH MILITANT.

**A**lmighty Lord, who from thy glorious throne  
 Seest and rulest all things ev'n as one :  
 The smallest Ant or Atome knows thy power,  
 Known also to each minute of an hour:  
 Much more do Common-wealths acknowledge thee, 5  
 And wrap their policies in thy decree,  
 Complying with thy counsels, doing nought  
 Which doth not meet with an eternal thought.  
 But above all, thy Church and Spouse doth prove  
 Not the degrees of power but bands of love. 10  
 Early didst thou arise to plant this Vine,  
 Which might the more indear it to be thine.  
 Spices come from the East ; so did thy Spouse ,  
 Trim as the light, sweet as the laden boughs  
 Of *Noah's* shady vine, chaste as the dove ; 15  
 Prepar'd and fitted to receive thy love ;  
 The course was westward, that the Sun might light  
 As well our understanding as our sight.  
 Where th' Ark did rest, thence *Abraham* began  
 To bring the other Ark to *Canaan*. 20  
*Moses* pursu'd this : but King *Solomon*  
 Finisht and fixt the old religion.  
 When it grew loose, the Jewes did hope in vain  
 By nailing Christ to fasten it again,  
 But to the Gentiles he bore cross and all, 25  
 Rending with earth-quakes the partition wall.  
 Onely where as the Ark in glory shone,  
 Now with the cross, as with a staff, alone,  
 Religion, like a Pilgrim, westward bent  
 Knocking at all doors ever as she went. 30  
 Yet as the Sun, though forward be his flight,  
 Listens behind him, and allows some light,

Till

Till all depart : so went the Church her way,  
Letting, while one foot slept, the other stay  
Among the eastern nations for a time,  
Till both removed to the western clime.

5 To *Egypt* first she came, where they did prove  
Wonders of anger once, but now of love.  
The ten Commandments there did flourish more  
Then the ten bitter plagues had done before.

Holy *Macarius* and great *Antony*

10 Made *Pharaoh Moses*, changing th' History.  
*Goshen* was darkness, *Egypt* full of lights,  
*Nilus* for Monsters brought forth Israelites.  
Such power hath mighty Baptism to produce  
For things mishapen, things of highest use

15 How dear to me, O God, thy Counsels are !

Who may with thee compare ?

Religion thence fled into *Greece*, where Arts  
Gave her the highest place in all mens hearts.

15 Learning was pos'd, Philosophy was set,

20 Sophisters taken in a Fishers net,

*Plato* and *Aristotle* were at a loss,

And wheel'd about again to spell *Christ's-Cross*.

Prayers chas'd Syllogisms into their den,

20 And *Ergo* was transform'd into *Amen*.

25 Though *Greece* took horse as soon as *Egypt* did,

And *Rome* as both ; yet *Egypt* faster rid,

And spent her period and prefixed time

Before the other *Greece* being past her prime,

25 Religion went to *Rome*, subduing those,

30 Who that they might subdue, made all their foes.

The Warriour his dear skars no more resounds,

But seems to yield *Christ* hath the greater wounds ;

Wounds willingly endur'd to work his bliss,

30 Who by an ambush lost his Paradise.

35 The great heart stoups, and taketh from the dust

A sad repentance, not the spoils of lust ;

Quit-

Quitting his spear, lest it should pierce again  
 Him in his members, who for him was slain.  
 The Shepherds hook grew to a Scepter here,  
 Giving new names and numbers to the year,  
 But th' Empire dwelt in *Greece*, to comfort them  
 Who were cut short in *Alexanders* stem.  
 In both of these Prowess and Arts did tame  
 And tune mens hearts against the Gospel came :  
 Which using, and not fearing skill in th' one,  
 Or strength in th' other, did erect her throne.  
 Many a rent and struggling th' Empire knew,  
 (As dying things are wont) until it flew  
 At length to *Germany*, still westward bending,  
 And there the Churches festival attending :  
 That as before Empire and Arts made way,  
 (For no less Harbingers would serve then they)  
 So they might still; and point us out the place [face.  
 Where first the Church should raise her down-cast  
 Strength levels grounds, Art makes a Garden there;  
 Then showres Religion, and makes all to bear.  
*Spain* in the Empire shar'd with *Germany*,  
 But *England* in the higher victory ;  
 Giving the Church a Crown to keep her state,  
 And not go less then she had done of late.  
*Constantines* British line meant this of old,  
 And did this mystery wrap up and fold  
 Within a sheet of paper, which was rent  
 From times great Chronicle, and hither sent.  
 Thus both the Church and Sun together ran  
 Unto the farthest old meridian.  
 How dear to me, O God, thy counsels are !  
 Who may with thee compare ?  
 Much about one and the same time and place,  
 Both where and when the Church began her race,  
 Sin did set out of Eastern *Babylon*,  
 And travell'd westward also : journeying on

He chid the Church away, where e're he came,  
Breaking her peace, and tainting her good name.

At first he got to *Egypt*, and did sow  
Gardens of gods, which every year did grow ;

5 Fresh and fine deities. They were at great cost,  
Who for a god clearly a falset lost.

Ah ! what thing is man devoid of grace,  
Adoring Garlick with an humble face,  
Begging his food of that which he may eat,

10 Starving the while he worshipped his meat !

Who makes a root his god, how low is he,

If God and man be sever'd infinitely !

What wretchedness can give him any room,

Whose house is foul, while he adores his broom ?

15 None will believe this now, though many be

In us the same transplanted foolerie.

Thus Sin in *Egypt* sneaked for a while ;

His highest was an Ox or Crocodile,

And such poor game. Thence he to *Greece* doth pass ;

20 And being craftier much then goodness was,

He left behind him Garrisons of sins,

To make good that which ev'ry day he wins.

Here sin took heart, and for a garden-bed

Rich shrines and oracles he purchased :

25 He grew a gallant, and would needs foretell

As well what should befall, as what befell.

Nay he became a Poet, and would serve

His pills of sublimate in that conserve.

The world came both with hands and purses full

30 To this great lottery, and all would pull.

But all was glorious cheating, brave deceit ;

Where some poor truths were shuffled for a bait

To credit him, and to discredit those

Who after him should braver truths disclose.

35 From *Greece* he went to *Rome* : and as before

He was a God, now he's an Emperour,

*Nero*

Now and others lodg'd him bravely there,  
 Put him in trust to rule the Roman sphere.  
 Glory was his chief instrument of old :  
 Pleasure succeeded straight, when that grew cold.  
 Which soon was blown to such a mighty flame,  
 That though our Saviour did destroy the game,  
 Disparking oracles and all their treasure,  
 Setting affliction to encounter pleasure :  
 Yet did a rogue with hope of carnal joy  
 Cheat the most subtil nations. Who so coy,  
 So trim, as *Greece* and *Egypt* ? yet their hearts  
 Are given over for their curious Arts,  
 To such Mahometane stupidities,  
 As the old heathen would deem prodigies.  
 How dear to me, O God, thy Counsels are !

*Who may wish thee compare ?*

Onely the West and Rome do keep them free  
 From this contagious infidelitie.  
 And this is all the Rock, whereof they boast,  
 As Rome will one day find unto her cost.  
 Sin, being not able to extirpate quite  
 The Churches here, bravely resolv'd one night  
 To be a Church-man too, and wear a Miter :  
 The old debauched Russian would turn writer.  
 I saw him in his study, where he sate  
 Busie in controversies sprung of late.  
 A Gown and Pen became him wondrous well :  
 His grave Aspect had more of Heav'n, then Hell :  
 Only there was an handsome picture by,  
 To which he lent a corner of his eye.  
 As sin in *Greece* a Prophet was before,  
 And in old *Rome* a mighty Emperour  
 So now being Priest he plainly did profess  
 To make a jest of Christs three Offices :  
 The rather since his scatter'd jugglings were  
 United now in one both time and sphere.

From

From *Egypt* he took petty deities,  
From *Greece* oracular infallibilities,  
And from old *Rome* the liberty of pleasure,  
By free dispensings of the Churches treasure.

Then, in memorial of his ancient throne,  
He did surname his palace *Babylon*.

Yet, that he might the better gain all nations,  
And make that name good by their transmigrations;  
From all these places, but at divers times,

He took fine vizards to conceal his crimes :

From *Egypt* Anchorism and retiredness,  
Learning from *Greece*, from old *Rome* stateliness :

And blending these, he carried all mens eyes,  
While truth sat by, counting his victories :

Whereby he grew apace, and scorn'd to use  
Such force as once did captivate the Jews ;  
But did bewitch, and finely work each nation  
Into a voluntary transmigration.

All poste to *Rome* : Princes submit their necks

Either t' his publick foot or private tricks.

It did not fit his gravity to stir,

Nor his long journey, nor his gout and fur.

Therefore he sent out able Ministers.

Statesmen within, without doors Cloisterers :

Who without spear, or sword, or other drumme

Then what was in their tongue, did overcome ;

And having conquer'd, did so strangely rule,

That the whole world did seem but the Popes *Mule*.

As new and old *Rome* did one Empire twist ;

So both together are one Antichrist,

Yet with two faces, as their *Fannus* was :

Being in this their old crackt looking-glass.

How dear to me, O God, thy Counsels are !

*Who may with thee compare ?*

Thus Sin triumphs in Western *Babylon* ;

Yet not as Sin, but as Religion.



Of his two thrones he made the latter best,  
 And to defray his journey from the east.  
 Old and new *Baby'on* are to Hell and night,  
 As is the Moon and Sun to Heav'n and light.  
 When th' one did set, the other did take place,  
 Confronting equally the Law and grace.  
 They are Hells land-marks, Satans double crest:  
 They are sins nipples, feeding th' east and west.  
 But as in vice the Copy still exceeds  
 The pattern, but not so in virtuous deeds;  
 So, though sin made his latter seat the better,  
 The latter Church is to the first a debtor.  
 The second Temple could not reach the first;  
 And the late reformation never durst  
 Compare with ancient times and purer years;  
 But in the Jews and us deserveth tears.  
 Nay it shall ev'ry year decrease and fade;  
 Till such a darkness do the world invade  
 At Christs last coming as his first did find:  
 Yet must there such proportions be assign'd,  
 To these diminishings, as is between  
 The spacious world and *Fewry* to be seen.  
 Religion stands on tip-toe in our land,  
 Ready to pass to the *American* strand.  
 When height of malice and prodigious lusts,  
 Impudent sinning, witchcrafts, and distrusts.  
 (The marks of future bane) shall fill our cup  
 Unto the brim, and make our measure up:  
 When *Scin* shall swallow *Tiber*, and the *Thames*,  
 By letting in them both, pollutes her streames:  
 When *Italy* of us shall have her will,  
 And all her Calendar of sins fulfill;  
 Whereby one may foretel, what sins next year  
 Shall both in *France* and *England* domineer;  
 Then shall Religion to *America* flee.



They have their times of Gospel, even as we.  
My God, thou dost prepare for them a way,  
By carrying first their gold from them away :  
For gold and grace did never yet agree :

5 Religion alwaies sides with povertie ;  
We think we rob them, but we think amiss :  
We are more poor, and they more rich by this.  
Thou wilt revenge their quarrel, making grace  
To pay our debts, and leave our ancient place  
10 To go to them, while that which now their nation  
But lends to us, shall be our desolation.  
Yet as the Church shall thither westward flie,  
So sin shall trace and dog her instantly :  
They have their period also and set times  
15 Both for their virtuous actions and their crimes.  
And where of old the Empire and the Arts  
Usher'd the Gospel ever in mens hearts,  
Spain hath done one ; when Arts perform the other,  
The Church shall come, & sin the Church shall smoo-  
20 That when they have accomplished the round, (ther:  
And met in th' East their first and ancient found,  
Judgment may meet them both & search them round.  
Thus do both lights, as well in Church as Sun,  
Light one another, and together run.  
25 Thus also Sin and Darknes follow still  
The Church and Sun with all their power and skill.  
But as the Sun still goes both West and East ;  
So also did the Church by going West  
Still Eastward go ; because it drew more near  
30 To time and place, where judgment shall appear.  
How deat to me, O God, thy counsels are !

*Who may with thee compare ?*

L' Envoy.



¶ L' Envoy.

**K**ing of Glory, King of Peace,  
 With the one make war to cease,  
 With the other bleſs thy ſheep,  
 Thee to love, in thee to ſleep.  
 Let not ſin devour thy fold,  
 Bragging that thy blood is cold,  
 That thy death is alſo dead,  
 While his conqueſts daily ſpread;  
 That thy fleſh hath loſt his food,  
 And thy Croſs is common wood.  
 Choke him let him ſay no more,  
 But reſerve his breath in ſtore,  
 Till thy conqueſts and his fall  
 Make his ſighs to uſe it all,  
 And then bargain with the wind  
 To diſcharge what is behind.

19 AUG 64

*Bleſſed be God alone,  
 Thrice bleſſed three in one.*

F I N I S.



# A TABLE



A.

- A** Aron's garments should be still worn by Ministers.  
Pag. 168. Line 19
- Abraham brought Religion with him from the  
East 184.19
- Abstinence, how profitable 79.
- Abuse of things taketh not away their use 79.16
- Abusiveness, the scum of wit 8.29 9.1
- Account, see Rules
- Action. The glory of an action is to do it for Gods glory  
178.21
- Active spirits only live 12.19 71.3
- Adoration of Saints, why unlawful 70.1
- Affliction succeedeth prosperity, 38.25, &c. it is not  
to be grieved for, 164. 11 or rather, grief for af-  
fliction is to be turned into grief for sin, 164.17  
how to carry your selves therein, 40. 7 it is advan-  
tage to a Christian, 35, 90. 7 124. 25 Afflictions  
caldron helpeth to supple the heart, 122. 17.--29  
123. 1 affliction to Christians, like the pruning  
knife to Trees, 126.2 afflictions compared to Moles  
119. 1. all our afflictions, nothing to Christ's suffer-  
ings, 53. 26. Christ hath his part in our afflictions.  
64. 27 65.7 89.28
- Alms, the most thriving trade, 89.3 motives there-  
unto, 13. 20. &c. see Rules.
- Altar, see Gods.

I

Ameri.

## A Table.

*America's conversion calculated* 190. 25. *Their parting with their Gold prepareth them for the Gospel.* 191.

<i>Anagram of JESU</i>	105. 9. of Mary	69. 15
<i>Anchorism, whence</i>		189. 13
<i>Angels, held with joy? Man recover'd with grief</i>		90. 1
<i>Both have great cause to praise God</i>		85. 7, &c.
<i>Angry men give advantage to their adversaries</i>		11. 19
<i>Antichrists various policies, whereby he hath prevailed over the world</i>	189, 1, &c. see Rome.	
<i>Apparel, see Rules.</i>		
<i>Arguing, see Rules.</i>		
<i>Ark; where the Ark stood, Religion began her race</i>		184. 19
<i>Arms, and</i>		
<i>Arts usher in the Gospel</i>	185. 9—22. 191. 17	The power of Art 155. 1
<i>Arts yield to the simplicity of the Gospel</i>		185. 20
<i>Assurance assaulted by doubting</i>	149. 1	how cleared 149: 19
<i>Astronomy</i>	77. 11	127. 17
<i>Attention in time of Divine Service.</i>		15. 1

## B.

<b>B</b> abylon, old and new, deciphered	190. 5	Both enemies to Gods Church	190. 8	see Rome.
<i>Backbiter, see Evil-speaker.</i>				
<i>Banquet. None so dainty as the Holy Communion</i>	174, 175, 176			
<i>Baptism, why administred in our infancy</i>	36. 15	its sacred efficacy	36. 4	185. 16
				It is the hearts laver. 122. 4
<i>Baths</i>				111. 20
<i>Bats</i>				113. 13
<i>Beasts, see Virtue.</i>				
				Beauty,

## A Table.

Beauty how to be accounted of	62. 25	It is one of
the Worlds baits	103. 5	It raiseth wit
ty where		46. 1 True beau-
		171. 22
Bed, an embleme of the grave	90. 19	180. 21
Bees		111. 13
Blessings how variously dealt	112. 10	113. 5.
Boasting of sin, a desying of God		2. 25, &c.
Bodies. Our bodies, though wilely d shonoured and dis-		
ordered by death	180. 1 181. 21	shall rise in glory 180.
		17 181. 3
Boldness, when commendable		81. 9, 19

British Church, see Church.

Broken heart see Heart.

Business, to be actively followed 12. 13 see Employ-  
ment. What business we have for tears 105. 19 and  
sighs. 106. 1

## C.

<b>C</b> almness in arguing, a great advantage	11. 13
Careless persons past cure	12. 23
Care's cops	136. 5. Busie care for future chances,
blamed	139. 1, &c.
Charity, like the cement in a building	58. 18
Children, how to be educated	4. 13---30 They are pa-
terns for men	36. 20
<b>CHRIST.</b> His love to us, free	107. 1, &c. 176.
13 and incomparable	29. 17 86. 21 96. 7 97. 16
100. 10, &c. 106. 8, &c. 151. 12 175. 4	We
can never sufficiently admire it	177. 1 We can nor
do, nor suffer enough to requite him	27. 3, &c. 28.
19 97. 21 141. 5	How he humbled himself to
redeem us	31. 26 He laid aside his Robes, to put
on our Rags	145. 15 He is lodged in an Inn 72.
29 145. 25	cradled in a manger 73. 6. His
fourty daies fast	79. 19 We ought to imitate him
	1 2 79.

## A Table.

79. 20 why Mary washed his feet, 188. 1 his  
 passion and grief set forth, 19, &c. his sale, 19. 17  
 bloody sweat, 19. 21 54. 5 100. 1 His Disciples  
 drowsiness, 20. 1 and flight, 20. 21 his apprehen-  
 sion, 20. 17 accusation, 20. 26, &c. willingness to  
 die, 20. 30 condemnation, 21. 9 23. 21 patience,  
 21. 29 Herod and Pilate combine against him,  
 21. 13 the Jewes spite against him, see Jewes,  
 Barabbas preferred before him, 22. 21 he is  
 scourged, 23. 1 buffeted, 23. 5 spit on, 23. 9 24.  
 25 hood-winked, 23. 13 flouted, 23. 17 26. 1  
 scornfully arrayed, 24. 1 cruelly crowned, 24. 5  
 smitten with a Reed, 24. 13 scoffingly saluted,  
 24. 17 he beareth his Cross, 25. 9 is crucified on it  
 25. 13 betwixt two Thieves, 26. 9 they give him  
 V. negar and Gall, 26. 17 part his garments, 26. 21  
 pierce his side, 26. 25 146. 1 what rare liquor flowed  
 thence 26. 27 29. 18 36. 4

His title, 26. 13 27. 1 Death, 26. 29 118. 1  
 145. 13, 30 by dying he hath destroyed Death, 164.

The unconceivableness of his sufferings, 25. 21 27.  
 I---10  
 I----10

All our sufferings nothing to his 53. 26

An Arithmetick to cast up his sufferings by 30. 15

Our benefit from them, 25. 15 26. 5 27. 13 106. 8---  
 28 164. 1---10

His Sepulchre, 32. 7 his grave-cloaths, a Christian.  
 handkerchief 105. 6

The use and fruits of his Resurrection, 104. 19, &c.  
 how to share with him in his victories, 29. 1 an Hymn  
 on his Resurrection 33. 1

His blood, an antidote to expel Sin, 31. 13 the  
 onely quieter of the conscience, 98. 17 the price of  
 Paradise, 68. 19 the true Panacea, 141. 19 it  
 serveth

# A Table.

serveth both to cleanse the heart, 122. 5. 141. 19 and  
soften it 122. 32 it supplieth the defect of our tears  
129. 25 152. 25

His Cross, a Tree of Life to us, 25. 15 what Adam  
lost, we have in him 137. 13 185. 36

He is the weary souls best relief, 72. 26 both the  
grief and joy of a Christian, 54. 6 our peace, 115,  
26 our way, truth, life, 150. 13 our light, feast,  
strength, 150. 17 our joy, love, heart, 150. 21 our  
food in the Sacrament, 155. 14 174. 12, 20, 24 175.  
13 176. 1, &c.

He is more ours than his own, 151. 12 we, more his  
than our own, 151. 1 and then most our own when his  
151. 4

He is most lovely and beautiful, 108. 9 he hath  
changed the shape of Justice from terrible to amiable,  
135. 1 he presenteth our suits to his Father with  
advantage 146. 7 he supplieth his Ministers defects  
168. 24 169. 1 he suffereth still in his members  
64. 24 65. 7

What he requireth of us for all he hath done for  
us, 107. 25 our ingratitude to him, 86. 5---25  
Vowes of gratitude and love to him, 27. 17 40.  
11

Christ's three Offices, made a jest of 188. 33

He is importuned to hasten his second coming 99. 15

100, 101, 150. 13 181. 1, &c

Christian Religion, its rise, 184. 25 progress west-  
ward, 184. 29 it leaveth the East by degrees,  
185. 2 cometh into Egypt 185. 8 Greece 185. 20  
Italy 185. 32 Germany 186. 15 England 186.  
24 when it shall pass over to America, 190. 25  
see Religion. Arts and Arms both give way to it  
185. 20-----35 both make way for it, 186. 9--22 191  
17



## A Table.

Christians should not be caught with the Worlds  
 baits 103.1---24 172.1, &c. see World. Their  
 joy, see Joy. their state here 132.1 their life, a  
 mixture of bitter and sweet 158. 20, &c. 160, 161,  
 165. 25 166. 5, 13 their journey to heaven described  
 135. 25 It is like that of the Jews toward Canaan 121.1  
 A Christmas-anthene 73.11

Church, see Gods house.

The Church how tenderly regarded by God 184. 9  
 Her grace and beauty 184. 14 Her progress, like the  
 Suns, from the East Westward 184. 13, 24 185. 2  
 186. 31 191. 13, 24 she is still dogged and driven away  
 by sin 185. 35 see Sin.

She is but a small part of the world 134. 27

The reformed Church, far short of the primitive,  
 190. 14 Gifts of the holy Ghost, how plentiful in  
 the Primitive Church, 51. 11 how scarce now,  
 51. 23

Churches authority, to be obeyed 78. 16 Innocent cu-  
 stomes in the Church to be observed 78. 24

Church-schisms, how sad and lamentable 134. 1 whence  
 caused 134. 15

The British Church, of late the most beautiful 102. 1  
 ---30 the Pontifician, in the mean time painted 102. 13  
 the rest undressed 102. 19 Evils threatening ruine to our  
 Church 155. 20 190. 27

Chymistry 78. 1

Cleanliness recommended 13. 13

Clothes worn by Man cruelly 112. 25 see Rules.

CLOUDS III. 20 112. 32

Command, Gods right hand; Permission, his left 110.

13

Commerce and Trade 112. 22

Common-wealths steered by Gods counsels 184. 5

Communion, see Sacrament.

Com-



# A Table.

Complaint.	see Praise.	
Condemn.	Men oft condemn that in others which themselves are guilty of	165. 1
Confession,	a special remedy against grief of heart	119. 17
Confidence	58. 15 The confidence of the godly	167. 1, &c.
Conscience.	Its busie nature	98. 6
	How to quiet it	98. 17
	A remorseful conscience, of how strange a force	125. 3, &c.
Constancy.	A constant good man set forth	63. 17
	Be constant to thy purposes	5. 1
Constantine the Great		186. 27
Contented men	onely happy	60. 13
	Contentment onely maketh rich	4. 25
	It is likened to fire in Flint	60. 9.
	Motives to contentation	87. 19
	Our hopes of so much hereafter should make us content here with a little	131. 1
Continence.	All bound to contain, or marry	1. 13
Conveyance,	see Soul	
Corrections,	Gods pruning-knife	126. 1
Covetousness,	base	6. 7
	dangerous	6. 19
	the root of all evil	69. 1. 14
	as foolish an idolatry as ever Egypt was guilty of	187. 17
	an acting of Judas's part over again	165. 13
Countreys.	Several countreys have several blessings	112
	all, enough to serve their need	112. 21
Creatures,	all strongly and sweetly ruled by Gods will	
	110. 9. --- 20	184. 1
	all shew his infinite power	110. 21
	all praise him, see Praise.	all, useful one way or other
	112. 11. --- 20	113. 5
	all wise, for their own good	111. 9
	None of them to be rested in	154. 6
	They express a feast	113. 17
Credit,	how to be regarded	8. 15
		12. 19
Crocodile	113. 23 worshipped in Egypt	187. 20

## A Table.

Cross, it is the Christians burden, 25. 11. see Affliction.  
 Curiosity in Divinity checked, 127. 17 and about future  
 chances 138. 6 139. 1  
 Customes, see Church.

### D.

**D**ay and Night a checkered twist, 111. 6 Day made  
 for business; Night, for rest, 55. 12 56. 6, 10  
 Work-dayes and Sundaies compared, 67. 1, 15 68. 23  
 see Sunday. The last day best 101. 14

Day of Judgment, see Judgement.

Deaths nature, altered by Christ, 115. 9----18 it was  
 once hideous, 180. 1 now lovely, 180. 13 O death where  
 is thy sting! 164. 1 Death, desired, 99. 25. 100. 22  
 101. 17 138. 3 148. 26 168. 8 180. 13 it robbeth us  
 of all but our God, 170. 25 171. 1 it is advantage to a  
 Christian, 164. 9 180. 16 the gate of heaven, 136. 27  
 148. 30 it openeth our eyes to see clearly, 74. 16 it is a  
 curb to Sin, if well thought of, 57. 5 it destroyeth Sin, 58.  
 24 it equalleth Kings and private persons, 60. 21 No age  
 without something to minde it of death, 90. 13 91. 1  
 Deaths harbingers, 170. 24 Death surpriseth Procrasti-  
 natours, 71. 21 Man onely feareth two Deaths.  
 124. 24

Delight, see Joy

Denial, or delay of prayers breedeth discontent. 71. 26  
 72. 1---25

Deserts, see Merit.

Despairing thoughts, how sad and bitter 149. 1 177.  
 19 178. 1 A charm for Despair, 145. 7 146. 18 Despi-  
 rations cave 135. 28

Dewil, he is not so ugly as Sin

55. 22

Disciples, see Christ

Discontent. Arguments to lay it

87. 19 88. 1

Discourse, see Rules.

Distances

## A Table.

*Distances huge and irreconcilable* 157.13,29  
*Diving for Pearls* 77.18  
*Divinity, in it self easie and plain, 128.1 made difficult*  
*by mens nice curiosity* 127.17  
*Doctrine and Life in Ministers, like colours and light in*  
*glasse* 59.6

*Doing good, see Good.*

*Dolphin* 120.11

*Doomsday longed for 181 how terrible it will be, 182.1*  
*see Judgment.*

*Doublings of Gods favour, 149.1 how removed, 149*  
 19 173.19

*Drunkenness, how abominable, 2.1 a caveat for drunk-*  
*ards, 89.15 Drunkards invited to the best draught that*  
*can be* 174.15

*Dulness of Heart, see Heart.*

## E.

**F** *Ager undertakers and slack Prosecutors, likened to an*  
*exhalation* 163.31

*Earthen vessels, oft curious, though of mean stuff*  
 155.1

*Earthly joyes, see Worldly.*

*East, the Churches, as well as the Sun's rising-place, see*  
*Church.*

*Easter* 33.34

*Easie things, see Hard.*

*Egypt's garden-gods derided, 187.5 she was once the*  
*seat of Plagues; after, of Religion, 185.8. she shaketh off*  
*Christ's yoke, 185.22 and submitteth to Mahomet's 188*  
 11

*Elements, placed according to their worth* 71.6

*Elephant* 113.24

*Eloquence, where best bestowed, 171.7---24 the lan-*  
*guage of the heart, the highest eloquence, 163.1--15 171.5*

## A Table.

<i>Empire and Arts usher in the Gospel</i>	186. 9---22	191
7 <i>see Romane.</i>		
<i>Employment, see Doing good.</i>		
<i>Emulation, see Envy.</i>		
<i>Englands character</i>	4.7	<i>Marks of her ruine</i> 190.27
		191.7
<i>English, careless in breeding their children</i>		4.13
<i>English, a Language copious and eloquent enough</i>		162.9
<i>Envy, a worm; Emulation, a spur</i>		9.25
<i>Evil speaker, see Speaker.</i>		
<i>Evils future, forestall not</i>		139.1,&c
<i>Expenses, see Rules.</i>		
<i>Eyes. A good Receipt for them</i>		88.25

## F.

<b>F</b> <i>aith's rare nature and efficacy</i>	41. 19, &c.	<i>It</i>
<i>equalleth different conditions</i>	42. 15	<i>see Reason.</i>
<i>Fame. The fame of the dead, in the power of the living</i>	60.25	<i>see Credit.</i>
<i>Fast, which best</i>	80.1	<i>see Abstinence and Lent.</i>
<i>Fathers. Children are nearer to them than any friends</i>	10.13	<i>yet they are oft more careful of any thing than of their children</i>
		4.14
<i>Feast. That is the best where the poor are guests</i>	80.4	
<i>None like that at the Lords Table</i>		174,&c
<i>Fire, used by no creature but man</i>		112.26
<i>Flatterers, parcel-devils</i>		9.23
<i>Flies</i>		111.2
<i>Flowers, an emblem of our life here</i>	87. 1-----18	
<i>What thanks thy return for rain</i>	113.1	<i>A Christi-</i>
<i>ans joys and griefs, compared to the springing and wither-</i>		
<i>ing of flowers</i>	160, 161	<i>A christian, a flower for Para-</i>
<i>dise</i>		161.16
<i>Folly, to forecast and forestall future evils</i>	139.1,&c.	<i>Food</i>

## A Table.

2 191	Food provided for all	110.29
	Fortitude, presented with the Hare's ears	62.3
	Fortune is the Goddess of fools	76.1
	Fountains, see Springs	
90.27	Foxes brain, given to Justice	62.7
191.7	Friends. Loss of Friends, a great loss 39. 7. Some	
4.13	Friends like Elias 163. 19 We use God worse than	
enough	our Friends 86. 2, &c. 103.-----21 yea, than our	
162.9	Foes 86. 25 yet none so much our friend as he 86. 21	
9.25		110. 7
	Friendship must give place to Piety 27. 25. see Rules.	
0.1, &c	Frogs	113. 19
	Frosts	112. 16 160. 4
88.25	Fruits 112. 16 cold fruits have warm kernels	113
		14
	Furres	112. 12, 18

## G.

c. In	Gain which best	106.26
reason.	Gaming, see Rules.	
the li-	Gardens of Gods in Egypt.	187.5
	Gazing at Church, unlawful	15.1
Friends	H. Ghost, see Church.	
an of	Glass 112. 17 see Doctrine.	
4.14	Glory shall be according to the measure of Grace 49.	
80. 4	1---12 Worldly Glory, not worth a Christians regard	
14, &c		103. 13
12.26	Gluttony, see Intemperance. Gluttons, bid to the	
9.23	best of banquets	174.9
111.2	GOD. His Altar a broken heart	18.1
---18	His anger intolerable 161. 4 When he hides his face, O	
Christi-	how are we troubled !	177.19 178.1
itber-	His Blessing speedeth mans actions 152.1 the want of	
Para-	it cloggeth them	152.7
1.16	His Bounty to Man 74. 1 84. 29 His two ca-	
1, &c.		binets
Food		

## A Table.

*binets* 74. 7 why, having heaped other blessings on Man  
43. 21 he kept rest only from him, 154. 3 God our Land-  
lord 31. 21 121. 24 he liketh no present from us so well as  
the Heart 121. 27 122. 4, 22 he accepteth the will for the  
Deed 163. 1. - 15

*His care of our Souls* 37. 19 41. 19 78. 9 89.  
23 100. 7 122. 123 his two lines to draw us to  
himself, 90. 1 how he striveth with Man, 93. 7  
99. 13 133. 17 his care of his people, and their con-  
fidence in him, 167. 1, &c. he careth most for us  
when he seemeth least to do so, 145. 7 how cross  
and strange his dealings are sometimes with his  
Children 158. 20 159. 1, &c 161. 1 and how va-  
rious, 160. 1, &c. 161. 1, &c. 165. 25 166. 5, 13  
how he tempereth our Grievs with joyes, and why 153. 7  
161. 15 he is our God even to death, and after, 170.

29

*His Corrections, tokens of his Love,* 126. 2 his love  
worketh more on our Hearts then his Rod, 173. 5,  
&c.

*His due in Time and time, to be given him,* 14.  
1

*His Gifts far exceed our deserts and returns,* 132. 9  
141. 1 177. 9 they encourage still to crave more 116. 1 -  
15

*His glory must not be given to any other,* 70. 11 it should  
be our end in every thing, 178. 21 His goodness to Angels  
and Men 85. 10

*His Grace restraineth our impetuous lusts,* 147.  
1 - 36 we stand in continual need of it, 120. 17  
137. 3, &c. we can do nothing well without it, 137. 1  
149. 29 God is wont to adde his help to Mans endeavours.

79. 24

*His grief for our sins,* 128. 17 calleth upon us to grieve  
129. 1

*His House, to be longed for,* 14. 9 basted unto 14.  
4, 25

## A Table.

4. 25<sup>th</sup> entred with reverence, 14. 19 17. 1, &c. how we ought to behave our selves there, 14, &c. much benefit by coming thither 15. 16-24

His immensity, 47. 6 he dwelleth not in Temples made with hands, 99. 1, 24 he is invited to dwell in Man, 83. 13 85. 1 desire of Gods presence maketh this life irksome, 115. 19 he conversed of old familiarly with the Patriarchs 91. 19 now he taketh up his mansion in the heart 92. 1 see Heart.

His Justice. see Justice.

His Kingdome. A Prayer for the advancement of Gods, and the overthrow of sins Kingdome. 192.

His Love unmeasurable, 96. 7 110. 9 126. 16 140. 5, 13, 21 it is shewen to us Day and Night 56. 9 yea, every minute, 56. 14 it is our sweetest repose, 56. 16 the ground of our assurance, 149. 19 &c. 150. 1 the sole cause of our happiness, 183. 6, &c. it keepeth us from falling from God, 93. 1 12. 149. 20 150. 1 God cannot wholly forsake his People, 177. 21 the first glance of Gods favour on the soul, how permanent and powerful, 166. 5 God commended his Love to us by giving his Son to die for us 176. 10

His Omniscience, 179. 19 184. 2 see Sinner. We should still admire and adore Gods eternal counsels, 185. 18 186. 33 188. 17 189. 35 191. 32 according to which all things come to passe, 184. 1--- 10

His Pity, transcendent, 142. 25 Arguments to excite it, 137. 15 142. 13, &c. 173. 5 what a quick access Prayer hath to God, 95. 19 he is more ready to hear when we to ask, 54. 11 why he turneth sometimes a deaf ear to our Prayers 126. 11 127. 1

His power, infinite, 96. 1 126. 14 what can resist his will, 157. 5 or separate from his love, 157. 5

He



## A Table.

*He is to be praised by all, by man especially* 45. 1  
85.7,&c. *His mercy to his, above all praise* 140. 1, &c.  
*see Praise.*

*His promises bind him* 133.16 139.30 *and plead for us* 144.20

*His Providence how praise-worthy* 109.9  
110----113 *its two hands* 110.13 *it ruleth all* 109  
10 110.9 *see Creatures.* *God is infinite in all and*  
*each of his works* 110. 21 *He stilleth tempests* 110  
25 *maketh sand check the Sea* 110. 27 *feedeth*  
*his creatures* 110. 29 111. 1 *ordereth time* 111. 5  
*curiously and variously divideth his gifts* 112. 10,&c.  
113. 5,&c. *provideth better for us than we should*  
*for our selves* 87. 19 88. 5 *continually taketh*  
*care for all things* 152. 13 *especially for his Church*

*His Purity*

*His Robes, laid aside for our Rags*

*His Ways, and Mans* 88.13 165.25 *He oft employeth*  
*mean instruments about high matters*

*his will should be ours* 87.19 97.6 159.30 *it is*  
*the rule of his actions*

*His Word, the rule of all religious worship*

*it should be our rule in every thing*

*Gold, as ridiculous a god as Garlick* 187.17 *Gold*  
*and Grace agree not*

*Good, doing good, both comfortable* 12. 1 *and pro-*  
*fitable* 49. 1, &c. 70. 26 *A good man described*

*Gospel how ushered in, see Arts.* *It prevaileth*  
*over Arts* 185. 20 *and Arms* 185. 32 *see Christian*  
*Religion.* *It hath its set periods in every countrey*  
185.25 191.2,15 *its admirable rise, growth, fruits*

*Grace more glorious than the stars* 170.16 *It support-*

*eth*



## A Table.

eth the world 76. 15 It is but small in us in comparison of corruption 30.1,&c. it hath its ebbs and flows 46. 23 47. 1 48. 1 120. 21 As Grace aboundeth so should duty 53. 7 see Glory. Gods grace, see God.

Gratitude, see Thankful.

Grave, see Bed.

Great men not to be envied 9.25 how to be dealt with

9.19

Grecian Oracles

187.26

Grief, Sins foil 170. 21 It is of a subtil and searching nature 118. 19 119. 1 wasteth the body 41. 7 129. 25 153. 11 A remedy against it 119.7 Griefs future, not to be forestalled 139.1,&c. Grief, good, if right taken 124. 25 Grief for Affliction, see Affliction. The greatness of Grief, emphatically set out 158.1 It is proportioned by Gods distance from us 157.17 Grief and joy enterchangeably succeed each other 160.1,&c. 161, 1,&c. see Sighs and Sorrow.

Groans, Gods musick 99.17 see Sighs.

## H.

**H**Air. A brush for powdered hair

89. 11

Hard heart, see Heart. Hard things, glorious, ease, cheap and common

112.13

Hare's ears given to fortitude

62.3

Harvest which best

101.12

Hawk

112.20

Hear. God heareth not those who hear not their own prayers 126.24 nor his precepts

127. 6

Heart, how intricate and winding 118. 20 its furniture 30. 1 31. 11 32. 11 it is only in Gods power 18. 5 37. 4 The method of his care about it 122, 123 How earnestly God wooeth it 54. 11

86.

## A Table.

86. 18, 22 he esteemeth it more than any gift else,  
 121. 27 122. 4, 22 163. 1, 15 it is all he requi-  
 reth of us, 77. 26 86. 18 107. 25 a good heart is  
 Gods house, 130. 5 and His Temple, 92. 1 more dear  
 to him than that of Solomon, 99. 1, &c how faulty  
 our hearts are, and unworthy of Gods acceptance, 141. 3  
 how to make them good, 141. 19 the heart best when one  
 and single, 141. 4 but it is oft divided and parcelled out  
 141. 16

The hearts deed of gift, 96. 24 138. 12 141. 24  
 Christ hath purchased it, 97. 21 it is never at rest  
 till it come to God, 99. 25 100. 101, 104. 15. 115.  
 19 142. 13 154. 12 156, 157 a broken heart  
 described, 82. 11 how earnestly it longeth for Gods  
 mercy 143. 13, &c. 144. 25 its best cordial, 105. 9  
 a purge for the heart, 31. 13 141. 19 a dull heart  
 how quickened 123. 4, &c. a grateful heart, ear-  
 nestly to be begged, 116. 2, 25 Hardness of the heart,  
 18. 5 30. 13 32, 9, &c. 37. 15 52. 25 how remo-  
 ved, 122. 25, 32 a sad heart, how made glad, 126.  
 10, &c.

Heavenly joyes, how best expressed 95. 1 --- 18

Heavens light and glory, 65. 13 66. 6, 15 the joyes  
 there only, pure and true, 162. 4 166. 24 Heavens  
 happiness described, 182. 16 183. 1 We have here  
 sometimes a glimpse of heaven, and but a glimpse  
 148. 1, &c. 166. 21 our conversation and cogitati-  
 ons should be there, 101, 23 the way thither 135 25  
 it is the gift of Gods most free and undeserved love  
 183. 6

Mr. Herbert giveth some account of himself and  
 his life, 38. 7, &c. 158. 21 163. 16 166. 5 169. 21  
 how fearfully he entered into H. Orders, 154. 16 155.  
 19 his Pomander 169. 16 170. 1 His Posie or Motto  
 177. 9

Herbs, full of virtue, 111. 21 how they cure us,  
 85. 5, 26

## A Table.

85. 5, 26	herbs in brooks, hot and dry, 113. 13	each herb sheweth a deity	156.9
	Hills, healthy		112.11
	Home. Our home above ; 99. 25	100. 22 101. 7, 32	
	Honest man, who		63.17
	Honour, what, 62. 25	how best employed, 27. 21	87.
25	how maintained, 81. 11	due to base persons, when in place, 10. 1	see Preferment.
	Hope of future happiness, a main ground of conten- tation here, 131. 1	a Christians hope grounded on nothing in himself, 149. 21	but on Gods unchangeable love,
	149. 25	Hopes requital of watching, prayer, repentance	114. 5
	Horse		112. 19
	Humble. Be humble in thy behaviour, but high in thy projects		22.7
	Humility, 58. 12	61. 25 62. 17	it is ever welcome,
144. 3	155. 27	not apt to take offence, 78. 21	a step to honour
			89.9

## J. & I.

J. C.	Unr'dled	109. 1--8
	Idleness, to be fled, 3. 25	12. 13 49. 13
		70. 26 71. 1

Idle persons neither consider their sins, 105. 19	nor their Saviour	106.7
Idolatry of Egypt, strange and monstrous		187.5
Man prone to idolatry		74.3
Jealousie, when good		9.28
Fests must be cleanly, 3.7	9. 1 not profane, 9.2	15.25
JESU, how precious a Name		105.9
Jewish Religion, its rise, establishment, ruins, 184. 19, 26		
Jewes, see Christians. Their ingratitude to Christ,		
19.5	eager spite against him, 20. 5	21. 25 22.
1, &c. 24. 29	cause of their rejection, and present	

## A Table.

present blindness 146. 23 Their fall was our rise  
 149. 19 Their restitution should be our hearts desire  
 146. 25 Their design in crucifying Christ, crossed  
 184. 23

Incarnation 145. 15 see Trinity

Indian Nut, how useful 113. 10

Infants clouds, little winding sheets 90. 14

Ingratitude. Ours to God, how great 74. 1--30

Intemperance. Its effects 79. 10

Joy's coat, given to anguish 153. 16 All crea-  
 tures have their joy, single; onely Man, his, double  
 123. 27, &c. 142. 1, &c. Great Joys, and little,  
 weighed 131. 19 see Pleasure. Our joys should be  
 modest and moderate 131. 1 172. 1 Whether joy  
 or grief be wholsomer for us 89. 23 90. 1 Earth-  
 ly joys, unfit for the soul 104. 1-----18 bitter and  
 biting in the close 172. 17-----28 spiritual joy  
 drown them 174. 30 Joys above onely, pure and  
 perfect 161. 22 161. 4

Judas's treason 19. 13 20. 13

Judgment. Last Judgment, when and where 190.  
 20 191. 21, 31 how dreadfull 182. 1

Justice, once dreadful to the Sinner 135. 1 now lovely  
 135. 13 see FOX.

Justification, illustrated by a similitude 42. 21

### K.

**K** Inde. Be kinde and useful 12. 1

Kings. God help poor Kings 57. 20

### L.

**L**anguage. Fine language ill becometh foul matter  
 171. 9-----5

Laughter, see Rules.

Lawes. Their use and benefit

769  
Learning

## A Table.

rise desire crossed 84.23	Learning stoopeth to Christ's Cross 185.20 its branches 81.1
13.10	Lent-fast, to be observed 78.15
90.14	Less than the least of all Gods mercies, Mr. Herbert's
1-30	Posse 177.9
79.10	Lies, see Lying.
crea- double little, ould be ber joy Earth-	Life, twofold 77.2 Our life likened to a Posse of flowers 87.1 it is a mixture of sweet and sour 160, 161, 165.25 tedious to the godly 115.
er and al joy re and 161.4	1, 19 rather a death than a life 179.20 Gods due 138.16 not to be loitered away, but spent in business 71.1 No life without Christ 106.12 No age of our life, without Memento's of Death 90.13, &c. 91.1, &c. A good life rather to be desired than a long 87.17
20.13	Light, how necessary 52.13 Light, joy, and leisure, for ever in Heaven 182, 16 183.1
re 190.	Time, of how strange a nature 148.13
182.1	Limons 113.15
w lovely	Lion. The Lion's paw, given to Mansuetude 62.1
42.21	Little things, not to be despised 12.19, 25
	Longing. The longing of a broken heart, described 142. 13, &c. 156, 157
	Loss of friends, see Friends. Loss of love or honour, though small, not to be slighted 12.19 What loss the great- est 106.25
12.1	Love and Sin, two the vastest things 29.5---10
57.20	Love, how powerful 173.22 it is the best Rhetorick. 95.1---18 sharpneth wit, and quickneth industry 108.
l matter .9---5	5.17 prevaileth over God and Man 174.1 Love of the creature 45.17 of the Creator 46.7 Worldly love, how vain and foolish 104.1 To love God, who is fit? 108.26 He is to be loved above all 81.1, &c. 140. 2 even when he afflicteth 40.11 Love of the meanest, to be acc pted 12.25 see Charity.

## A Table.

Love-verses, fond and foolish	171.9---21
Lust, how filthy, 1. 7 its remedie	1.13
Lying to be avoided, 3. 19 who most subject to it	3. 21
it doubleth the fault it would cloak	3.24

## M.

<b>M</b> agistrates should be severe	4.1
Magnanimity and Humility do well together	12.7

Mahomet's imposture, 188. 11 how far it prevaileth	188.9
--	-------

Man, a little World, 83. 17 the great wor'd is his  
 Servant, 84. 1---30. 85. 5 the Symmetrie and Sym-  
 pathie between his parts, 85. 25 and between them  
 and other Creatures, 83. 27---30 84. 5, &c. his  
 nature, a medley of Angelical and sensitive, 124. 4  
 Man, how rare a Creature at first, 94. 19 how happy  
 before his fall, 44. 17 89. 23 how miserable and  
 helpleſs ſince, 94. 25 100. 8 ſhort-lived, and full  
 of ſorrow, 46. 15 ſubject to changes, 38. 7, &c. 47.  
 1 120. 21 130. 17 mortal, 56. 18 57. 5 perverſe,  
 1. 19 Rebellious 37. 1 92. 12, &c. fooliſh and  
 ſtrangeſly wicked and wilfull, 92. 12 94. 1 vile  
 and filthy, 93. 13---28 averſe from goodneſs, 93  
 27 impatient of reproof and correction, 93. 3 ha-  
 ving his reaſon hood-winked by Luſts, 94. 13 giddy  
 and unconstant, 119. 19 120. 1 groſſly dotting  
 in what moſt concerneth him, 162. 1 165. 7 170. 23  
 ungrateful to God, 74. 1---30. 86. 5, &c. 100. 14  
 an ill Steward of Gods goods, 75. 8 a buſie ſearch-  
 er after every thing but God, 77. 11, &c. 78. 1---14  
 a Beaſt, 73. 7 83. 21 a Tree 83. 20 195. 19  
kken

## A Table.

likened to a flower, 87. 1 160. 161 what is man  
 that God should so love and wooe him, 54. 11 97.

Mans fall, and rise, 34. 89, 23 his standing, more  
 firm now than in Paradise 89. 18 being weak and  
 poor of himself, all his sufficiency is of God, 53. 5 he  
 hath no ability to the least good without God, 137. 1  
 he hath his being and all from him, 137. 16---24  
 he is more Gods then his own, 151. 2 and the more  
 his own by being Gods, 151. 4 man loveth God, be-  
 cause God loveth man first, 34. 11, 30 Man, when  
 void of grace, how silly, 187. 9 188. 12 apt to fall off  
 from God, 93. 7 man is sooner wrought upon by love  
 then force 173. 5

Mans services of God, how full of failings, 88.  
 20 93. 15 man onely among the Creatures below,  
 able to take notice of the Creatour, 94. 7 109. 13  
 he is the Secretarie of Gods praise, 109. 13 the  
 Worlds high Priest 109. 21 how he is wont to re-  
 quite Gods love, 55. 19 86. 5-----25 he is unwor-  
 thy to praise Gods name, 92. 11, &c. Men and An-  
 gels can never praise God enough, 85. 25 113. 25  
 140. 9, 17, 25

Mans attempts thrive only when God blesseth them,  
 152. 1 God oft crosseth his designs, even when good,  
 158. 20 159. 1, &c. 160. 24 161. 1 Mans extremi-  
 ty maketh much for Gods glory, 145. 8 mansartil-  
 lery against Heaven, 133. 9 142. 15 143. 19 156.

5  
 Man onely without Rule, 5. 20 man onely useth  
 cloathes, and fire, 112. 25 feareth two deaths,  
 124. 24 hath double joyes and griefs, 123. 29 124.  
 19 hath pleasure both in this life and the next.  
 27 124. 1, &c.

Mansue-



## A Table.

<i>Mansuetude, see Lion.</i>	
<i>Marble, where most plentiful</i>	112.12
<i>Mary, see Anagram, and Virgin</i>	
<i>Mary Magdalen, by washing Christ, washed her self</i>	168.1---18
<i>Master. My Master, the Authors usual title for Christ</i>	169.21
<i>Mean. The meanest services done for Gods sake cease to be mean</i>	179.6
<i>Means of grace, how various</i>	37. 19
<i>Mediatour, Christ our Mediatour to his Father</i>	146.7
<i>Meditation of death</i>	56.17
<i>Mert (though some brag of it 182.8) none in us</i>	107.1
<i>all in Christ</i>	107.13.29 182.13
<i>Metalls, why hid</i>	111.29
<i>Milk</i>	113.17
<i>Mine and Thine, how they stand between Christ and a Christian</i>	151.1
<i>Minerals</i>	113.20
<i>Ministry, a venerable and holy calling</i>	154.16 155.13
<i>see Preachers and Priests</i>	
<i>Mirth becometh not a sinner</i>	129.7 <i>see Joy</i>
<i>Mocking sacred persons or things, exceeding dangerous</i>	15.25 16.1
<i>Money, its rise and original</i>	69.1
<i>Monuments, mortal, as well as men</i>	57.3 <i>see Tombs</i>
<i>Mothers kindness, whence</i>	142.26
<i>Motions. Good motions, to be cherished</i>	127.6 132.24
<i>Musick. Church-musick, how ravishing</i>	57.13

## N.

<b>N</b> avigation	112.51
<i>Night, made for man to rest in</i>	56.2 84.13 <i>see Day</i>
	Noah's



# A Table.

Noah's vine

121. 17 184. 15

## O.

<b>O</b> aths, of all sins may best be spared	3. 2
Obedience 130. 13 The right rule of it	173. 9
	16
Oeconomy. The œconomy of a good soul	130. 5
Old age	91. 7
One, sometimes equivalent to a number	141. 9
Oracles, the devils cheats 187. 26 silenced	188. 8
Order, how beautiful	130. 10
Holy Orders, not rashly to be entred into	154. 16
Oreng tree	71. 16

## P.

<b>P</b> aradise, not so stable a mansion as the Ark, 89.	
18 how forfeited	161. 19 185. 37
Paradoxes	88. 14---23. 101. 12
Parrats	83. 23
Passions wold, 136. 7 Passions should follow, not	
lead 8. 11 They are loth to be curbed by reason,	
81. 27 Though fierce and wild, 174. 1. they are bri-	
lled by Divine grace, 147. 33 when so corrected,	
they are very serviceable	9. 29
Patience an Embleme of it	58. 9
Peace, where to be found 117. 23 118. 1---18 where	
not	117. 7 11. 17
Peacocks plume, quarelled for	62. 9
Pearls, dearly earned 77. 18 and dearly worne,	
	77. 22
Pentecost how glorious	51. 11
Perfections, all in Christ	108. 13
Perfume, what sweetest, 169. 16 175. 25 176. 1	
	Permission

## A Table.

Permission, see Command.	
Persecution not so hurtful to the Church as Schisme	134
	13, &c.
Perseverance, caused by Gods love	93.7
Phantasies meadow	136.1
Philosophy. Two things too great for a Philosopher to measure	29.5---10
Pigeons	111.10
Pity in the creature floweth from God	142.25
Pleasure, not so good for us as affliction, see Mirth. Pleasures immoderately followed, dangerous,	89.23.
174.5 Arguments perswading to moderation in the use of them, 172. 1, &c. The waies of pleasure, 81.21	
Earthly pleasures wearisome, 72.26 and bitterness in the end, 104. 5 Pleasure weakeneth the world,	
76.6 Pleasure here, but short; pain long, 148.1	
Pleasures here, vain and empty; sorrows, real and solid, 161. 22----33 172. 5 Pleasure, Mahomet's main argument, 188. 11 Man's pleasure, where chiefly, 123. 30 124. 13 131. 2 132. 15 148.	
	23 166.21
Poetry, what best, 44.13 163.1, &c. its efficacy, 123. see Verses.	
Poysons commonly have their antidotes at hand.	112.3
Pomander	171.1 176.7
Poor soonest receive the Gospel	191.3
Pope. His policy, power, pride, 188. 25 189. 1, &c.	
Poudred hair, see Hair.	
Practice. In our practice we oft go cross to our judgment	62 25 63.
Praise, due to God from Men and Angels, 85.7 &c. All creatures praise him, 109. 17---28 110. 113.29 114.1 but man is bound to do it above all	

## A Table.

all, and for all 109. 9, &c. 110 1—9 *Man is unworthy to do it* 92. 11 93. 13 *Gods praise can neither rise nor fall* 110. 22 *He can never be praised enough* 85. 25 113. 15 140. 9, 17, 25 *Praise should be lively and chearfull* 108. 1 and continual 117. 1 123. 24 151 21 153. 1 *Praise and Complaint may stand together.* 166. 1

*Prayer, better than Preaching* 14. 25 *best, when most publick* 14. 13 *its excellency* 96. 14 *an exquisite encomium of it* 43. 1 *it is the best key for the evening* 89. 5 *Motives to prayer, from Gods readiness to hear* 95. 19 *and his power and will to help* 96. 1, 7 *Prayer and tears, mans artillery against heaven* 133. 9 *what hindereth prayer* 57. 25 126. 11 127. 1 *Denial of prayer, how troublesome* 71. 26 72. 1—25 *A Prayer against sins triumphs.* 192. 1

*Preachers, likened to Church-windows* 59. 1 *Doctrine and life should combine in them* 59. 6 *what ever, they should not be despised* 15. 13 *nor jested at.* 15. 25

*Preferment maketh some worse.* 88. 5

*Present time only ours.* 138. 26

*Presumption.* 135. 30

*Pride, an absurd sin for dust and ashes.* 89. 11

*Priesthood, how sacred and venerable* 154. 16 155. 13

*Who is sufficient for such a function* 154. 22

*Priests how to be dressed.* 155. 15

*Procrastinatours, see Death.* 168. 19

*Prognosticks of Englands woe* 155. 20 190. 27 *of the Gospels removal to America* 190. 25 *of Christs second coming* 190. 20 191. 21. 31

*Providence reacheth upward and downward* 156. 9—15

*even to the smallest things* 184. 3 *most of*

## A Table:

*all, to the Church* 184. 9 *Gods continual providence about other things, hindereth not his bearing of prayers* 152. 13. *see God.*

*Purging medicines.*

172. 18

*Purposes should be pursued* 5. 1 *What such are like to be hot in undertaking, but cold in prosecuting their purposes.*

163. 28

Q.

**Q** *Varrels, to be avoided.*

8. 13

R.

**R** *Ain.*

113. 1

*Rain-bow.*

117. 11 145. 20

*Reason in divine matters should give place to Faith*

127. 21 128. 9, &c.

*Redemption, a more difficult work than Creation* 25. 18 *described.*

31 21

*Reformed Church, not comparable to the primitive*

190. 14

*Religions rise and progress* 184. 13 *Jewish* 184. 19 *Christian* 184. 25 *see Christian.* *Religion left the East by degrees* 185. 2 *her removal thence to America foretold* 190. 25 191. 1—20 *she best agreeth with poverty* 191 3 *she is best at first, and decayeth continually.*

190. 14—24

*Renovation of the heart.*

122. 3, 10 123. 20

*Repentance* 40. 13 *Repent in time.*

104. 7

*Respect of persons, None with God.*

142. 13

*Rest, why withheld from man in this world.*

154. 31

*Resurrection, certain* 42. 29 *the glory thereof maketh grim death welcome* 180. 1, &c. *Christs Resurrection, a Christians Cordial.*

104. 19

*Reverence*

## A Table.

*Reverence, to be used in Gods house.* 14. 19

*Rhetorick. None like Love for spiritual matters*  
95. 1--18

*Riches, one of the worlds snares, 103. 9 what esteem  
we should have of them 62. 25 they are onely good  
when used 6. 10 but if we do not take good heed, dan-  
gerous 6. 19 see Wealth. How to make thy son rich.*

4. 19, &c.

*Roman Empire seated in Greece 186. 7 translated  
to Germany.*

186. 13

*Romes ambition after Empire 185. 33 she stoopeth  
to Christ 185. 32 Romes Rock 188. 21 her Saints,  
Infallibility, Indulgences, whence 189. 3 with  
what ease she now subdueth all Nations 189. 9—30  
how she deserveth and maketh good her name  
BABYLON 189. 7 new and old Rome, both one  
Antichrist.*

189. 31

*Romish Church, see Church*

*Rose 80. 11 111. 26 an embleme of earthly de-  
lights 172. the Church likened to a Rose*

134. 1

*Rule observed by all but Man.*

5. 20

*Rules for alms-giving 13. 19—30 apparel 7.  
13 arguing 11. 13 behaviour at table 5. 13  
calling our selves to account 6. 1 16. 7 55. 19  
126. 18 carriage toward great persons 9. 19 con-  
tentation 60. 1 61. 5 conversation 8. 1, &c. dis-  
course 10. 25, &c. drinking 2. , &c. education of  
Children 4. 17 friendship 10. 7 86. 2, &c. gaming  
7. 19 getting and spending 6, 7, &c. relating jests  
and tales 3. 7 keeping the Lords day 14. 15, 16  
laughter and mirth 8. 25 9. 1 spending of time 3. 25  
4. 1 16. 7, &c. suretiship 10. 13—21 travellers.*

13. 1—12

# A Table.

S.

**S**abbath gave way to the Lords day 68. 8 see Sunday.

Sacramental mysteries, easie to faith. 128.9

Sacraments flowed from Christ's side 26. 27 122.5  
the Sacrament an especial antidote against sin 174.  
24 175. 25 to administer the Sacrament, how high  
and holy an Office 155. 13 see Supper.

Saints, their happiness and glory 69. 17 why we  
may not afford them adoration. 701.11

Scandals in the Church, whence 78.15--26

Schismes in the Church, how lamentable 134.1

Scholar, his task 4.2

Scorn no mans love 12.25

Scriptures, their excellence and use 50.1, &c. consent  
and harmony 50. 15. Necessary and saving truths there-  
in plain and easie. 128.1

Sea bounded with sand 110.27 it affordeth a quick-  
er passage than Land 112.5

Sick. The souls seeking of God 156.157

Self examination, needful 6.1. 126.11

Services, see Sweet

Shade 112.13

Sheep 111.17

Shepherd. The soul is a Shepherd 73.13

Sickness described. 39. 1.

Sighs and groans 75. 1—30 82.11 how welcome  
to God 99.17 They are musick to him 99.24 116.  
19 how necessary they are and advantageous to  
man 106.1—6 146.17 they waft the godly to  
bliss 65. 4. Sighs and tears are the souls artillery  
133.9 142.15 156.17 160.25 and storm hea-  
ven-gate 125.1 one good sigh better than all worldly  
joys. 101.1

Sinners

## A Table.

Sinners think not of Gods omniscience 92.23 are  
not to be soothed 9.23 are the greatest losers 106.25  
oft condemn themselves by condemning others 165.  
1—24 their task 105.19 106.1 Mirth becom-  
eth them not 129.7 the penitent sinners inventory

30.1

Sins foil, what 170.2 it still pursueth the Church,  
as Darknes the Sun 191.14,20,26 it chideth and  
driveth away Religion 187.3 its various po-  
stures and plots to that end 187—191 At Rome it  
weareth the habit of Religion 188.25 190.1 what  
sins shall chase the Gospel hence 190.27 sins overthrow  
prayed for.

192.5

Sin is not to be jested with 3.7 9.1 nor boasted of  
2.25 nor committed to please others 2.13—22 how  
prevalent it is 38.5 how and where an estimate may  
be taken of it 29.11 it far exceedeth grace in the  
best 30.1 is greater than the world 25.18 29.  
5—10 weakneth, undermineth, ruineth the world  
76.6,11,16 causeth sorrow 41.1 55.26 hardeneth  
the heart 52.25 122.11,30 maketh prayer suc-  
cessless 57.25 staineth all where it cometh 58.21  
168.7,14 is fouler than the Devil 55.2 grieveth  
God 128.17 129.10 Christ's sorrow for it, uncon-  
ceivable 25.21 29.13 it deserveth our tears  
105.19—26 129.1, &c. and sighs 106.1 a sove-  
rain antidote for it 31.13 how it is cleansed 58.  
23—26 122.5—13 123.6 how happy man was  
before sin.

44.17

Sin, how ruled by divine providence 110.13,  
16 its circular motion 14 14—29 its three  
stories 114. 26 cheapest sins dearest punished

3.13

Sleep, a kin to Death 90.19 the Elephants posture  
when he sleepeth 113.24 some creatures sleep out



# A Table.

<i>the Winter.</i>	PII. 4
<i>Slight not the smallest loss.</i>	12. 19
<i>Sneaking, unmanly.</i>	5. 7
<i>Salomons Temple, though glorious, 99. 1. not so dear to God as a broken heart.</i>	99. 7. 24
<i>Son and Sun agree in sound and sense.</i>	162. 11
<i>Son of Man, our Saviors title.</i>	162. 17.
<i>Sorrow mindeth us of sin, 174. 21</i>	<i>Worldly sorrow,</i>
<i>to be turned into Godly sorrow, 164. 14</i>	<i>sorrow for Sin</i>
<i>causeth joy, 41. 13 125. 18</i>	<i>Sorrow suiteth not with</i>
<i>Christs resurrection, 104. 19</i>	<i>our sorrows here true;</i>
<i>our pleasures false.</i>	161. 22--33. 172. 5.
<i>Soul, subject to great variety of temper, 46. 23 47. 25 120. 21</i>	<i>and it is good for her to be so, 47. 17</i>
<i>she is too high-born to love the world, 104. 1--18</i>	<i>she is</i>
<i>clogged and dulled by the flesh, 101. 18 108. 21</i>	<i>how</i>
<i>earnestly she longeth for mercy, 142. 13, &amp;c. 156. 157</i>	<i>and for Gods presence, 99. 25. 100. 101</i>
<i>Gods favour, the life and light of the Soul, 177. 19 178. 1</i>	<i>A Godly Soul, like a well-ordered family, 130. 5</i>
<i>Her employment.</i>	105. 19
<i>Sowre natures, how allayed.</i>	8. 7
<i>Spade.</i>	112. 20
<i>Speech, proper to man.</i>	83. 22
<i>Speaker. An evil-speaker, most foe to himself.</i>	89. 7
<i>Spices, whence.</i>	184. 13
<i>Spite turneth Honey into Gall.</i>	22. 7
<i>Sponges.</i>	113. 20
<i>Spring.</i>	18 15
<i>Springs.</i>	111. 19 112 30
<i>Stars. 65. 13. 66. 10. 15. 71. 14. 127. 17 132. 19. 145. 19. 156. 13. 175. 22</i>	<i>causes of the alterations</i>
<i>here below, 111. 25. Virtues foil.</i>	170. 16
<i>Stones.</i>	111. 21 113. 8



## A Table.

Storms, of two sorts, 125. 1 their use. 125. 17  
 Strangers, how far to be followed. 13. 7  
 Sun see Son, Sun, thought to make too much haste,  
 73. 19 regular in his course, 5. 22 he hath a double  
 motion, 77. 2 his course, like the Churches. See  
 Church.

Sunday. How it became the Christians Sabbath,  
 68. 1 its end and benefits, 66. 18. 67, 9, 15, &c. 68.  
 3 22 preeminence above other dayes, 61. 17, 67. 1, 15.  
 68. 22 how it is to be observed. 14, 15, 16

Supper. The Lords Supper, how ravishing a food,  
 43. 21. 44. 13 all invited thereto, 174. 9, &c. the  
 delicacy and efficacy thereof, 174. 11. 20. 24. 30. 175.  
 176, see Sacraments. The cup there, a sovereign  
 bath for a hard heart, 122. 30 the Liquor in that  
 Cup, Wine to some, Blood to others, 122. 34 174  
 20

Suretiship, to be avoided by Fathers of Children,  
 10. 13 see Rules.

Swearing, a cheap sin, but dearly punished. 32. 13

Sweet. Gods acceptance of our services, how sweet  
 a content, 169. 26 170. 1 no thing so sweet as Gods  
 love, 166. 5 175. 13 176. 1 My Master, how sweet  
 words to the Author. 199. 16

### T

**T** Able, how to behave ones self there. 5. 13

Tales how to be told. 3 7

Tarantula's biting, how cured. 181. 11

Tears, wished for, 158. 1 their prevalence, 130. 19  
 133. 9 140. 21 fruit, 114. 9 129. 3 right chanel,  
 164. 17 bottle, 152. 19 when worst forborn, 105. 19  
 -26 why Mary Magdalen spent hers on Christ, not on  
 her self, 168. 1 Christs blood supplieth our want of  
 tears. 129. 25 150. 25

Tempests,

## A Table.

*Tempests, tractable to God,* 110.25 *A sort of tempests that assault God himself.* 125.3

*Temple, see Solomon.*

*Temptations of the world answered.* 103.1, &c.

*Thankful. We can never be too thankful for Gods mercies,* 140.1, &c. *we never are enough,* 141.1 *a thankful heart a great blessing.* 116.1

*Thanks should be continual.* 117.1 123.25

*Thine and Mine, curiously twisted.* 151.1

*Thorns,* 113.5 *Earths curse, on Christ's head,* 24.

*Restless thoughts, likened to Thorns.* 123.8, 22

*Thoughts, see Thorns. Sinful thoughts, words, works run round in a Ring.* 114 14--29

*Thrift, Rules for it.* 6.7, &c.

*Time, how ordered by God,* 111.5 *not to be spent idly and vainly by us,* 3.25 *Time present only ours,* 138.26. *Time's Office, changed by Christ's coming,* 115.9--18 *his fithe seemeth dull to some, sharp to others,* 115.1 *all Nations have their set time for the Gospel,* 135. 25 191. 2, 15 *Later times still worse.* 190.12

*Tithe, see Gods due. Nothing lost by paying tithes.* 89.13

*Tombs, see Monuments. What use to be made of the sight of them.* 56.18

*Tongue. An ill tongue hurteth the owner most.* 89.7

*Travellers. A safe conduct for them.* 89.1

*Trees.* 111.18

*Trinity, a deep mystery; Incarnation, a sweet one,* 74.7

*Trinity-Sunday. A Prayer for it.* 59.16

*Truth, ever to be yielded to,* 11.29 *threefold,* 3.19

*Necessary truths be clear and evident.* 128.1

*Turkey. His Coral-chain given to Temperance.* 62.5

V & U.

# A Table.

V. & U.

<b>V</b>	Alleys, fruitful.	
	Valour. Who truly valiant.	9.13
	Vanity and Vexation, all here below,	100.23 101.7
	Vapour, see Exhalation.	
	Verses sute not with excessive sorrow,	158.13 the
	Quiddity of a Verse, 61.9 wherein the goodnes of a	
	Verse consisteth, 163.1, &c. 171.6 Love-verses the	
	abuse of Poetry, 171.7--24 see Poetry.	
	B. Virgin. Her high eminencies.	70.4
	Virtue only immortal, 80.19 more bright than the	
	stars, 170.16 Several Virtues receive several pre-	
	sents from the Beasts 61.21 while the Virtues agree,	
	the Beasts submit, 61. 21 62. 20 when they quarrel,	
	the Beasts leap upon the throne.	62.13
	University-life, described.	39.15
	Vows of love to Christ.	27.17, &c.40. 11
	Urim and Thummim, what,	168.20
	Use, see Abuse.	

## W

<b>W</b>	Atching, Weeping, and Prayer, how reward-	
	ed.	114.5
	Waters, how many wayes useful to man, 84.20 how	
	diversly conveyed by God.	112. 29
	Wealth without contentment, dangerous, 4.27 When	
	distributed to the poor, it is restored to God, 27.19 see	
	Riches.	
	Wells, see Springs.	
	West, see Christian Religion	
	Whey.	113.16
	White, Death's colour.	170.24
	Will, with God, goeth for the work.	163.1--15
	Gods Will, see God.	
	Windows, see Preachers.	

Windes

## A Table.

*Windes serve the Mariner, 112. 7 and the Husbandman.*

*Wine in the Lords Supper, like a Wing, mounteth the soul upward.*

*Winter. Man only feeleth two winters.* 176.22 124.21

*Wishes, 40. 3 53. 1 55. 1 65. 18 68. 25. 71.*

*16 85. 1 90. 11 98. 1 99. 29 108. 25 121. 12*

*138. 1 141. 7 146. 25 153. 3 157. 5, 21 158.*

*1 160. 22*

*Wit, one of the worlds baits, 103. 17 how to be managed and imployed,*

*9, 1, &c, 28. 11 46. 12*

*Beauty raiseth wit.* 46. 1

*Woods, where most plentiful.* 112. 12

*Wooll.* 112. 18

*Word, see Gods word. Words, all too short to reach heavenly joyes.*

*95. 1--18*

*Words*  
*and Works, } see Thoughts.*

*World, Gods book, 144. 1 mans servant, 84. 1--30 whence its original, 76. 1 changes, 76. 6, 11 support, 76. 6, 9, 15 decay, 92. 6 ruine, 76. 16 92. 10 an argument of its growing old, 92 how little of it is Christian, 134. 27 the World the Popes Mule, 189.*

*30*

*The worlds bravery, how to be esteemed of, 62. 25 we are apt to over-value it, 63. 1 it is most full of afflictions, 164. 12 affordeth no rest or contentment to the soul, 100. 22 101. 1 Christians have renounced its vanities, 172. 11 nothing in it worth a Christians liking, 103. 1--24 the love of it foolish and dangerous, 104. 1 who so loveth it, preferreth a murderer before Christ, 165. 1--12 hard to have pleasure in both worlds.*

*131. 13*

*Wordly joys, likened to a Rose, 172 worldly lisses and*

## A Table.

and gains usually affect too much, 106.23 worldly  
sorrow, see Sorrow.

Worm. Schism in the Church, like a Worm in a  
Rose. 134.1

Worship is Gods prerogative 70.16 not allowable,  
unless commanded. 73.11,24

### Y

**Y**ear, which most fruitful.

101.14

Youth, how earnest and sharp.

38.7 50.25

163.18

---

# FINIS.

---



*Ars Mnemonica ,*  
*sive*  
 HERDSONUS  
 BRUXIATUS.

**P**ost interfectum Smerdin ,  
 & abolitum imperium  
 Medorum , ita inter sex  
 Persas ( Otanes enim jus  
 suum reliquis , cum con-  
 ditione tamen , cesserat ) primores ,  
 Magique trucidati authores convenisse *Lib. 3<sup>a</sup>*  
 refert Herodotus , ut Sole exoriente ,  
 equos conscenderent , inq; suburbanis  
 vectarentur : Cujuscunque autem eo-  
 rum equus primus omnium hinniisset ,  
 is in locum Cambysis , summam rerum  
 administraret. Erat Dario , uni ex sex  
 B illis,